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Palestinian security de-

Warheads may be in sunken Iraqi boats'

AMSTERDAM (R) — Chemical weapons and military equipment may be on the seabead and in Iraqi boats sunk in the Gulf during the 1991 war over Kuwait, a Dutch salvage firm said on Saturday. There are a large number of wrecks in the area and they are robably surrounded by chemical weapons and ordnance," Laura Keetstra, spokeswoman for the salvage firm Wijsmuller, told Reuters. "There are probably warheads on board some of the vessels, although we cannot be very sure of this yet." Wijsbmuller, vessioned by the International Maritime Organisation to inspect sunken marine obstacles, carried out preliminary investigations in the area and was given permission by the United Nations to salvage 20 vessels, Ms. Keetstra said. "What we know is that there are some to tug boats, some barges and a number of crude oil tankers down there," Ms. Keetstra said. A Kuwaiti environmental group said earlier that Wijsmuller had found canisters which might contain chemical products in the area where the vessels were sunk. The wrecks lie in Iraqi and international waters.



Hamas arms cache found in Gaza

GAZA CITY (AFP) — A large amount of weapons and explosives belonging to the Islamic Resistance Movement (Hamas) have been found in an apartment used as a bombbuilding factory, Palestinian police said Saturday. The cache was discovered on Sept. 13 after a Palestinian militant was killed while preparing a bomb in his apartment in the Gaza Strip. A woman was also slightly injured. Police discovered a hidden room that contained three belts of explosives ready to use, rocket-propelled grenades, three sacks of TNT, automatic weapons, pistols and thousands of bullets. On April 2, four Hamas militants, including a leader of the group, were killed while working on a bomb in an apartment in the Gaza Strip where they were making explosives. An infant was also killed in the explosion. Hamas has claimed most of the suicide bomb attacks over the last year and half, which have killed dozens of Israelis.

Kabariti, Sabah to

meet again at U.N.

at fault for cool ties with Syria

Foreign minister: Jordan not

AMMAN (R) — Foreign Minister Abdul Karim

Kabariti said Saturday he

would meet his Kuwaiti coun-

terpart in New York soon in

another step to restore ties

harmed by the 1990-91 Gulf

our dialogue and meetings

and there will be one in New

York on the sidelines of the

meetings, Mr. Kabariti told

Mr.Kabariti met Kuwait's

Foreign Minister Sheikh

Sabah Al Ahmad Al Sabah in

Cairo on Wednesday during

an Arab League meeting. It was the first reported high-

level contact since ties were

damaged by Jordan's sym-

pathy for Iraq after its inva-

sion of Kuwait in August

The meeting comes amid

signs Jordan's ties with Saudi

Arabia and Kuwait might im-

prove faster than previously

Arab diplomats said a re-

cent Saudi-Jordanian rap-

prochement, Jordan's deci-

sion to grant sanctuary to

top-level Iraqi defectors and

King Hussein's subsequent

criticism of Iraq, had helped.

Diplomats say Mr. Kabar-iti and Sheikh Sabah had

U.N. General Assembly,

Reuters.

expected.

"We agreed to continue

Number 6028

AMMAN SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1995, RABI' ALTHANI 29, 1416

Price: Jordan 150 Fils

recently telephoned each other several times and estab-

lished good rapport.
But they said a largely anti-

Jordanian popular mood in

Kuwait was complicating the

government's efforts to speed

up reconciliation with Jor-

Gulf states are almost back to

Kuwaiti initiative on Jordan

in the next few weeks be-

cause the Kuwaiti govern-ment believes in resuming

ties with Jordan," one Arab

Kuwait to allow it to reopen

its mission in Kuwait, closed

during the crisis, and to allow

its national carrier to resume

flights to Kuwait after a five-

Amman has been run by a

charge d'affaires since it with-

drew its ambassador five

years ago. The Jordanian embassy in Kuwait remains

Over 300,000 Jordanians,

Mr. Kabariti said Saudi

(Continued on page 7)

many of Palestinian origin.

were forced to leave Kuwait

because of the crisis.

The Kuwaiti embassy in

Jordan has been pressing

normal.

diplomat said.

closed.

Amman's ties with other

"We expect some sort of a

# Lives of 4 million Iraqis are at risk, U.N. report warns

BAGHDAD (AFP) — The lives of almost one in four people in sanctions-hit Iraq are at risk and the health care situation has turned into a "nightmare," a U.N. report released on Saturday said. It also said that between 20 and 29 per cent of children under the age of five, depending on where they live. were malnourished.

Since April, "the humanitarian situation deteriorated further in all sectors, particularly in the areas of nutrition and health," said. the report, distributed at a coordination centre for relief work in Iraq.

"Living conditions remain precarious for at least four million persons," out of a population of 18.5 million, the United Nations said.

"Iraq's health care is a nightmare, public health services are nearing a total breakdown as basic medicines, life-saving drugs and essential medical supplies are lacking throughout the country," it said.
"Health centres have be-

come unhygienic places as most basic antiseptics sup-plies, spare bed sheets and

tage," the report warned. Government food rations cover "only about 60 per cent of the daily energy needs" of people in central and south-

"In the absence of sufficient pledges and on account of bottlenecks at the border crossing, WFP (World Food Programme) food distributions were drastically reduced," it said.

The United Nations, which said in June it received only \$12 million from the \$183 million it needed, has delivered food to between a third and a half of the one million people in need in Kurdishheld northern Iraq.

Food and medicine are exempted from the U.N. embargo in force since Iraq's August 1990 invasion of

But Iraq says it does not have the resources and rejects a U.N. proposal for limited oil sales under international supervision on the grounds it would infringe on national sovereignty.

Referendum invitations Iraq has invited U.S.

Speaker Newt Gingrich and other politicians from around the world to observe a referendum on renewing President Saddam Hussein's man-

Mr. Gingrich is among 300 politicians from all nations except Kuwait and Israel invited to watch the Oct. 15 referendum, Mohammad Muzaffar Al Adhami, vice chairman of parliament's foreign affairs committee, said Saturday.

Mr. Adhami told Baghdad

newspapers: "Among those invited are the speakers of the U.S. Senate and the House of Representatives, as well as speakers of the World Parliamentary Union, the EU, and the Arab and African parliamentary unions."

It was unclear whether he was also referring to Bob Dole, the Senate majority leader, or Vice President Al Gore, who chairs the Senate. Ghanem Aziz Khadduri, deputy speaker of the Iraqi parliament, said the referen-

in Iraqi Kurdistan, which has been controlled by Kurdish (Continued on page 7)

dum could not be organised



His Majesty King Hussein on Saturday holds talks with Prime Minister Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker during a visit he paid to the Prime Ministry on Saturday. The King issued direc-

tives to Sharif Zeid on several domestic and regional issues, the Jordan News Agency,

### **King leaves for France** today en route to U.S.

HM to address Europarliament in Strasbourg, discuss ties and MENA summit in Washington

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — His Majesty King Hussein leaves for France today en route to the United States where he is expected to meet with U.S.. President Bill Clinton, conressional leaders and World Bank officials and attend the expected signing of an ex-panded self-rule agreement between the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and Israel, informed sources

While in France, the King will address the Europe Parliament in Strasbourg, they said.

In the U.S., the King will discuss with President Clin-

ton and congressional leaders Jordanian-American rela-tions, the Middle East peace process and the latest developments in the region.

It will be the first meeting between the King and Mr. Clinton after the Monarch decided to grant asylum to two senior Iraqi defectors in August and the U.S. president threw his weight behind the move by pledging to de-fend the Kingdom against any Iraqi military threat.

Also expected to figure high in the King's talks in Washington are issues related to the Oct. 29-31 Middle East and North Africa MENA economic summit to be held in Amman. The Clinton administration has launched

**Stranded Palestinians head for** 

a strong campaign among U.S. business leaders to attend the summit and look seriously at investment opportunities that have emerged in Jordan and in the region after the Kingdom signed a peace treaty with Israel in October 1994.

The MENA summit and projects to be presented to the government and business leaders attending the conference are also expected to be discussed by the King and World Bank officials. The talks will also cover Jordan's economic performance and World Bank support for the Kingdom's economic restruc-

turing programme under the guidance of the International (Continued on page 7)

### Serbs retake part of lost territory Sarajevo reports discovery

# of mass grave of Muslims

SARAJEVO (Agencies) — Counter-attacks by Bosnian Serb troops may have wrested back some lost territory from Muslim and Croat forces in northwest Bosnia, U.N. peacekeepers said on Saturday.

They confirmed Serb claims to have retained control of the towns of Mrkonjic Grad and Sanski most which straddle important roads in the region around the Serb stronghold of Banja Luka.

The Serbs appear to have halted a joint Muslim-Croat offensive which captured hundreds of square kilometres of western Bosnia this month and forced up to 120,000 Serb civilians to flee

to Banja Luka. U.N. spokesman Chris Vernon said: "Our assessment is that the confrontation line remains stable but we believe the Bosnian Serb Army (BSA) are mounting limited counter attacks at the major population points along the line."

The BSA command claimed that Croat troops were pushed back at Sanski Most and Bosanski Novi on Friday and that Muslim forces were repulsed south-west of Sanski Most.

The Bosnian Serb government said after a meeting in Bania Luka that the front lines had stabilised and that some refugees were returning

to their homes. Radovan Karadzic, "president" of the self-proclaimed Bosnian Serb republic denied that any deal had been done with Muslims and Croats to exchange territory in the

"Therer is word among the people about some maps of territorial divisions," he told Serb media, "All these stories are lies and no maps have been drawn."

northwest

Rumours of a deal, widespread among the refugees, have been blamed for the poor performance of Bosnian Serb troops against the Muslim-Croat offensive.

Soldiers of the BSA's 2nd Krajina Corps, suspecting that their political leaders were trading their land as part of a territorial swap envisaged by a peace settlement, joined their families in the flight to Banja Luka.

In Zagreb, Bosnian Prime Minister Haris Silajdzic said Bosnian forces had found a three-year-old mass grave containing 540 bodies in territory recaptured a week ago from the Bosnian Serbs.

"Serb terrorists killed the Bosnians of the town of Kljuc and buried them in a mass grave — that is genocide," he said in an interview with Reuters. Mr. Silajdzic, speaking on a visit to the Croatian capital Zagreb, said the grave was found on Thursday at Krasulje, a village 10 kilometres from Kljuc in northwest Bosnia. The killing had probably taken place in the summer of 1992.

(Continued on page 7)

### Israel, PLO resume talks, on verge of agreement

TABA (Agencies) — Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), saying they were on the verge of an agreement on expanding Palestinian self-rule in the West Bank, resumed marathon talks on Saturday. Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres and PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat went into a meeting in the

Egyptian Taba resort which both sides said could lead to an accord within several Hundreds of Palestinians

clashed with Israeli troops in the still-occupied West bank city of Hebron, just hours before the Taba meeting.

Palestinian sources said protesters took to the streets after Israeli soldiers shot and wounded Abdul Fahez Abu Mayalleh, 50, at a roadblock in Hebron

They said troops used teargas and rubber bullets to disperse protesters. In Taba, Mr. Peres was

upbeat, saying most of the difficult issues had been resolved and that an accord could be initialled by Saturday evening, the eve of the Jewish new year.

"I know that for a large portion of the people there will be very big news for the new year if we will be wise enough to take tonight a very large step towards the peace," Mr. Peres told Israel

But Palestinian negotiators insisted that Israel first commit itself to a timetable for releasing thousands of

"We are not going to sign before we resolve the issue of the prisoners," Palestinian Justice Minister Freih Abu Medein said after Saturday's Palestinian cabinet meeting.

Mr. Peres and Mr. Arafat have already met for more than 60 hours this week. negotiating the extent of Israeli troop withdrawal in the West Bank and the terms for Palestinian general elec-

Under the emerging agreement, Israeli troops would pull out of six West Bank towns over the next few

A partial withdrawal from the seventh town, Hebron, will follow once Israel has built a bypass road for the 450 Jewish settlers living in the town of 120,000 Palestinians. Israeli officials have said the construction of the road would take six months.

Israel TV said Friday that Mr. Arafat had decided to hold general elections only in March, once the troop redeployment in Hebron is completed. Palestinian officials initially said they wanted to hold elections by the end of

In the bailoting, the Palestinians will choose 82 members of a governing council. In the six towns and parts

of Hebron — together known as "Area A," the Palestinians

will be in full control. Israeli troops will also pull back from some rural areas, referred to in the 460-page draft as "Area B." In these

areas. Palestinian police wil be deployed, but Israeli soldiers will have freedom of movement, such as the ability to chase Palestinian militants suspected of attacking Israelis.

Israel will remain in full control of the remainder of the West Bank, including the 130 Jewish settlements and military installations. There have been conflict-

ing reports of how much land is being handed to Palestinian control. Israeli newspapers said Friday that areas A and B amounted to 40 per cent of the West Bank, a figure confirmed by an Israeli official. However, other reports said the Palestinians were only gaining control over 30 per cent of the land.

In Hebron, Israeli troops will pull back to about oneseventh of the municipal area, including the six settler compounds, the Ibrahimi Mosque and access roads to the settlements.

The town's military headquarters, a symbol of occupation, will be handed to the Palestinians, according to Hebron Mayor Mustafa

"The moment the solution was found through the creation of a bypass road, there was no longer any reason for army presence in the heart of the city," Mr. Peres told army radio Saturday. Still unresolved is the fate of the 6000 Palestinian secur-

ity detainees. Israel has agreed to release 1,000 after (Continued on page 7)

Gaza through Jordan, Egypt CAIRO (Agencies) - More gate with the Cairo office of deset for the past three weeks the U.N. High Commissioner than 150 Palestinians stranded for weeks on the

Libyan border crossed Saturthe travellers. day into Egypt en route to Jordan and the Gaza Strip. A second group of 40 Palestinians reportedly headed for Rafah on the Egyptian border with Gaza, ated Press.

also hoping to enter the Palestinian-controlled area. Word of the two departures drew other Palestinians to the Libyan-Egyptian frontier in hopes of returning home, Egypt's Middle East News Agency (MENA) re-

The exodus — launched when Libyan leader Moammar Qadhafi began expelling Palestinians last month to protest the Israeli-Arab peace process — could end with the refugees stuck at other frontiers.

This is because it is not clear if they have the residency papers Israel requires for admission to Gaza. According to Palestinian officials in Egypt, some carry only visitors permits which may not be honoured by the Jewish

In his article, Mr.

Ne'matt reported that the

list included the names of

journalists, columnists, for-

mer senior officials as well

as one columnist and cur-

rent minister. He did not

reveal any names in his

for Refugees, said he did not know if Israel would admit "I don't know if they (the

Egyptians) are throwing the problem from one border to another," he told the Associ-Egyptian officials refused

to comment. Israeli officials could not immediately be reached because of the Sab-Egypt had previously bar-

red the Palestinians from crossing, leaving 143 of the Palestinians in no-man's land near the Salloum border post while Libya and Egypt refused to accept them. A convoy of 18 taxis and

two mini-buses, was travelling across Egypt escorted by police after being granted permission late on Friday to enter the country. The 158 Palestinians were

en route for the Egyptian Red Sea port of Nuweibeh to take a ferry to Aqaba in Jordan before crossing into the Palestinian territories, officials here said. Many of those who had

Panos Moumtzis, a deleslept under the stars in the

leave Libya in a clampdown on Palestinians. But for some their prob-

were looking forward to

finally completing their jour-

ney after being forced to

lems were still not over. A spokesman at the Jordanian embassy in Cairo said his country would only allow those with Jordanian passports or resident permits issued by Israel to cross the border. The Palestine Liberation

Organisation (PLO) representative to the Arab League in Cairo, Mohammad Sobeih, said the Palestinians headed for Jordan had Egyptian travel documents allowing them to cross the country. But they had to pass through Jordan because Israel insists that Palestinians who leave via the King Hussein Bridge must return the

same way. Some of them, who left the Gaza Strip in 1967 when Israel occupied the territory after the Arab-Israeli war. had only the Egyprian documents. The luckier ones also had Israeli resident cards. (Continued on page 3)

# Old controversy resurfaces after new report of media ties with Iraqi regime

By Nermeen Murad

Special to the Jordan Times AMMAN - In a resurgence of an old controversy that had plagued the Jordanian press a leading newspaper columnist declared yesterday that he was taking the London-based Al Hayat newspaper to court Over a report carried by the newspaper alleging that 42 Iordanian media and business personalities are on the payroll of the Iraqi reg-

Tareq Masarweh wrote in his column in Al Ra'i Arabic daily that he wants to take the Saudi-owned paper to court over the

report which it carried on Wednesday, claiming the possession of a list of names of people who have allegedly been receiving money and presents from Iraqi President Saddam Hussein.

"We will go to court as of today," declared Mr. Masarweh in his widely read column. "We will go to court and we will sue Al Hayat newspaper - its owners, its editor-in-chief and its correspondent in Amman" - over the report, according to which the Jordanian government has opened an investigation into the matter.

"We will go to court to find out who are these 'informed sources' and 'official sources' who have relayed to Al Hayat the 'government concern' over the Iraqi campaign," Mr. Masarweh said.

"This official source who knows the names of 42 recipients of Iraqi payments his concern to Al Hayat should be removed from his post," Mr. Masarweh demanded

and all he does is declare In his column, he did not mention the Amman correspondent of Al Hayat,

Salameh Ne'matt, by

report, however. In the article in Al Hayat, which later appeared in the Jordanian weekly Al Mashreq, Mr. Ne'matt quoted unnamed "official sources" as saying that Jordanian authorities have opened an investigation into what they said was an "Iraqi media and trade campaign" in Jordan to

"create a Jordanian move-

ment to counter ... Jordan's support for a change in regime in Iraq." Mr. Ne matt was unph-

ased by Mr. Masarweh's threat. "I don't mind going to court to defend my article," he told the Jordan Times.

"What I did was to report that a list of 42 names has been compiled, and that that list does exist," Mr. Ne'matt said adding that in his report: "I did not get into the business of trying to verify whether or not these people did actually receive money. I just. reported the fact that the list existed. "I am not liable

in court because I did not name names.

"I was not reporting on how the list was compiled or how it got to the Jordanian authorities," he said. "What I was interested in was reporting the facts and the fact is that the list does exist. I am not liable for slandering anyone because I did not mention names." But Mr. Masarweh be-

lieves otherwise. "(Ne'matt) alleged that iournalists réceive payment from Iraq and even if he did not name them he is liable because he tarnished. the name of everyone in

the journalism business and

that is slander," Mr. Masarweh said, adding that 12 lawyers have already volunteered to take his case

against Al Hayat to court. The Jordan Press Association and the Ministry of Information have also discussed pressing charges against Al Hayat because they consider the report slanderous against journalists," Mr. Masarweh said.

Jordan Press Association President Suleiman Qudah confirmed to the Jordan Times that his group was looking into pressing charges against Al Havat but said that no final decision had been taken vet.

"If we find that the report infringed on the reputation of journalists in Jordan, then we are going to press charges against Al Hayat," Mr. Qudah said.

"We in the press are not

on the butt of attacks or an unknown quantity, nor is our address Baghdad, Rivadh, Cairo or Damascus. Our address has been and will always remain Amman," Mr. Masarweh said in his column. Mr. Ne'matt questioned

Mr. Masarweh's obvious anger at the report. He pointed to published re-

(Continued on page 7)

### Sheikh crusades in court against Egypt's secularists

Yousef Al Badri, a descendant of the Prophet Mohammad, has made himself the defender of Islam in Egypt's courtrooms and a thorn in the side of "impious" secular-

The greatest victory in his crusade came in June when he won a judgement of "apostasy" against a university professor, Nasser Hamed Abu Zeid for his "blasphemous" scholarly writings.
Round-faced and smil-

ing, with a white beard and piercing look, Sheikh Bad-ri, 57, has for 20 years won the white "galabeya" robe and "imama" turban of a traditional Muslim pious

But the retired teacher and former deputy and amateur theatre director proudly shows off photos of himself in his wild youth, wearing a Western suit and

Sheikh Badri has led 25 court cases in 1995 against cinema owners, journalists and intellectuals whom he accused of hanging "obscene" movie posters, writing "anti-religious" articles or publishing "im-

moral" cartoons. Some 20 volunteer lawyers work with Sheikh Badri in his flurry of cases, but the sheikh attends all

court sessions. 'As a student of figh (Islamic jurisprudence), I edit all cases to strengthen the lawyers' arguments,"

he told AFP. And he is tireless in pur-

suing his prey.
Sheikh Badri lost his first case against Dr. Abu Zeid, but he was vindicated two years later when an appeals court ordered the professor divorced from his wife on the ground that a Muslim woman can not be married to a heretic.

Now Sheikh Badri is working to knock down a series of appeals against the ruling by Dr. Abu Zeid and

The courtroom is the best weapon," said Sheikh Badri, who rejects the violent methods of militant groups fighting since three years to overthrow President Hosni Mubarak and establish an Islamic state. "Islamic militants serve

the interests of their organisation, not their cause of God," he said.

But he has also fallen out with the Muslim Brotherhood, which also renounces violence. The banned group accuses Sheikh Badri of having publicly sworn allegiance to Mr. Mubarak

Rather than being linked to Islamic groups, Sheikh Badri goes it alone, backed by his status as a "sherif," a descendant of the Prophet Mohammad.

"My father belonged to the Hashemite clan and my great-grandparents came in Egypt at the end of the 17th century from the Hijaz," the region of present-day Saudi Arabia where Mecca is located, he said.

In his apartment in the upper-class Cairo suburb of Maadi, his library boasts dozens of books on Islam as well as literary works. "I read the entire works of (Nobel Literature Laureate) Neguib Mahfuz to

prove his implety."
After finishing his studies in 1959, the sheikh tried out journalism, then created a theatre group in order to "use the theatre to defend the values of

"But I soon renounced it because I realised that artists do not respect the principles of Islam," Sheikh Badri said.

While teaching in Algeria from 1964 to 1968, he married a French Christian after convincing her to embrace Islam, but then divorced her when she took up her former religion

In 1992 he went to New Jersey where he led prayers in the mosque of Sheikh Omar Abdul Rahman, suspected in the 1993 World Trade Centre bombing in

Two years later he packed his bags and left, angry with the spiritual leader of the militant Gamaa Islamiyah group,



WOMEN FIGHTERS: A women's unit of Basij (volunteer militia) marches in front of Iranian President Ali Hashemi Rafsanjani and other Iranian leaders on Friday during celebrations marking what Iran sees as the beginning of the 1980-88 Iran-Iraq war (AFP photo)

### **UAE** weekly condemns uproar over Filipina maid's sentence

ABU DHABI (R) - A United Arab Emirates (UAE) weekly magazine lashed out at the uproar over condemned Filipina maid Sarah Balabagan, saying it is part of a campaign designed to prevent Arab and Muslim states from handing down jus-

Al Shurouq, in an editorial faxed to Reuters ahead of its publication on Monday, described the 23,000 Filipina maids who work in the UAE as landmines that needed to be cleared for the sake of national security.

"Should we give her a rose for killing this man? Or should we give her a present and honour her, said Al Shurouq of Ms. Balabagan, sentenced to death for the premeditated killing of her employer Almas Mohammad Al Baloushi.

"As Arabs and Muslims we are always condemned as the suspects. They are not allowing us to apply

The editorial was one of the first to appear in the UAE print media since an Islamic court in Al 'Ain handed down the death sentence against Ms. Balabagan, a Muslim, on

Sept. 16. The court rejected her claim that she stabbed Baloushi 34 times in selfdefence after wrestling his knife away during a rape.

UAE President Sheikh Zayed Ben Sultan Al Nahayan had ordered a retrial - after the same court sentenced her to seven vears imprisonment for manslaughter. In the first trial the court also awarded her compensation after concluding she was raped.

The case has unleashed outrage on the Philippines, reigniting fury that swept the country when another Filipina maid, Flor Contemplacion, was hanged in Singapore in

"Sooner or later we have to remove these mines. Our national

security depends on a quick clearing of the fields from these mines," Al Shurouq said of the Filipina maids working in the

"The Filipino screams for Flor the killer in Singapore had hardly subsided when they erupted again for the sake of Sarah the killer in the UAE."

UAE officials, worried that the uproar in the Philippines may undermine the image of their traditionally low-key Gulf Arab state, say pressure from Manila could diminish Ms. Balabagan's chances of winning leniency in appeals courts.

Three top Filipino ministers seeking Ms. Balabagan's release are due to arrive in Abu Dhabi in the first week of October.

Philippines officials. Ms. Balabagan and her lawyers say she is 16, but the UAE says she is 27 based on documents the embassy said were forged by Manila racketeers.

### Unknown group threatens

to kill

Americans GAZA CITY (AFP) — A previously unknown Palestinian group threatened on Saturday to kill Americans living in the autonomous Gaza Strip and the West Bank in revenge for the detention of a prominent fundamentalist.

The group, calling itself the Students of Musa Abu Marzouk, after a leading member of the Islamic Resistance Movement, Hamas, held in New York, made the threat in a statement sent to AFP.

In the statement entitled "Warning for every dirty
American who lives in our
beautiful country," the group
vowed to turn the Gaza Strip
and the West Bank into another Lebanon, where foreigners were at risk in the 1980s during the war.

"You must know that Students of Musa Abu Marzouk can abduct every American here in the Gaza Strip and the West Bank and we can shoot on every American easily," the statement said.

The group, which said it was not linked to Hamas, added: "We... warn you if your government doesn't liberate our leader, we will make you live in fright and fear here."

"Death for Americans," it concluded.

Jewish group's threat A right-wing Jewish ex-

tremist group went on state television Friday and vowed to assassinate Palestinians and Jews to try to bring down the government of Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin.

Wearing black balaclavas hiding their faces apart from their eyes, five members of the right-wing Eyal group, styling themselves the "Jew-ish Fighting Organisation" were filmed taking an oath on a Bible and pistol.

"We promise to punish the traitors, to execute the pseudo-Jews who collaborate with the Arab enemy. Every Arab is a potential terrorist and must be treated as one." said an 18-year-old member of the group soon to join the

### Ciller has a shaky start in bid for new coalition

ANKARA (R) — Turkey's Tansu Ciller got off to a shaky start in her bid to form a coalition government on Saturday after the main opposition leader virtually ruled out an alliance with her True Path Party (DYP).

Ciller has not given us a coalition proposal... and she did not accept any of our proposals," Motherland Party (ANAP) leader Mesut Yilmaz told the semi-official Anatolian news agency after meeting Ms. Ciller in parlia-

"Ciller is fully responsible for the failure to form a wide-based coalition with ANAP and the DYP," he

President Suleyman Demirel asked Ms. Ciller on Thursday to form a new government, a day after she quit in a rift over domestic security issues with the Social Democrats, under new leader Deniz Baykal, ending the wobbly coalition between them and her conservative

Turkish television showed a visibly stern and tight-lipped Ciller as she left the meeting with Mr. Yilmaz for talks with Mr. Baykal and meet leaders of the Islamist Welfare Party, the national-ists and the Democratic Left Party.

had insisted on a stable coalition until normal election time, in October 1996. Mr. Yilmaz has set early elections as a condition for a coalition. "She said if we did not agree on this point, then there was no point in any agreement we reach on other

Mr. Yilmaz said Ms. Ciller

issues," he said. Most speculation has so far focused on a DYP-ANAP alliance, which has in the past been seen as a more viable alternative to the left-right coalition.

Mr. Baykal and Islamist Party officials emerged from short talks with Ms. Ciller, saying she had given them no



definite coalition offer, but had talked of the importance of evading early polls.
Islamist Welfare Party offi-

cials told the Anatolian News Agency Ms. Ciller appeared to be aiming to persuade other party deputies to join her party for a solo government or to seek a minority government if that failed. Ms. Ciller's office said she

was likely to make a decision on the future of the government at the end of Saturday's

Ms. Ciller said on Friday she was seeking a stable, long-term government that would get a vote of confi-

dence in parliament.
"We want to form a government of solution, not election," Ms. Ciller said after a meeting with her DYP administration council.

Any new government must get a vote of confidence in parliament, a simple majority of those voting out of the 428 deputies. The DYP has 182 seats in the 450-seat parliament, ANAP has 96 and the Social Democrats have 65

Financial markets, which had suffered big drops after Ms. Ciller's Wednesday resignation, regained equilibrium by Friday, although stocks ended down an overall 7.1 per cent for the week

### Rebel Kurds kill 6, lose 3 in Turkey raid

Rebel Kurds killed state-raid village guards and The Germany-based pro-suffered three dead in an Kurdish DEM news agency had said PKK leader Abdul-

The emergency rule govemor's office said guerrillas of the Kurdish Labour Party (PKK) attacked a village near Silvan township in Siirt province late on Friday, killing six village guards, armed and paid by the state in its fight with the PKK.

Three PKK rebels were killed in the ensuing fighting, the governor's office said. Three village guards were injured.

There was no independent confirmation of the casual-

In a separate Friday night attack, PKK militants kidnapped a senior prison official from Mazgirt district in the eastern province of Tunceli, security officials said. More than 18,000 people have been killed in the PKK's 11-year fight for autonomy or

Turkey. Turkish security officials on Friday dismissed an expected ceasefire call by the PKK as a ploy to gain time and said the army would press on with the fight.

independence in southeast

"The ceasefire is a trick, a scenario drawn up by the weakened terror organisation to gain time in winter," a senior military official in

DIYARBAKIR, Turkey (R) Tunceli, site of fierce fight—Rebel Kurds killed six, ing, told Reuters.
state-raid village guards and The Germany-based prosoutheast Turkey, security officials said on Saturday. lah Ocalan was expected to announce a ceasefire Sept. 25

during a press conference. But DEM on Friday quoted Mr. Ocalan as saying he was postponing the ceasefire because of the fall of the Turkish coalition government

this week. Mr. Ocalan told DEM he would announce a ceasefire when he could find someone to address. Prime Minister Tansu Ciller is currently

trying to put together another coalition. An army officer in Tunceli said: "We will continue army operations against the PKK." Fighting in Tunceli usually

slows in winter when deep snow makes the mountainous terrain difficult to pass. In 1993 the PKK declared a

unilateral ceasefire which held for just over two months until the guerrillas killed 33 unarmed soldiers in a bus ambush after complaining the military kept up attacks on rebels. The government flatly re-

jects negotiating with the PKK.

The emergency rule gov-ernor's office, based in Diyarbakir, also reported on Friday Turkish troops killed six rebels in two separate overnight clashes in the southeast.

HIJAZ RAILWAY TRAIN

04:00 ....

..... Athens (OA)

#### Rice University sets up chair for Arab studies HOUSTON (USIA) - Rice American institution to He added, "I have not seen she financed a school for over

University, rated one of the top 20 institutions of higher learning in the United States, has announced the establishment of a new chair of Arab Studies, thanks to the efforts of the Arab-American community here which raised one million dollars for this pur-

A search committee. headed by Dr. Allen Matusow, begins next week a world-wide search for a qualified educator to fill the position by next July.
Dr. Matusow explained

that position is being offered on a tenured track, and the applicant must have background in Arab literature, history, philosophy and religion and be willing to teach introductory courses in Arab culture.

The former dean of humanities at Rice described the successful fund-raising effort by Arab-Americans, who number about 60,000 in the Houston area, as "a rare, grass-roots community undertaking.'

Rice University is the fifth

JORDAN TELEVISION

establish a chair for Arab Studies. The others and holders of the chairs, are Harvard University (Muhsin Mahdi), Georgetown University (Irfan Shahid), University of Pennsylvania (George Makdissi), and University of Michigan at Ann Arbor (Ernest McCarus). There are several chairs at various universities on Middle East studies and some of these are held by Arab-American educators.

The drive for the establishment of an endowed chair at Rice University began about eight years ago by the Arab-American Educational Foundation (AAEF), recalled Amin Bohsali, a past president.

AAEF was founded in the mid-1980's by Arab-Americans in the Houston area who were eager to introduce Arab culture in their adopted country. Two years later they were able to sign an endowment establishing the guidelines and policies for the Arab Studies programme. This was a necessary first

step, according to Bohsali, a financial consultant here, in order to launch the fundraising effort.

At a ceremony where the donation was handed to Rice University President Malcolm Gillis, the current president of AAEF, Journana Ghandour, said: "We chose to work with

Rice because of its excellent academic reputation and because they shared our vision of providing students with a true picture of the Arab world." Another speaker, Dr.

Abdul Kader Fustok, explained that "from the onset, we realised that one of the most effective ways of combatting ignorance and stereotyping is through the promotion of university-level education and research."

President Gillis praised the AAEF board members for going "to extraordinary lengths to secure support for the chair from other foundations and individuals in the United States and countries in the Middle East, notably Kuwait."

anything to surpass the resourcefulness and determination of the members and board of directors of the foundation in bringing to the university this newest vessel of academic distinction.' President Gillis concluded, 'indeed, in three decades of experience in leading private universities, I know of no

similar group that has completed such an undertaking." In a letter to her board members, AAEF President Ghandour spoke of the great sense of accomplishment and pride" in turning over the one-million-dollar check to the university and went on to urge her colleagues to continue their efforts toward the establishment of an institute for Arab studies at Rice and a chair in the medical sciences.

Dr. Bohsali reported that many of the more than 200 contributions were raised at fund-raising occasions in Houston. Among the large donors were Latifah Al Afaliq, a phiulanthropist from Al Khobar, Saudi Arabia where

600 needy children; Saudi Arabian Ámbassador to the U.S. Prince Bandar Al Saud and Dr. Ali Al Shamlan, director of the Kuwait Foundation for the Advancement of Science. Rice University is also home for another institution whose leadership is familiar to many in the Middle East, the James A. Baker III Insti-

tute for Public Policy which

was founded in October

1994. The former secretary of

state, who ushered in the

Middle East peace process, has early and strong ties with the university. His grandfather was the first chairman of the university's board of trustees. The first director of the Institute is Edward P. Djerejian, who, until his appointment at Rice, was the U.S. ambassador to Israel. Prior to that appointment, he was on Baker's team as the assistant secretary of state for the Near

East and, earlier, as ambassa-

dor to Syria. He also served

in Beirut and Amman.

### **JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR**

Tel: 773111-19 PROGRAMME TWO Joshua Jones
Joshua Jones
The Mighty Jungle
Pugwali Summer
Timer Riders
Families Armenia 771331. Armeni 775261. Children's Programme — Les Mondes Engloutis 7:39 ....... Serie — L'Instit ..... News in French Nurses

### 60:30 .... Keeping Up Appearances

4	LEWI	EK I IMES
	05-03	Fair
	06:20	(Sunrise) Duba
	12:28	Dhuhr
	15:55	'Asr
	18:35	Maghreb

.... Drama — Counterstrike .... Return to Eden (Ep.111)

St. Mary of Nazareth Church Sweifich, Tcl. 810740 Assemblies of God Church, Tcl. St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590.

CHURCHES

Church of the Annanciation Tci. 637440.

De la Saile Church Tci. 661757

Terrasaucta Church Tci: 622366

Church of the Annunciation Tci. 623541. Anglican Church Tcl. 630851, Tcl. 628543. ian Catholic Church Tel. ian Orthodox Church Tcl. St. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751, Amuran International Church Tel. Evangelical Lutheran Church Tel: 824328. 824528. German-speaking Evangelical Con-gregation Tel. 684195 The Latter-Day Saints Tel. 654932 Church of Nazarene Tel.675691. The Evangelical Local Church in Tel. 811295

#### WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Depart-

Fine weather conditions are expected to prevail during the day but gerting cool at night with tempera-tures 2-3 degrees centigrade below average. Winds will be northwesterly moderate to active. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly moderate and seas calm.

Dr. Ahmad Qanu .... ZARQA: Dr. Randa Shahin ............ 995710 Khalifeh pharmacy ............ 985417 Min./Max. temp.

Jordan Valley ...... 21 / 35 Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 28, Aqaba 36, Humidity readings: Amman 45 per cent, Aqaba 25 per cent.

**NIGHT DUTY** Dr. Yousef Al Faqih Dr. Nidal As'ad ....... Dr. Ghaleb Zawaideh . Dr. Mukhles Halasch . 637055 Nairoukh pharmacy
Al Salam pharmacy
Yacoub pharmacy 636730 ni pharmacy ..... . 637660 Nairoujh pharmacy 623672 Najib pharmacy ...... 847632 IRBID:

USEFUL

TELEPHONE

NUMBERS

**EMERGENCIES** Food Control Centre ....... 637111 Civil Defence Department 661111 Civil Defence Immediate 

Highway Police Traffic Police ... raine rolled
Public Scruity Department
Hotel Complaints
Price Complaints
Water and Sewerage
Complaints
Amman Municipality
Complaints 630321 661176 . 787111 121 623101 Abdali Telephone Repairs 661101

. 636381 

HOSPITALS Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32

Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn Akilch Maternity, J. Amn. 642441/2 Jabal Amman Maternity .... 642362 

University Hospital ..... Al-Muasher Hospital .... Al-Muzsher Hospital ..... 667227/9 The Islamic, Abdali ..... 666127/37 ZARQA:

Zarqa Govt. Hospital (09)983323 Zarqa National Hospital (09)900560 Ibn Sina Hospital ..... (09)986732 Al Hikmz Modern Hospital (09)990990 The Arab Centre for Heart and Special . (02)275555 Princess Rasma Hospital 

Princess Haya Hospital ...... (03)314111 FOR THE TRAVELLER QUEEN ALIA

INTERNATIONAL

AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Oueen Alia In-ternational Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it should always be veri-

**ARRIVALS** Royal Jordanian (RJ) (Terminai 1)

08:15 Aqaba (RJ) Abu Dhabi (RJ) 10:30 Beirut (Rj) 10:59 Doha, Bahrain (RJ) 15:15 ...... Zagreb (add) (RJ) 17:45 Amsterdam, New York (RJ) . Paris (RJ) ..... Madrid, Geneva (R.I 

Other Flights (Terminal 2) 11:30 ...... Sanza (IY) L3:40 ..... Bahrala, Shariqah (GF)

. Moscow (GF) 16:15 ...... Rome, Damascus (AZ) 20:35 ...... Cairo (MS) Beirut, (ME) 23:30 ...... Athens (OA) 01:25 ..... Amsterdam (KL) 02:20 ..... London (KI)

DEPARTURES Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1)

06:25 ...... Madrid (RI) 06:40 ...... Beirut (RI) ... Rome (RJ) 12:15 ...... Ankara, Istanbul (RI) 12:49 Amsterdam, New York (RI) 13:25 20:49 21:20 New Delhi (RJ) ------ Cairo (RJ) ----- Jeddah (RJ) 22:45 ..... Singapore, Jakarta (RJ) 23:15 ...... Bangkok (RJ) .... Bangkok (RJ)

Other flights (Terminal 2) Beirut (ME ...... Sanaa (1Y) ...... Doba (GF) ...... Beirut, London (BA) ..... Amsterdam (KL) Dep. Amusan ... 8:00 a.m. every Monday Arr. Damascus 5:00 p.m. every Monday Dep. Damascus 7:30 a.m. every Sunday Arr. Amusan ... 5:00 p.m. every Sunday MARKET PRICES Upper/lower price in fils per kg. 150 / 80 420/320

Banana (Mukammar) .... Cabbage :.... Сагтої ..... 250Y 150 320/250 700/500 Grapes ... 650/500 300/200 300 / 300 450 / 350 140 / 80 850 / 700 Marrow (large) Marrow (small) Mulukhia 480/300 Pepper (hot) .. Pepper (sweet) . Pomegranate ... 200 / 150 270/ 170 ... 650 / 500 .... 120/80 .... 110 / 70 String Beans .... Water Melon

He said these meetings

named representatives of

the various groups to attend

the planned Sept. gathering.

sions at the upcoming

meeting is to set up a uni-

fied national popular move-ment that will work toward

defending Jordan's national

interests and resisting any

normalisation of relations

Mr. Nahhas noted that to

circumvent any possible

government action, the hard-liners will hold their

meeting at "the headquar-

ters of the one of the politi-

cal parties." He declined to

However, a statement

made available to the Jor-

dan Times said the meeting

will be held Friday at the

headquarters of the

HASHD party (the Jordan

Democratic People's Party)

in Jabal Hussein in Amman

be able to interfere because

the meeting will not be held

in a public place in viola-

tion of regulations," Mr.

Nahhas had earlier told AP.

not be public but will gath-

er representatives of the

In another statement, the

HASHD party denounced

**NEWS IN BRIEF** 

opposition parties.

sional unions.

He said the meeting will

The government will not

with Israel," he said.

say which one.

at 4:00 p.m.

The focus of our discus-

AMMAN (J.T.) - Oppo-

nents of the peace treaty

with Israel plan to hold a

meeting Friday to press

their campaign against nor-

malising ties with the Jew-

ish state, an organiser said

Salem Nahhas, a member

of the meeting's adminis-

trative committee, had ear-

lier declined to specify the

exact date, concerned that

the government might "take

precautionary measures" to

prevent the meeting.

The hard-line coalition of

nine groups; formed shortly

after Jordan signed a peace

treaty with Israel on Oct.

26, 1994, is speatheaded by

Islamists, who oppose any

peace with the Jewish state,

and leftists who regard the

U.S.-backed Middle East

peace process as biased in

The hard-liners have

planned a rally several

times, but had to postpone

it, accusing the government

of stifling vocal opposition

On May 18, the govern-

ment announced that the

hard-liners could hold a

public rally, but reversed

that 11 days later, banning

the rally shortly before it

The government said the

hard-liners had sought to

instigate public disorder by

calling on Jordanians to

resist the treaty in a com-

muniqué issued before the

Mr. Nahhas told the Asso-

ciated Press (AP) that since

the May ban, bard-liners

have met in small groups

around the Kingdom to dis-

cuss "our goal to resist nor-

about oil spills

Jordan

AMMAN (Petra) - An advisory team rep-

resenting the Japanese International Coop-

eration Agency (JICA) arrived in Amman

Saturday to hold talks with officials at the

Jordanian Ports Corporation on bilateral

cooperation. The main focus of the talks

will be the prospect of signing an agree-

ment between the corporation and a Japan-

ese company on means to combat oil pollu-

tion in the Gulf of Aqaba. On Sept. 13, the

Jordanian and Japanese governments

exchanged memos of understanding on a

grant agreement under which the Japanese

government offered a 547-yen (\$5.6 mil-

lion) grant to the corporation to be used in

purchasing equipment to combat oil leak-

age. The Japanese team's trip will last till

AMMAN (Petra) - Twelve Jordanian

companies will take part in the Cologne '95

fair which will be held Sept. 30-Oct. 5. The

Jordanian companies will display samples

of their products, including food supplies

and agricultural produce. The fair in

Cologne, considered the trade capital of

Europe, is one of the largest exhibitions in

the world displaying agricultural products

and food supplies. Companies representing more than 100 countries will take part in

the fair. The Jordan Export Development

and Commercial Centres Corporation

(JEDCCO) is coordinating the Jordanian

companies' participation in the fair. Jordan will also take part in the second Arab-

African trade fair which will be opened in

Johannesburg, South Africa, Oct. 6. The nine-day exhibition is organised by the

Arab League, the Organisation of African

UNESCO plans meeting on

school activities programme

Unity as well as South Africa.

the country last month and

announced the policy in a

speech Sept. 1 marking 26

to embarrass the PLO by

Palestinians had no place to

include provisions for Palesti-

years of his rule.

Products to go on dis-

play at Cologne Fair

the end of the month.

favour of Israel.

to the treaty.

was to convene.

rally was held.

Japan,

Saturday.

nife realition offer, h talked of the important wading early polls Jamest Welfare Party of S told the Anatolian New they Ms toller appears be among in person er party deputies to be party tor a solo goog at or to seek a minom As Ciller's office saids hkely to make a deog the future of the gover-nt at the end of Saturda ds. Cilier said on Fig.

was seeking a side g-term government in uld get a vote of me ice in parliament We want to form 2 g. ment of solution, north a." Mis Ciller said afe. eting with her Diff at tration council Ant new government a toto of confidence; rlament, a simple mass those young out of the puttes. The DYP had

cial Democrats has Financial markets, 😴 d suffered big drops s. Cille: Wednesday ration, regained any un by Friday, alt a reks ended down an 👌 I per cent for the sil-

its in the Parsental

mt. ANAP has we are:

# rkey raid

inceli, site of tiere ligh-, told Reuters The Germany-based preardish DFM news agend said PKK leader AM: nounce a ceasefire Sep. 1 ring a press conferent But Di M on Frid inted Mr. Chalan as sit. was perspennig the es e because of the fall of: it kish confirm governer is work

Mr. Ocalan told DEN: puid amounce a cost ien he could find some address Prime Mine mon Cilici is cuita ring to put together and galiticati An airea ottave in Imad We will continue #

serations, against the Phi Fighting in Tuncchust. my in winter when # are maker the mountain from difficult to pass. In 1983 the PKK declariulateral seascure the tid for just over two me sarmed soldiers in 15 abush after complaining thinks hope on attacks The government flath ets deposition with a

The emergency rule security that is a security that is a security reported that is a security to the security a tebels in two separate vernight clashes in the mthe 354

ILLAZ RALLWA! top tomately the light of the l MARKET PRICES

ranama Capania Capania Server Sandalbare t Beautiful and a set of a set o raditions gen faith Anticae charles Anticae charles Anticae charles Anticae

nians who fled with the crea-Maria Maria (dise) tion of the Jewish state in Manters

Later Lines Lives

Later Lines Lives

Later Lines Lives

Later Heart

Later Heart

Salar And Later

Salar And Later After criticism from other Arab countries, Libyan offitrals in recent days have said the Palestinians were not ex-

Col. Qadhafi began order-ing Palestinian workers out of voluntarily.

AMMAN (Petra) — Jordan will take part expected to provide 532 job opportunities.

Stranded Palestinians head for Gaza

(Continued from page 1)

Libya also has deported thousands of Egyptian and Sudanese labourers on grounds they lack proper work permits.

He apparently was trying Omar Khatib, chief of the showing that the ejected PLO mission in Jordan, said the Palestinians will be agreements to date do not escorted "as soon as they arrive in Jordan" to the King Hussein Bridge. From there they will go to the them. Palestinian-controlled Gaza,

he said. He added: "Israel can't deny them entry to the selfrule areas because their papers are legal."

Meanwhile, some 36 Palestinians who have been stranded at Rafah for days heard of the other groups moving and tried to enter Gaza on Saturday, U.N. officials said. Israeli authorities

turned them back, they said. The Palestinians in this group hold visitors' permits, and Israel apparently has turned them away on grounds they are likely to overstay

The Palestinians had been living without shelter between the borders and were dependent on the charity of travellers crossing the fron-

## Anti-peace parties to hold meeting | Workshop to assess labour relations

malising relations with intensified its campaign against professional associations, especially through the committee preparing for a medical conference in the private sector and the Josdan Medical Association.

It said the government justifies its stands by saying that the Amman summit is an international conference dealing with the region's economies and that Israel's participation in the summit does not mean it will control its debates.

It added that the government also views the Jordanian-Israeli peace treaty and the law lifting the boycott of Israel as constitutional and thus it believes that the stand of the Jordan Medical Association is illegal and undemocratic.

"Some threats and leaks show that the government might dissolve the association's board because of its stand against normalising ties with Israel," the statement said.

HASHD said the October economic conference will only attempt to link the Jordanian economy with Israel's and will constitute a "failed attempt to bring to a successful end the surrender process."

what it described as a The party said it was the stepped-up government citizens' constitutional right campaign against profesto oppose what they believe harmful to national inter-It said as part of the govests and thus to resist the ernment's preparations for peace treaty and the law the Middle East and North ending the boycott of Africa (MENA) economic summit, the government has

in a regional meeting of the United Nations

Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organ-

isation (UNESCO) which will open in

Doha, Qatar, Monday to discuss a special

UNESCO education programme involving

schools in various Arab countries. Partici-

pants in the four-day meeting will concen-

trate on the activities of these schools, the

objectives of the programme and obstacles

facing its implementation. Director Gener-

al of the Education Department at the Min-

istry of Education Khaled Nabtiti, who is

also the national coordinator of the pro-

gramme in the Kingdom, said the aim is to

prepare children and youth to live in an

international peace-loving community, devoid of conflicts, violence and discrimi-

nation. Mr. Nabtiti, who left Amman for

Doha Saturday, said eight Jordanian

schools are already registered with the pro-

gramme and 38 others from around the

AMMAN (Petra) — The King Hussein and

Prince Mohammad bridges linking Jordan

with the West Bank will be closed at 1:30

p.m. on Sunday, the Public Security

Department (PSD) announced. The PSD

said the bridges over the Jordan River will

be closed to travellers on Tuesday and

Wednesday Sept. 25-26. It said the bridges

will be reopened Wednesday morning. The

closures coincide with the observance in

Israel of the Jewish holiday of Rosh

AMMAN (Petra) — Fifty-two industrial

and commercial projects with a combined

capital of JD 7.83 million were registered

with the Ministry of Industry and Trade

during July, according to sources at the ministry. The sources said 46 of the pro-

jects were established in Amman, four in

Madaba, one in Irbid and another in Balqa.

They said a total of JD 2,895 million were

invested by foreigners in these projects,

Ministry registers 52 new

Kingdom showed interest in joining.

**Bridges to close during** 

Jewish holiday

Hashana (the New Year).

projects

AMMAN (Petra) — A sixday workshop on labour relations between the government, employers and workers and related issues of production, social security and economics in the Arab countries started here

Saturday. Forty delegates representing government employers and workers in 20 Arab countries are attending. Addressing the opening

session, Minister of Labour Nader Abul Sha'ar said the workshop comes at a time when the Arab region is witnessing deep transformations at the political, social, economic and technological levels and that cooperation in labour relations can ensure progress and development.

Current changes worldwide have had a significant impact on Arab countries and their future, the minister said.

Arab governments, therefore, should conduct a comprehensive revision of their labour laws not only out of national interest but out of regional and pan-Arab interests as well, Mr. Abul Sha'ar said.

Government employers and workers all have serious roles to play towards promoting production and stimulating Arab national economies and are called on to agree on legislation that guarantees the interests of the government, the employers and the workers,

said the minister. The Jordanian delegation is presenting a working paper in the workshop that expounds the close cooperation between the three sectors based on understanding and collective dialogue in labour disputes.

Arab Labour Organisation Director General Baker Rasoul said the workshop conforms with the Arab Labour Organisation's drive to regulate healthy labour relations that are characterised by effective communication between the three sections.

Also addressing the session was United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) Resident Representative Jørgen Lissner who said that sound labour



Minister of Labour Nader Abul Sha'ar (second left) Saturday addresses the opening of a seminar on labour relations in the Arab World (Petra photo)

relations constitute the best guarantee for the achievement of quality perfor-

mance and production. Constant

conditions, and raise the quality and quantity of products.

Social security issues and between the three sections collective can help improve working between workers and man-

agement are also among the topics on the agenda. The workshop is organ-

ised by the UNDP and the Arab Labour Organisation in cooperation with the Ministry of Labour.

### Ports director says Aqaba explosion reports exaggerated

AQABA (Petra) - Jordanian Ports Corporation Director General Dureid Mahasneh Saturday said reports in the local press about a fire caused by an explosion at Agaba port last week were incorrect and exaggerated.

Dr. Mahasneh said an explosion did occur in a container packed with nitro-cellulose, but only six containers sustained damage. These, he said contained used clothing, equipment for the Arab Potash

Company and dried milk. Earlier reports about the explosion quoted the Civil Defence: Department (CDD) as saying that the explosion ripped through dozens of containers on the pier and caused fire that engulfed a section of the about an hour.

port of Agaba. Referring to the container

with the nitro-cellulose shipment, Dr. Mahasneh said the ports corporation had received false information about the contents of the container which had actually been at sea for eight months before reaching Jordan. He said the extended period at sea caused a loss humidity in the containers which would make the contents more flammable under intense

According to Dr. Mahasneh, the ship that thought the container docked at the harbour on Sept. II, and the explosion occurred on Sept. He said the resultant fire was extinguished in

Participants Saturday attend the opening of a seminar on human resources organsed by the Ministry of Planning in cooperation with the United Nations Fund for Population Activities (Petra photo)

#### Private sector plans final meeting in advance of MENA summit

committee preparing for the Middle East and North Africa (MENA) economic summit will hold its fourth and final roundtable meeting on Oct. 3, according to committee chairman Tha-

bet Taber. Mr. Taher said the committee will consider a final report on the preparations by the private sector for the coming conference and will review a list of projects that will be submitted to the

conference. The executive committee will also review the names of participating delegates from various countries and

AMMAN (Petra) — The arrangements for side private sector executive meetings between Jordanian and foreign businessmen during the three-day conference, Mr. Taher

> He said he did not expect agreements on joint schemes to be signed during the three-day meetings, and added that the Jordanian private sector should be realistic and not exaggerate hopes and expectations.

Mr. Thabet said that the private sector's contributions to the conference are considered by the committee as a national duty and an opportunity to contribute to the advancement of the Jordanian economy.

### Seminar to discuss human resources, education and the labour market

AMMAN (Petra) — Issues regarding human resources development, women in the labour market and the link between education and the needs of the local job market in Jordan will be the focus of discussion at a two-day seminar which

opened here Saturday. The seminar will also address issues on voluntary social work, unemployment and the 1993-1997 five-year development plan prepared by the Ministry of Plan-

Ministry Secretary General Nabil Ammari opened the meeting by stating that Jordan faces immense challenges in its drive to develop human resources in the

These can be best addressed by sound planning and dedicated efforts on the part of all sectors and public organisations working in cooperation to ensure continued construction, development and progress, said Dr. Ammari.

The delegates reviewed four working papers dealing with vocational training needs, businesswomen in small scale enterprises, the

role of social and voluntary job search organisations and efforts to limit guest workers to the Kingdom by replacing them with local

> workers. The participants include specialists and researchers in population and human resources from public and private organisations.

The seminar is organised by the Ministry of Planning in cooperation with the U.N. Fund for Population Activities (UNFPA).

### WHAT'S GOING ON

dation.

#### SWISS CULTURAL WEEK Films

"The Mountain," and "Jacques and Françoise," (with subtitles in Arabic) at 5.00pm and 8.00pm at the Royal Cultural

Exhibitions \* Two photography exhibitions: "Swiss

photographers since 1840 until today," and "Face to Face with Switzerland," at the

"The Candidate," at the American Center at 5:00 p.m.

#### **EXHIBITIONS**

\* Jordanian-Syrian-Turkish products at King Abdullah Gardens, Al Bassam Hall. Abstract artworks by Abdullah Tamimi entitled, "Colours of Peace," at the Royal Cultural Centre.

\*Works by Hani Khaza'leh at the Goethe Institut, Jabal Amman.

Ceramics by Dr. Mahmoud Saddiq and Da'd Al Maflih at the Marriott Hotel. Works by Lamia Abdel Sahib and Samer Ousama entitled "Aux Sources

Orientales de la Fountaine," at the French Cultural Centre. Paintings by Sudanese artists at Baladna

Art Gallery "Beneath the Waves," photographs on Aqaba underwater life by Julia Reinholt at The Gallery, Hotel InterContinental. \* Paintings by Palestinian artist Samira Badran at Abdul Hameed Shoman Foun-

\* Works by artist Ghazi 'Asayrah at the Housing Bank Complex Gallery.

\*Paintings by Palestinian artist Samira Badran at Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation, Jabal Amman.

#### DARAT AL FUNUN Graphic work by several artists and stu-

dents in the South Gallery. Photography of Jordan, Elements in Ha.

mony' by Hala Hilmi Hodeib at the Blue

\* Painted stone and steel, 'Embargo Art' by Iraqi artist Nuha Al Radi at the Garden of the Blue House.

 Early Morning Scribbles' by Lebanese artist Amin Al Bacha and Jordanian artist Rajwa Bint Ali and 'Late Night Scribbles' by Amin Al Bacha and Joranian artist Ali Bermamet

\* Open Air Sculpture workshop.\* Ceramic

shop at the Lower Garden. \* Ceramic shop at the Lower Garden.

\* Works by contemporary Arab artists at the Central Gallery.

### 'Exports increase 20%'

AMMAN (Petra) - Jordanian exports in the first seven months of 1995 increased by 20.1 per cent, rising to JD 517.2 million from JD 430.6 million in the same period last year, according to Assistant Director General of the Statistics Department Ismaeel Abul Sundus.

Dr. Abul Sundus said the Kingdom's exports of vegetable oil totalled JD 73 million, fertilisers JD 66.1 million, potash JD 58.9 million, phosphates JD 58.7 million, pharmaceuticals JD 43.4 million, fruits and vegetables JD 33.6 million and cement JD 16.3 million.

He said JD 65.5 million worth of exports went to India, JD 30.6 million to Saudi Arabia, JD 21.3 million to the United Arab Emirates, JD 19.3 million to Syria, JD 17.6 million to Lebanon, JD 12 million to Indonesia, JD 11.2 million to Turkey, JD 11.2 million to Ethiopia and JD 11.1 million to Italy.

He said Jordan imported JD 1,457.2 million worth of commodities from foreign countries in the same period, noting that this means an increase of 14.4 per cent in the Kingdom's imports. He said Jordan imported oil and oil derivatives worth JD 176.7 million, machineries and kilns worth JD 145.6 million, cars and spare parts worth JD 112.8 million, iron worth JD 89.5 million, grains worth JD 101.5 million, vegetable oil worth JD 52.4 million, paper worth JD 48.3 million, electric appliances worth JD 62.8 million and fabrics and garments worth JD 55.2 million.

Dr. Abul Sundus said JD 172.6 million of the imports came from Iraq, JD 160.7 million from the U.S., JD 119.4 million from Germany, JD 73 million from the United Kingdom, JD 68 million from Italy, JD 54.1 from Japan, JD 51.2 from Turkey, JD 54 million from Saudi Arabia. JD 76.6 million from France, JD 44.6 from Malaysia, JD 39.7 from South Korea, JD 39.6 million from the Netherlands, JD 33.3 million from China and JD 27.3 million from

# 4 Russians hurt in Chechenya mine blast

Chechenya were injured by capital Grozny and top a mine blast and rebels fired on Moscow's troops 17 times in 24 hours in continued shooting that has troubled peace efforts in the rebel republic, Interfax News Agency said.

Quoting the Russian Military Press Service. Interfax said most of the rebel fire was aimed at Russian soldiers in Achkhoi western Martan in Chechenya and left several injured.

military Russian spokesman Ivan Yessiutin told the ITAR-TASS news agency the situation in Achkhoi Martan "confirmed reports from Russian troop commanders who said this location had been chosen as the target for new attacks at a recent meeting of Chechen chiefs attended by Dzhokhar Dudayev," Chechenya's separatist

The spokesman said the increase there both in attacks by rebels using grenades and mortars and those by small armed groups showed that Mr. Dudayev's supporters were hoping to use force to increase their area of opera-

MOSCOW (Agencies) — On Friday the two sides Moscow remained commit-Four Russian troops in held talks in the Chechen ted to ending the conflict in negotiator Russian Minister

Nationalities Viacheslav Mikhailov said they discussed the demilitarisation accord of July 30. This called for disarming rebels and pulling out all but 6,000 Russian soldiers from the shattered republic, but has barely been imple-

Mr. Mikhailov said the two sides had reached agreement "on several difficult questions" over the July 30 accord but gave no

The spokesman for the separatist government Movladi Udugov said the two sides had reached a compromise. Russian troops backed by

air power stormed into Chechenya last December to topple Mr. Dudayev, who declared unilateral independence from Russian in

Since then, between 15,000 and 30,000 people, many of them civilians, have been killed, according to various estimates. President Yeltsin, trying douse tension in

Chechenya after his personal envoy was nearly assassinated, said Friday that Grozny as his car passed by. according to

ted to ending the conflict in the rebel region peacefully. Mr. Yeltsin resisted any impulse to crack down in

Chechenya after the apparent attempt on Oleg Lobov's life, but said some rebels were trying to sabotage the peace process. "What has happened in Chechenya is a tragedy, our

common tragedy. And we will overcome its consequences together," Mr. Yeltsin said in a statement issued from the Black Sea resort of Sochi, where he is on vacation. "At this crucial moment, I

deem it necessary to con-firm the adherence of the president to peaceful political methods of dealing with problems in the Chechen Republic, however acute and insurmoutable they might be."

In a clear sign that he wanted to avoid any flareup in fighting, Mr. Yeltsin's statement carried none of the ultimatums or threats included in many earlier declarations on Chechenya.

Tension rose in Chechenya after Mr. Lobov narrowly escaped death Wednesday when a bomb exploded on a bridge outside the regional capital

Tension was further musavey, an official with fuelled by explosions at an the provisional government. oil refinery and oil storage His comments were plant and rows between reported by the ITAR-TASS Moscow and the separatist news agency. rebels over a military agreement signed on July 30.

Mr. Musayev told ITAR-TASS that most of the funds supposedly earmarked by the Russian government for reviving Chechenya's agricultural sector had not reached the region.
Only a small amount of

grain has been put aside for the winter, he said.

He also complained about land reforms enacted by Russian-backed officials. The reforms took land away from collectives and state farms and put it in the hands of local officials. Mr. Musayev said the result has been an "ill-considered and unfair" division of property.

Much of Chechenya's industrial base was also destroyed in the war and tens of thousands of people have become refugees since Russian troops poured into the region in December in a bid to end its self-declared independence.

The fighting has died down in past months, but sporadic clashes continue and an accord on disarming the rebels and pulling out Russian troops has fallen dormant amid mutual recriminations and distrust.

*Investigators* 

seek clues to

**AWACS** 

crash that

killed 24

ANCHORAGE, Alaska

(R) — Investigators were

searching for clues Saturday to what caused a

U.S. Air Force surveil-

lance plane to crash in a

huge fireball soon after

takeoff in Alaska, killing

all 24 people on board.

an AWACS, which carry

out radar reconnaissance

the U.S. Air Force in 1977,



Bob Dole, the Republican presidential campaign front-runner, speaks recently in Washington D.C. (AFP

### **Publisher Forbes joins** U.S. presidential race

WASHINGTON (R) — Multi-millionaire publisher Malcolm Forbes Jr opened a long-shot Republican presidential bid Friday as a businessman who can "unlock the stranglehold that the political class has on American life."

Mr. Forbes, 48, president of Forbes Inc and editor in chief of Forbes magazine, a biweekly business periodical, announced his candidacy as a Washington "outsider" before an audience of family, friends and reporters at the National

Press Club. He noted wryly that "a few sceptics" doubt his bid for the 1996 Republican nomination will get far in a field crowded with nine other contenders of some national note and dominated by U.S. Senate majority leader Bob Dole.

It was the first time that "But I am throwing my hat into the ring today in and surveillance, has full confidence that this campaign for president will succeed," said Mr. Forbes, crashed since the huge planes entered service with the heir to a family magazine fortune. providing vital battlefield

It centres on scrapping

the federal income tax in

favour of a 17 per cent flat

tax and returning the dollar

to the gold standard as a

way to unleash the

"I am running because I

believe this nation needs

someone in the White

House who can break the

old pattern, someone who

can unlock the stranglehold

that the political class has

on American life," said Mr.

Forbes, known to his

He said he could lead "a

friends as "Steve".

American economy.

support to U.S. forces own money on the race --around the world. aides said up to \$25 million The four-engine planes, to promote a classic based on a Boeing 707 air free-enterprise agenda frame, have been extremedesigned to let the ly reliable, military experts American economy "run

Investigators were combing through the wreckage but had not yet found the "black box" cockpit recorder, which usually provide clues as to what happened in the last minutes before a crash, said Major Jerry Brown, spokesman for Elmendorf Air Force Base outside

Anchorage. The AWACS aircraft plunged to earth in an inaccessible, thicklywooded area just three kilometres northeast of the runway minutes after taking off from Elmendorf on a routine training mission early Friday, officials said.

It exploded into flames, igniting 125,000 pounds (56,000 kg) of jet fuel on board and throwing debris over an area of several acres, they said.

The thick plume of black smoke from the crash site could be seen up to 50 kilometres away. Rescue workers, who

bad to cut a path through

the trees with a bulldozer, worked throughout the day to find victims. By late in the day, they had recovered 22 bodies and two people were still

missing but presumed dead "We are very sure there are no survivors," Maj.

Brown said. Twenty-two of the military personnel on board were Americans and two were Canadians, Maj. Brown said. Their names are not being released until their next-of-kin have been

informed. One witness said he saw fire shooting out of the plane's left engine just after it took off.

But Maj. Brown declined to speculate on the cause of the crash, saying that would not be known until a safety board, made up of military experts, had finished its report in about 30 days' time.

Washington and put it in the hands of the people." Mr. Forbes, little known outside the business community or the readership of his magazine, faces an uphill struggle against better known rivals for the right to face Democratic President Bill Clinton in the November 1996 ballot.

Sen. Dole is currently running 30 or more percentage points ahead of his nearest challenger, Texas Senator Phil Gramm, in virtually all polls of Republican Party support-

> They and seven others have been running national campaigns for months, preparing for primary elections and internal party votes that will start selecting national nominating convention delegates next

> A big question mark in the political picture is whether popular retired General Colin Powell enters the race as a Republican or independent, or stays out of it altogether. Polls show he would be a strong nomination contender and might beat Mr. Clinton as the Republican

nominee. Gen. Powell has said he expects to announce a decision in November after he concludes a nationwide book-promotion tour.

adult lives."

Mr. Forbes, who lives in

# up with male and female

parents.

February.

Mr. Forbes said any of the announced Republicans would be better than Mr. Clinton but charged that their "vision of what we can do is narrow, cramped and constricted. They have been in Washington or in politics, or both, all of their

Bedminster, New Jersey, is married and the father of five daughters. His wife and children had front-row liberation movement to seats at his declaration cer-

# Kong people right of abode

abode" in Britain.

here Saturday.

last colonial outposts, to a new nationality.

the second of th

will suddenly arrive at Heathrow (Airport).

Nobody seriously supposes that and, to be blunt,

Kingdom. The Dependant Territory

COPENHAGEN, Denmark (AP) - A gay man exchanged vows with a lesbian woman in public protest against a ban on homosexual adoptions and artificial insemination. In 1989, Denmark became the first country in the world to allow homosexuals to enter registered partnerships with all the rights and obligations of marriage, except adopting a child or obtaining semen for conception. So by marrying each other, Soeren Laursen and Birgitte Echwald, dressed in a white wedding gown, won the legal right to try to adopt children, even though they are homosexual. In a civil ceremony they called "a wedding against discrimination," the newlyweds said their vows were meant as a "a pure political manifesto." "We had to stage this to push the politicians," said Mr. Aursen, 31, who chairs the National Homosexual Association. Ms. Echwald 27, is the group's deputy chairwoman. The ceremony in front of the media at the Copenhagen Town Hall was attended by dozens of homosexuals, including the couple's same-sex companions. Denmark's health minister, Yvonne Herloev Andersen, recently suggested giving homosexual the rights they claim. But there is no majority in parliament supporting her. Opponents insist children should grow

Gay, lesbian get

married to protest ban on adoption

#### Canada rejects extending legal rights to gay couples

OTTAWA (AP) — The House of Commons has rejected a gay legislator's proposal to extend legal recognition to same-sex marriages. Real Menard, a member of the opposition Bloc Quebecois, said he was disappointed by the 124-52 vote rejecting his motion, but vowed to keep trying. "We can win other fights to change the human this act." Mr. Menard said. "The next fight we will win." Mr. Menard was backed by most of his Bloc Ouebecois colleagues, although eight of the 53member caucus joined the majority in opposing the motion. A few lawmakers from the governing Liberal Party, including Deputy Prime Minister Sheila Copps, supported Mr. Menard.

#### Taste test finds new poisonous bird

TABUBIL, Papua New (R) Guinea Ornithologists are quietly confident they have found a second poisonous bird in the rainforests of north western Papua New Guinea — the Variable Pitohui. Phil Gregory, publisher of Papua New Guinea's omithological journal Muruk, said ornithologists believe the Variable Pitohui, like the Hooded Pitohui, is also toxic. "I was given a juvenile Variable Pitohni and when I licked the feathers I felt my mouth tingle and go numb," Mr. Gregory said. "This suggests this bird is toxic as well but it is not proven yet."

#### EU summit leaves Majorca tourists cold

ALCUDIA, Majorca (R) - Holidaymakers hoping to soak up the sun in Majorca gave a distinctly chilly welcome to Europe's leaders. "Why didn't they just stay at home and make a few phone calls, it's ridiculous all this expense," Louise, a British secretary from Edinburgh, said as helicopters overhead ferried leaders to an informal European Union summit. "I wouldn't mind if they did something useful like help me find a better hotel, ours is crap," said Ann Winter from "The Manchester. Germans would not put up with it, that's for sure," she added.

# Albright hits U.N. on reform of bureaucracy

UNITED NATIONS (R) — With Washington heavily in Mrs. Albright said the arrears to the United Nations, U.S. ambassador Madeleine Albright served notice Friday she was making reform of the U.N. bureaucracy a top priority during the 50th anniversary

"We must recognise that during the years of cold war neglect, the U.N. bureaucracy grew to elephantine proportions," she said at the Foreign Press Centre. "Now, in the absence of cold war divisions, we are asking that elephant to do gymnastics.

Reform of the bureaucracy, the Security Council and other organs is a mantra of this year's General Assembly session. But the \$1.2 billion debt owed by Washington for 1995 and

Aware of the criticism, United States views "the United Nations as an important instrument for making the world more secure, democratic and humane." She said the Clinton administration would continue to do all it could to help the United Nations succeed "and to see that U.S. financial obligations are met, despite opposition from some in Congress."

The United Nations' regular annual budget is \$1.3 billion, but peacekeeping costs nearly three times that amount, most of it for troops in the former Yugoslavia. Specialised agencies, such as UNICEF.

run on separate budgets. Specifically, she urged reform or cons tions and said the Assembly major agencies. should consider:

budget, rather than zero real growth, which allows budgets to rise with inflation. - Privatising some ser-

vices, cutting staff, particularly non-professionals, stopping unnecessary travel, and minimising the use of consultants. She targeted the Department of Public Information for sharp reductions.

 Restructuring the Economic and Social Council, a major U.N. organ whose organisational chart looks like it was "designed by a crazed kitten in a string factory." Its commission on sustainable development should be transferred to Geneva and folded into other bodies, like the Commission on Science and

Technology. - Extend the concept of articulated by Europeans, is some major U.N. institu- the main secretariat to all

tries of the world will be

Committee Administrative Budgetary Questions so governments could see how countries with seats on the panel spend U.N. Funds.

Mr. Yeltsin made clear he

was determined not to let

peace talks collapse now

that he has opted for dia-

logue after months of fight-

ing between the rebels and

"I regard it as my duty to

protect the peace process in the Chechen Republic

against those who bank on

the intrigues of war, profit

from robbery and do not

care about the lives of their compatriots." Mr. Yeltsin

"I call on those people to

come to their senses. Enough blood has been

spilled. You and your loved

ones need peace, a calm life

to heal the wounds and

restore what has been

destroyed so that the elderly

may have peace and the

said friday Chechenya could face dire food short-

Meanwhile a local official

The once-rich farming

region is short of seed, fuel

and farming equipment and

most of its cattle are gone,

young have a future."

ages this winter.

Russian troops.

- Establishing a moratorium on major U.N. conferences after those planned for 1996.

Trusteeship Council as well as the General Assembly's ad hoc Committee on the Indian Ocean and its information committee.

 Consolidate bodies dealing with technical and development assistance and emergency response into ional economic commis-

sions and modifying functions of the U.N.

- Open deliberations of Conference on Trade and

single agencies. Consider ending U.S. support for the Geneva-based U.N. Industrial Development Organisation, down-sizing

### — Decreases in the U.N. the Assembly's Advisory Development. Accord reached on global toxic waste ban

GENEVA (AP) --- A ban on rich countries exporting toxic waste to the Third World was reinforced Friday by a global treaty.

members of the 1989 Basel Convention, which controls trade in hazardous waste. strengthened a voluntary export ban agreed to last document

The ban will be immediate and by January 1998 will include materials exported for recycling.

The agreement was a defeat for industrialists, who had lobbied hard for a softer approach that would have allowed export for A five-day meeting of recycling or separate bilat-

eral agreements. for environmental groups, who accused industrialists of trying to insert loopholes year into a legally binding which would make the accord almost worthless.

breakthrough," Greenpeace campaigner Kevin Stairs.

It was a victory, though, "It is a significant, historic said

forced to take responsibility for their own hazardous waste. They will have to look at their own industrial practices and improve their clean production techniques to ensure hazardous waste is not produced in the first place."

The consensus was passed with strong support from the European Union and many developing nations. The United States, however, an observer at the con-

"Finally the richest coun- ference, had argued that a ban on exporting for recycling would put more pressure on raw materials. India, Australia, Canada

and New Zealand also argued a blanket ban could be too far-reaching. Industry representatives

had called for a delay in the ban until full agreement on the term "hazardous" was reached. They feared it might be interpreted as including scrap metal or car and computer scrap.

### Court overrules Mandela; local polls in turmoil

JOHANNESBURG, South victory of Mr. Mandela's parliament, to follow a dif-Africa (AP) — Throwing African National Congress ferent process to attain the that Mr. Mandela had Africa (AP) — Throwing upcoming local elections into turmoil, South Africa's new Constitutional Court ruled Friday that President Nelson Mandela exceeded his powers by decreeing electoral boundaries.

The ruling marked one of the biggest reversals for Mr. Mandela since his election as South Africa's first black president last year.

Mr. Mandela told a news conference he would seek a special parliament session to pass laws replacing the decrees wiped out by the court ruling, so that the local elections can be held

On Nov. 1 as scheduled. "Preparations for local government elections must continue so these elections can take place as planned," Mr. Mandela read from a statement. "The court's judgment does not create any crisis whatsoever."

Parliament's speaker said that the legislature could reconvene by Oct. 4.

The decision further confused an already chaotic attempt to hold voting for local leaders that will sweep away the last structures of white minority rule, completing the process that began with the landslide tation to government, and to Party-dominated provincial

in last year's first all-race national election.

In its ruling Friday, the Constitutional Court struck down constituency boundaries Mr. Mandela had decreed in the Western Cape Province — one of only two provinces the ANC does not control.

Of more importance, the ruling applied to the entire country, meaning areas such as the violence-wracked Zulu homeland also faced confusion over whether voting could proceed as scheduled.

The court said parliament erred in passing a law giving the president powers to make decisions on the local government elections by decree. It gave parliament until Oct. 25 to adopt legislation that would validate boundaries for voting districts. Otherwise, the elections would not be allowed

to proceed. The ANC holds 62 per cent of the seats in parliament, giving it the power to pass legislation that requires

a simple majority. "It is important that the public should be aware that today's judgment is an invi-

same substantive result,"

Mr. Mandela said. Up to a dozen decrees would be affected, but the only one that seemed significant involved the election boundaries in Cape Town, the nation's second-largest

"The matter is clearly one of great urgency and parliament must decide without delay whether or not it wants an opportunity to correct the defect." Chief Justice Arthur Chaskalson

said in his ruling.
Judge Chaskalson issued a mild rebuke to parliament and Mr. Mandela for passing and using the power of decree ruled unconstitution-

"It is of crucial importance at this early stage of the development of our new constitutional order to establish respect for the principle that the constitution is supreme," the chief instice said in reading out part of his written judgment.

Mr. Mandela used the

decree powers to overrule

electoral boundaries drawn

by the former white ruling

National Party in the Western Cape. The National

that Mr. Mandela had abused his powers to favour the ANC.

The court unanimously decided the decree powers violated the interim constitution governing South Africa until a permanent document is in place by 1999. The judges ruled 9-2 that the decrees regarding the Western Cape bound-

aries were invalid.

The laws would, however, remain in force until Oct. 25 to give parliament time to "correct the defects," Judge Chaskalson said. Western Cape Premier

Hernus Kriel said he doubted if parliament could produce a constitutionally acceptable formula to enact Mr. Mandela's proclaimed boundaries. "The law is clear regard-

ing the powers of provinces," Mr. Kriel said.

"If the ANC oversteps that

line, we will not besitate to act again." Chaskalson Judge acknowledged the ruling "could lead to increased tension in areas where the inhabitants are anxious to democratise their local

### take power away from emony. Patten urges U.K. to give H.

HONG KONG (AFP) — The British government should grant around 3.5 million Hong Kong residents the right of abode in Britain, according to the territory's Governor Chris Patten.

Talking in a British television network BBC panel programme recorded at his official residence in Hong Kong Mr. Patten said I think those who qualified for a BDTC (British Penendent Territory Citizen) passport or British passport should be qualifying for something, if necessary, give them the right of

"I think the British passport should be about more than beloing you to travel comfortably around the world," he said in the programme aired

Mr. Patten dismissed arguments that such a scheme would lead to a flood of migrants to Britain following the handover of

China on June 30, 1997. "I don't think the three million, or more than three million Hong Kong citizen,

if they did, they certainly wouldn't be living on the welfare state," he said. Some 3.5 million Hong Kong people, most born in the territory, hold either a BDTC or British National (Overseas) Passport, but such documents deny the bearer the right to live and work in the United

Document will cease to be valid in July 1997, when Hong Kong will no longer be a British colony. But under a Sino-British agreement, the British National Overseas Passport will remain in force for travel abroad.

The other half of Hong Kong's six-million-plus residents get by with a Certificate of Identity (CI), which automatically ceases Hong Kong, one of Britain to be valid if the holder gets

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PENHAGEN Den-k (AP) — A gay man hanged your with a

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A FRIENDLY SALUTE: Belarus children of the Gomel region mimic a military salute as they give a friendly greeting to a group of newly arrived soldiers, who were dispatched to the area to help harvest the crops (AFP

### **Beleaguered French government** faces new pinpricks in parliament

PARIS (AFP) — Alain Juppe's beleaguered government faces new criticism from its own parliamentary benches from Sunday when former Prime Minister Edouard Balladur and his supporters win election to both houses of the National Assembly.

Mr. Balladur, who unsuccessfully challenged his rival in the neo-Gaullist Rally For the Republic party, Jacque's Chirac, for the presidency in the spring, is certain to win back the seat in the Chamber of Deputies he had to give up when he became prime minister in March 1993.

Many of the former members of his cabinet who backed him for president will be flanking Mr. Balladur in parliament, anxions to refute Mr. Juppe's charges that he took over a disastrous economic situation when appointed by Mr. Chirac in May.

Balladur government as foreign minister and went along with its economic stuck with Mr. Chirac when it came to the presidency and was rewarded with the premiership.

But since taking office both he and Mr. Chirac have plunged in the opinion polls, condemned for their apparent inability to resolve

France's economic and unemployment problems, and the decision to resume

nuclear weapons tests. Mr. Juppe was forced to admit this week that the tax cuts trumpeted by Mr. Chirac in his election campaign could not be delivered. His budget for next year will hit the saver as well as the consumer, while civil servants whose wages have been frozen are to strike next month.

The prime minister is also finding it impossible to shake off allegations that as a deputy mayor of Paris he gave his son a luxury flat at a reduced rent. Attempts by Justice Minister Jacques Toubon to sack a leading magistrate who has reportedly concluded there are grounds for prosecution have raised a new storm.

Apart from the second round of the by-elections involving Mr. Balladur and others, voting takes place Sunday for 117 seats in the nate, the upper house of parliament. Senators are elected for a

nine-year term, with a third programme at the time, but of the chamber being renewed every three years, by an Electoral College of 50,696 municipal and regional councillors.

Political heavyweights expected to gain seats include the blunt-speaking Charles Pasqua, interior minister under Mr. Balladur

military and previously leader of the silent on RPR group in the Senate, and former Socialist Prime Minister Michel Rocard. A record number of 696

Sri Lanka

Sri Lankan army was silent

on an expected offensive

against Tamil rebels in the

northern Jaffna peninsula

Saturday, a day after the

government clamped cen-

sorship on military news.

Munasinghe, who earlier

promised to issue more

frequent bulletins from the

battlefront, said: "We can't

say much when nothing is'

He denied the govern-

ment was using the censor-

ship to impose a news

blackout on the army's

Liberation Tigers of Tamil

Eelam (LTTE) against

Asked about the expect-

ed offensive, he said: "We

don't comment on these

their northern

peninsula stronghold.

Brigadier

happening.

Defence spokesman

Sarath ·

Jaffna candidates are standing, including rivals from within the components of the Mr. campaign Juppe government, which could help the Socialists win the six seats they are COLOMBO (R) — The aiming to add to the 67 they

currently hold. The Communists are hoping at least to retain the 15 seats they need in the Senate to form an official political group, but the extreme-right National Front is unlikely to win its first seat, despite successes in the recent municipal

elections. Three veterans of the French political scene are not standing again, includ-ing Christian Democrat Alain Pober, 86, who sat in the Senate for 43 years, was its president for 24, and was acting head of state in 1969, after the resignation of

Charles De Gaulle, and

1974, following the death of

Georges Pompidou Also departing are Maurice Couve De Murville, 88, a former prime minister under Gen. De Gaulle and foreign minister for 10 matters. We don't like our enemies to know our years, and Max Lejeune, 86. a dissident Socialist and the

movements, or our intentions." longest-serving member of Sri Lanka imposed centhe French parliament. sorship on military news Friday, saying the move targeted news reports that hinder its efforts to tame Tamil rebels or demoralis-

es troops fighting them. An official statement Friday said: "The government had noted that certain newspapers and electronic media had published military-related news in an irresponsible manner during the past few months, threatening the security of the state and the people."

It said distribution of military news could demoralise the army. The statement accused unidentified "newspapers

and media institutions" of

failing to respond positively to an earlier government plea for care in reporting military affairs. "The government was reluctantly compelled to take this step," it added.

the foreign media," Brig. Munesinghe said. A spokesman for the censors counted five potential offences that journalists

"We have nothing against

must be wary of. They should not publish stories on military intelligence, about the movement of troops or army operations in the battlefields without the censors'

approval, he said.

They should also desist from quoting unnamed sources and avoid reporting which could incite communal violence. It was not clear whether the last point preempted any comment on Colombo's recent political package to end the 12-year old ethnic war which has killed more than 50,000 people.

# Major and Bruton mend fences after summit rift

ALCUDIA, Majorca (R) — British Prime Minister John Major and his Irish counterpart John Bruton have begun mending fences after a disagreement over guerrilla arms which scuppered a summit between them earlier this month.

But officials said Saturday the two still had some way to go before agreeing a new date for a summit to give impetus to the stalled Northern Lrish peace

"We are looking at ways to progress," an Irish official said "But I don't think we're putting dates on (a new) summit, which is a good indication. The two leaders talked

Friday at an informal summit of European leaders on the Mediterranean island of Maiorca.

The face-to-face meeting was their first since Ireland called off talks between

this month after disagreements over Britain's stance on the arms issue.

That summit had been scheduled to announce the creation of an international commission to supervise the scrapping of arms held by the Irish Republican Army (IRA) and their loyalist

But Ireland backed out after Mr. Major refused to budge on his insistence that the Irish Republican Army had to give up its arms before Sinn Fein, the IRA's political wing, could enter all-party talks on the future British-ruled

As he went into the meeting Friday, Major told the BBC be was sticking to his hard line on arms.

province.

The blockage that needs to be overcome is to give confidence and belief to the people of Northern Ireland

that the weapons really are no longer needed.

The only way in which that can credibly be done is for Sinn Fein to make it clear that they will begin to decommission weapons." Mr. Major told the BBC as he arrived for the summit.

His remarks followed hard on the heels of a warning by Sinn Fein President Gerry Adams Friday that violence could resume in Northern Ireland after a year of peace unless Britain stopped linking peace talks to the surrender of guerrilla arms.

But David Trimble, leader of the biggest Protestant party, the Ulster Unionists. said in Belfast that Britain had to stand firm on its demands for the scrapping of guerrilla arms.

Officials said Saturday they did not expect a new summit date to come out of

Major and Bruton earlier that violence really is over, the talks, but added they hoped to baye some signs of

> Mr. Bruton said before he went into the talks that it was not just the two governments, but all parties involved, which had to shift their positions for the peace process to go forward.

> Some commentators saw his remarks as an attempt to calm British concerns that Dublin had moved too close to Sinn Fein in its efforts to broker progress in the peace process, adding that this could herald a break-

Irish officials said Mr. Bruton was making every effort to put the peace talks back on track. But they said it was still too soon to talk of a breakthrough. "That's a little bit too rosy," one Irish

### India: U.S. move will fuel arms race in South Asia

NEW DELHI, India (AP) — The easing of U.S. congressional sanctions on Pakistan will fuel an arms race with India that neither country can afford, Indian officials and military

experts said. The government angrily Thursday's vote in the U.S. Senate permitting resumption of arms sales to Pakistan. "The U.S. move would not be conducive to promoting peace, security and stability in South said Foreign Ministry spokesman Arif

Khan. A government-funded think: tank said the decision could set back India-U.S. relations, which have been improving steadily since the end of the cold war.

American arms sales have been blocked since 1990, after President George Bush could no longer certify that Pakistan was not building weapons. Thursday's amendment was the first step towards reversing that.

On Thursday, the Senate voted 55-45 to ease the sanctions, overriding objections by senators who accused Pakistani officials of telling "lie after lie after lie" about their nuclear

Pakistan has denied it possesses atomic weapons, but says it has the ability to

manufacture them. The sanctions blocked delivery of F-16 jet fighters that Pakistan had already bought. Islamabad will still not receive the F-16s, but it will get three P-3 Orion aircraft, missiles that can attack tanks and ships and an array of ammunition and spares for its U.S.-made

experts said. "The move calls for India to review its vulnerability." said C. Uday Bhasker, a senior fellow of the Institute for Defence Studies and Analyses, a governmentfunded organisation.

equipment in its arsenal,

The sale of missiles and long-range naval reconnaissance aircraft to Pakistan will leave Indian tanks. bases and ships off the west coast vulnerable, Mr. Bhasker said. The two neighbours have fought three wars.

"The military balance will change, but not in any manner that tilts it against India," said P.R. Chari, a defence expert at the Centre for Policy Research, an independent research

organisation. Under pressure to keep

down the federal deficit and to expand poverty-alleviation programmes, India has kept its defence spending at about \$6 billion for the past

three years. The last time India inducted new aircraft was in the mid-1980s when it acquired three squadrons of Sovietbuilt MiG-29s and two of the French-built Mirage-2000s. The navy also is operating an aging fleet and obsolete carriers.

The Foreign Ministry spokesman indicated that India would soon move to match the technological edge that the new weapons could give Pakistan. "The government of India

is committed to taking all necessary measures to counter the adverse effects on our security," Mr. Khan told reporters. He did not say whether that included weapons.

The move also meant that the United States accepts Pakistan's acquisition of nuclear weapons," Mr. Khan said.

In Washington, the State Department Friday hailed the U.S. Senate vote easing a five-year ban on aid to Pakistan as evidence of "our commitment to a good and stable relationship with

"We want to develop a much stronger ... and a more flexible relationship with Pakistan," department spokesman Nicholas Burns

Asked to comment on an Indian government statement that the release could stimulate an arms race between the South Asian neighbours, Mr. Burns said "I assume" the American embassy in New Delhi had explained the situation to India.

Another State Department official, talking under rules of anonymity, said the United States had emphasised to Pakistan that support for the release was based on expectations that Pakistan would not substantially change the status quo in proliferation of nuclear missiles.

Noting that the one release will mean little change in India's regional tates accepts military superiority, the "clandestine official said the Clinton administration expects that India will "react responsibly" and recognise that relations with the United States can benefit both sides.

> The House of Representatives has not yet acted on its version of the legislation.

### O. J. Simpson case lawyers prepare for final arguments

Lawyers in the O.J. Simpson double-murder ttial get down to the vital task Saturday of preparing closing arguments in a case that has riveted the nation's attention and provided an unprecedented television spectacular.

In behind-the-scenes activities that will neither be seen nor heard, prosecution and defence attorneys will prepare what could perhaps be the most important segment of the year-long marathon case.

The closing arguments were set to begin Tuesday, the anniversary of the start of the Jury selection process on Sept. 26, 1994, with lead prosecutor Marcia Clark extolling the jury to find the football legend guilty in the gruesome murders of his ex-wife, Nicole Brown Simpson, and her friend Ronald Goldman.

Simpson, who found later fame as a sportscaster and TV pitchman, has pleaded not guilty to the killings.

Ms. Clark was expected to tell the jury there was a "mountain of evidence" linking Simpson to the murcopiers acceptant minute tenders to an animal tenders to an animal tenders to an animal tenders and tenders to an animal tenders and tenders to animal tende ders, including a trail of blood leading from outside Nicole Simpson's luxury condominium where the two were brutally stabbed to death on the night of July 12, 1994, to Simpson's mansion just three kilometres away.

Simpson's lead defence attorney, Johnnie Cochran, prosecution's attack by pointing to inconsistencies the prosecution's approach, including the impeachment of key witness Mark Fuhrman, who testified to finding a bloody glove on Simpson's estate

Mr. Fuhrman stated under oath that he had not made any racial statements over the last 10 years, but the defence provided the Jury with four witnesses who said he frequently used racial epithets aimed at blacks and Hispanics, and that he had a particular hatred of interracial cou-

Simpson is a black sports hero. Mr. Fuhrman is white, as were the victims.

Saturday's behind-closeddoors activities will follow a day of high drama in court Friday as Simpson was allowed to address the court, protesting his innocence while expressing the hope the trial would end soon.

Judge Lance Ito's decision to allow him to speak outside the presence of the jury was seen as "highly unusual" by legal analysts. Al Deblanc, a criminal defence attorney and analyst for KTLA television, said it was the first time he had seen it in 21 years of prac-

Simpson, dressed in a dark business suit, stood before ito and said, in a voice filled with emotion and tears Jan. 11.

LOS ANGELES (R) — was expected to counter the welling in his eyes, "good morning, your honour. As much as I would like to address some of the misrepresentation made about myself and my - and Nicole concerning our life together, I am mindful of the mood and stamina of hours after the fatal attack. this jury.

"I have confidence ... that they will find as the record stands now that I did not, could not and would not have committed this crime. "I have four kids, two kids I haven't seen in a year. They ask me every week, 'dad, how much longer?' I want this trial over. Thank you." As Simpson mentioned his children, his eldest daughter, Arnelle, from his first marriage, broke down and

> tators' gallery. Following his brief speech Simpson waived his right to testify and Defence Attorney Johnnie Cochran formally asked Judge Ito to dismiss the charges on the grounds the prosecution had failed to present sufficient evidence of guilt, a request Judge Ito denied.

sobbed quietly in the spec-

The jury was then brought in and the prosecution and the defence officially rested their cases to the obvious relief of the jurors who had listened to 120 witnesses and seen hundreds of exhibits during almost nine months of testimony that began on Jan. 31. The jury has been sequestered since

### Perry urges reconciliation with former Soviet Bloc

GARMISCH-PARTENKI-CHEN, Germany (AP) — Preventing war depends on expanding alliances as well as deterrence, U.S. Defence Secretary William Perry told officers from former

Warsaw Pact countries. Speaking at a U.S.-funded academy for officers from Central and Eastern Europe, Mr. Perry described how American security strategy seeks to build on past successes and avoid past mistakes. Russia may be the key, he said.

"The cold war has ended, and once again the United States is reaching out to promote reconciliation with former adversaries of the coid war," Mr. Perry told the officers, who are learning the principles of civilian control of the military at the George C. Marshall European Centre for

Security Studies.

"Our goal is to prevent the seeds of conflict from sprouting anew," he said. Mistakes that short-circuited international peace plans included the failure of the United States to join the League of Nations after World War I and the Soviet Union's refusal to participate in the Marshall Plan to rebuild Europe after World

War II, he said. Today, Mr. Perry said, cooperation among old adversaries is essential as the world moves away from a security system based upon fear. "The primary strategy for

managing the danger of worldwide conflict has gone back from deterrence to prevention," Mr. Perry Mr. Perry spoke at a centre

named after the five-star general and secretary of state who developed the

rebuilding after World War II. He was addressing a graduating class of about 80 mid-level officers who will return to countries such as the Ukraine, the Czech Republic, and Poland, having studied how a military functions in a democracy.

The speech marked the

dedication of the Joseph J. Kruzel Auditorium at the centre. The room is named for Mr. Perry's top deputy on European security issues who was killed along with two other U.S. envoys when their armoured car plunged off the Mount Igman road outside of Sarajevo, the

Bosnian capital, on Aug. 19. Mr. Perry stopped in this picturesque winter resort town at the end of a weeklong trip that included meetings with defence officials in Slovenia, Slovakia, the Republic and

plan to aid in Europe's Hungary, all countries seeking to join the 16-nation NATO.

Mr. Perry cited U.S. aid to Russia for nuclear arms reduction, joint business ventures coordinated by Moscow and Washington, and friendships among U.S. and Russian officials as some of the elements of building a "pragmatic partnership" with America's former cold war foe.

But even if NATO expansion works perfectly and U.S.-Russian relations stabilise, Mr. Perry cautioned, regional wars and civil wars such as the Bosnian conflict cannot be prevented entire-

"If we are unable to prevent regional conflict, then we must be able to deter it,'

### Indonesian group: Military killed 16 civilians in Irian Jaya

Indonesia's official human rights watchdog charged Friday that the military tortured and killed at least 16 civilians in the jungle region of Irian Jaya, including five near a U.S.-owned copper mine.

The charges by the National Commission on Human Rights followed two investigations in the remote area in August and September,

We have concluded that between October 1994 and June 1995 ... there were violations of human rights in the form of indiscriminate

killings and torture," Marzuki Darusman, deputy chairman of the rights commission, told a news confer-

He said the military was also guilty of unlawful arrests, arbitrary detention, disappearances, excessive surveillance and destruction of property in the region.

Mr. Darusman said the 16 dead people included women and children, and that four others remained

All of the human rights abuses were committed by the military in operations against rebels in the Free at the news conference, said

a U.S.-owned mine in Timika, he said.

The Freeport Copper Mine, owned by Freeport-McMoran Copper and Gold Corp., "is described as a vital project," he said.

Five of the dead people were killed near the mine, he said. Their deaths have been linked to alleged attempts to expropriate land for the company's expan-

Karel Phil Erari, a Protestant minister from

Papua Movement and in he was satisfied with the maintaining security around commission's findings but believed that Freeport was involved in the killings.

Mr. Darusman said trucks and containers owned by Freeport were used in the arrests and killings of the civilians. But be said Freeport officials denied any involvement, saying they were unaware that their properties were being used.

The investigation was prompted by protests from civil liberties groups, which accused the army and Irian Jaya who was present Freeport of involvement in

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### Mess without ethics

NOTHING IS more damaging to a free press than journalists who mislead the public through the publication of incorrect information to serve the interests of certain groups or

Professional newspapers take extra care and impose strict controls to ensure that nothing but correct and verified news is presented to the readers. But no controls are sufficient to guard against misleading the public if journalists themselves disregard their professional ethics in order to make financial or political gains.

Commitment to objectivity and accuracy in reporting news should be sacred to all journalists and news organisations. Not all journalists hold their mission sacred, however, nor do all newspapers succeed all the time in upholding the principles of good journal-

The Jordanian press has been plagued, for sometime, with rumours that it has been penetrated by people who are in the profession solely to serve some foreign or local groups even if at the cost of objectivity, ethics and the national interests of the country. It is time that these rumours were dealt with.

The credibility of the whole Jordanian media could eventually become the doomed victim of these rumours. Consequently, the responsibility of finding out the truth about them is firstly and foremostly that of the journalists themselves. This is a responsibility that must be shouldered.

Jordanian news organisations should move to protect their credibility. That they can do by forming a committee that will conduct a thorough investigation of such reports as the one that was carried by Al Hayat newspaper on Wednesday. If it is proven that there are members of the profession whose loyalty is other than their professional ethics and their readers, proper action should be taken against them. The law and journalistic norms have prescribed enough ways for dealing with such journalists.

But if those who spread the rumours are found to have no proof to support their claims, they should be sued and fought collectively by every journalist and news organisation in the Kingdom. The credibility of the press takes years to build, but it takes a very short time to damage. Just as no corrupt journalist or group of journalists should be allowed to damage the reputation of the press, outsiders who level accusations without weighing their truths should learn that the press has teeth and can bite, either through the law or the power of information.

#### ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

COMMENTING ON the difficulties facing the Palestinian-Israeli negotiations on the implementation of the second phase of the Oslo agreement, Al Ra'i daily said the blame for these difficulties falls on the Israeli government. At the start of the negotiations the Israelis seemed uninterested in conducting serious talks and later, when pressed to pursue the negotiations, they resorted to the tactics of war rather than those of peace, said the paper. Citing the stepped up arbitrary measures against the residents of Hebron, Nablus and other areas in the West Bank in addition to the Gaza Strip, the paper said that such behaviour clearly reflects the tendency towards perpetuating hostilities rather than accepting the idea of peace with the Palestinians. The kind of peace which Israel is imposing on the Palestinians through its negotiations demonstrates the Jewish state's formula which imposes capitulation on the Palestinians, and does not grant them sovereignty over their land, continued the daily. The paper said that Israel should comply with the rules of peace and renounce the rules of war, and should seek peace on all tracks so that peace can

A WRITER in Al Ra'i said Jordan ought to benefit from advanced nations experience in matters related to higher education so as to solve the country's annual chronic problems related to university enrolment. Zeid Hamzeh said that universities in Europe and the United States are open to all students and they seldom face the problem which Jordan encounters every summer. For one thing, school graduates are allowed to continue their higher education while working and are provided with advanced rechnical and vocational training enabling them to work at

mies and different businesses, said the writer. Another and more important point, he said, is that the advanced nations do not face a population problem as the growth rate is almost zero, while in Jordan the annual increase in population stands at 3.4 per cent, which means a growth of 142,000 year alone. The increase in population be year alone. The increase in population, he ans an increase in demand for university educatio... He said that partial solutions are of no use; and the country has to reach the roots of the problem if it really seeks a lasting solution.

Sunday's Economic Pulse

By Dr. Fahed Al Fanek

## Census results must be revealed

A GENERAL census is supposed to be conducted in Jordan once every 10 years covering all aspects of the population and its activities. A census was thus due on 1989, but circumstances in that turbulent year and its economic and social troubles did not make it feasible. It was postponed for five years, until it was finally carried out last December.

The census of December 1994 was given the green light to go ahead after securing the necessary funding of around JD 3 million. For several weeks preceding the implementation date, the official media, especially Jordan Radio and Television, launched an extensive campaign aimed at promoting awareness of the value of accurate information being made available to decision makers, as a prerequisite for the success of economic and social planning, and for proper drawing of policies in both public and private

A few days after concluding the census, the Department of Statistics came up with some tentative results which indicated that the population of Jordan was slightly less than previously assumed. The overall figure was just below 4.1 million, of which around 3.8 million were Jordanians, while the remainder was made up of Arabs and foreign residents. The census did not include Jordanians living abroad except for students.

At the time, we expected more figures to be announced, although gradually. However, since then we have not heard from the Department of Statistics. This silence has given rise to rumours and speculations which could not be positive. People are asking: "Is there something to hide?"

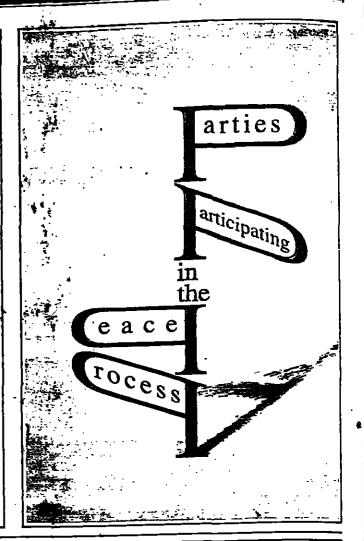
The mere undertaking of the census, and the nature of the questions asked, had caused some fears among

Jordanian-Palestinians due to specific classification of refugees (1948) and displaced (1967). The blackout on the findings of the census, or the delay in revealing the final results, had caused worries on the part of the East Bank Jordanians as well. The Jordanian government thus was successful in scaring both groups, albeit for different

We appreciate the sensitive subject of determining the ratio of Jordanians according to origins, but since the census was actually performed, with a high cost of time, effort and money, it is not acceptable to keep the results in the files and to refrain from placing all the figures under the disposal of those who run the political, economical, and social aspects of the country. This would be like asking policy makers and businessmen to work in the darkness, or with their eyes closed.

Several weeks ago I asked the prime minister about the outcome of the census and the reasons for delay in announcing its findings. He seemed unconcerned about the whele operation. "The census was not done in my time" he answered. I also called on the director of the Department of Statistics, who confirmed that the classification and compilation were finished weeks ago. What is being done now is drawing samples for rechecking, to perfect the results and exclude the slightest clerical mistakes that may be committed. He adamantly refused to give me any figures until they are officially announced. No date was given for such an announcement, however

Transparency, which is essential in democracy, requires that all the detailed outcome of the census be made public without further delay.



being repsonsible for stifl-

ing efficiency and initiative.

But here the line between

economic necessity and

political considerations be-

comes blurred, as increased

political tensions make gov-

ernments reluctant to either

reduce their commiment to

the public sector, which re-

mains responsible for the

bulk of employment, or end

the generous subsidies for

GCC nationals. As a result,

there is little evidence of

any plans to sell off typical

privatisation favourites

such as utilities. It is also for

this and the more ominous

reason of keeping a tight

control over domestic

security that the telecom-

munication industry — a

hot favourite for privatisa-

tion in other emerging eco-

nomies — remains firmly in

Nevertheless many in the

region are optimistic about

future prospects for priva-

tisation, seeing it as a

means of reversing the re-

gion's historical tendency

towards capital flight

Kuwait's Finance Minister

Nasir Al Rodhan has

announced that his govern-

ment is going ahead with

the privatisation program-

me it drew up as a five-year

plan last year. "If matters on the market proceed as

they are doing now, then

we shall accomplish the

programme in less than the

time fixed for the privatisa-

tion plan," he said. Others

describe the need to priva-

tise more bluntly. One fund

manager, recalling that Dr.

Alirio Parra - the former

Venezuelan minister of

energy — warned that GCC governments no longer con-trol oil prices, said, "the

world is becoming a harsher place for the GCC. They

don't have the income from

oil they once had, and the

merging economies are

leaving them for dead.

They have no choice but to

government hands.

# Stark economic choices facing the Gulf states

By Naomi Collett

IT WAS business as usual in the stock markets of the Gulf despite recent political upheavals. The deposing of the emir of Qatar by his son, Sheikh Hamad; a reshuffling of the be-leaguered Bahraini cabinet in the wake of last year's dramatic riots and the removal of various key ministers in the Saudi cabinet certainly proved that — in the Middle East at least — a week is a long time in poli-So far the changes have

been greeted with enthusiasm as part of the region's ever continuing drive for modernisation. International and local dignitaries were not slow in voicing their support for the new-look governments. In Qatar, the accession of Sheikh Hamad was welcomed as being long overdue. Once firmly established in Doha, the new emir made no secret of his determination to drag the conomy into the 1990s and set about raising private sector funds for the government. A decree setting up a Doha Securities Market was immediately issued. And while the law stipulated that only equities and bonds of Qatari companies and treasury instruments issued by the government can be traded, the government is discussing kick starting the privatisation process by selling up to 30 per cent of its holdings in various profitable industries such as steel, refineries and petrochemicals. The possibility of trading in shares issued in the other Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) states, and so opening up the important Saudi market to local investors, is also under discussion.

In the Gulf banking centre of Bahrain, the political situation looks more murky with the Al Khalifa family coming under increasingly vociferous pressure from

the opposition movement to reinstate the 1973 constitution. But despite the longevity and passion of the pro-democracy riots which have surprised many, the stock market has remained immune to all ruptures on the political scene and, if foreign observers are to be believed, will continue to flourish. In fact the market picked up slightly after the cabinet reshuffle. As in Qatar, the new government has made much of its commitment to improving economic performance, in particular encouraging the growth of the private sector as a means of coping with Bahrain's rising unemployment. One member of the new cabinet was swift to point out that, "since the basic fundamentals for political, economic and social life have already been laid down... it is only natural for our country to start a new phase for the optimal

rationalisation of state revenues and spending.' Across the causeway in Saudi Arabia, the mood is also positive. According to Basil Al Ghalayini, head of the London office of the International Investor — a Kuwait-based Islamic investment company — the country welcomes the changes. "It's time we had some new faces in the cabinet, and this is a very healthy change. It will definitely improve Saudi Arabia's image in the interna-tional arena." Mr. Ghalayini is similarly upbeat on the subject of privatisation. "The new cabinet will be keen to push through privatisation more quickly and so increase liquidity which has been one of the main problems of the Saudi stock market so far.

Of course this very public show of providing the local economies with a much needed kick start should not affect foreign buyers too much. Despite the relentless search of international fund managers for

high yields, so far the up-surge in private capital flows has largely passed the Gulf by. In fact the small -amount of private capital attracted to the Middle East region as a whole contrasts unfavourably with the ex-perience of East Asia and Latin America, as well as with the transitional economies of Eastern and Central Europe. While the main stock merket in the Gulf. Saudi Arabia, remains closed to outside investment, Kuwait, as the largest of the markets open to nonnationals, is dogged by its own problems. Earlier this year fears were expressed of a "fire sale" of private Kuwaiti assets destabilising the market as the government moved to recover part of the \$24 billion in private debts it took on after the 1982 local stock market crash. The debate, in Kuwait's parliament over easing repayment terms still

#### Can privatisation take off?

Aside from such worries, all stock markets in the region are blighted by more general problems such as the absence of indigenous clusters of competitive firms. Entrenched state control of industry and the tendency for family-owned enterprises to use banks as the primary source of financing so as to maintain complete control over decision-making means that markets across the region are extremely limited in capitalisation and liquidity. So far, only a pitifully esti-mated \$3 billion worth of assets have been sold, with Kuwait alone of the Gulf states making any significant sales. Again, any com-parison with the newly initiated markets of Eastern Europe and South Asia reveals that local equity market capitalisation is minimal. The limited nature of the privatisation process means

that there is a large pent-up demand for shares from Gulf investors and nationals based abroad, witness the ferocious bidding by local financiers when shares in the National Industries Company were auctioned recently by the Kuwait Investment Authority.

Cynics have gone so far as to claim that privatisation will not take off in the Middle East until govenrments really feel the pinch. Claiming that the sole incentive for government selloffs is the direction of oil prices, they cite the downward trend in oil prices and the undercutting of OPEC by non-members as providing the impetus for local governments' recent enthusiasm for relinquishing control of the economy. They also claim that the likelihood of the various projects earmarked for privatisation going ahead depends on the oil markets remaining depressed, and point out that given the absence of any ideological commitment to privatisation, it is not surprising that most governments have been dragging

#### A gloomy prognosis

their heels.

If supply is beset by problems, then future demand is also less than promising. The Mexico crisis left a nasty taste in the collective mouth of fund managers and brought home the dangers of investing in exotic locations. Asked one fund-manager: "Why should we. risk the Middle East for qubious returns when there are markets closer to home with higher returns?" adding, "we are now more interested in getting the fundamentals right." And with fund managers' search for high yields giving way to an emphasis on quality, future prospects for the region look bleak. World Bank reports are less than enthusiastic about the longterm growth prospects of the region. While Tunisia and Morocco are praised for progress on structural adjustment, the Gulf has been lambasted for its failure to get to grips with Similar problems.

According to The World Economy and Implications for the Middle East and North Africa Region, 1995-2010, a paper sponsored by the World Bank, over the pastidecade real per capita GDP in the Middle East has fallen, representing the largest such decline in any developing region with the exception of the transitional econ-o-mist of Eastern Europe. The major reasons for this are given as adverse extérnal factors such as falling oil prices, but slow progress in reforming public sectors and promoting private sector-led diversification are also blamed. One report warns that the region's GDP will need to advance by five per cent per year over the coming deif it is to comper for earlier declines in living standards and absorb new entraits to the labour force.

This division between the Gulf and and other emerging economies is set to worsen. Speaking at the Oman Vision 2020 confereace held by the ministry of development in June, the head of the Middle East and North Africa region at the World Bank, Mr. Cajo Koch-Weser, stressed the underperformance of the Middle East economies as the discralisation of trade and capital flows moves the world towards the globalisation of its economy. Other World Bank reports also warn that as market and products become more globatised and competition from Eastern Europe and Asia intensifies, the region risks "finding itself inreasingly marginalised." One major target for economist wrath is the public sector which is seen as

Middle East International

privatise."

# In shadow of wars, mediation corps winning some for peace

By Charles J. Hanley

The Associated Press

THE GUYS with the guns get on prime time. But Amhadou Abdullah and Mohammad Sahnoun are winning battles too quiet, back-page victories for peace in a warlords'

As the bloody 1990s wear on, Sahnoun, Abdullah and other specialists in international "preventive diplomacy" are fanning out to trouble spots early, to reason, cajole and pressure, to try to keep the map from growing bloodier still.

Jimmy Carter is the bestknown of these peacemakers, a veteran of Haiti and North Korea who last week launched a Cuba mediation effort. But more obscure envoys are taking on challenges just as explosive as those the ex-president tries

to defuse. In just three years, the new U.N. Department of Political Affairs has become the hub for a platoon of globe-trotting conciliators. Unofficial mediators are proliferating, too: One list counts two dozen groups

dedicated to international conflict prevention, from Mr. Carter's high-powered international negotiation network down to church organisations.

Like so much else in to-

day's world, the growth in preventive diplomacy began with the cold war's end. For decades, U.S. and Soviet diplomats did the preventive work, stoking and cooling world hot spots to suit their needs. When superpower rivalry faded but small-scale conflict did not, a law of diplomatic supply and demand kicked in: Secretary General Boutros Ghali rushed to fill the gap, establishing political affairs and declaring preventive diplomacy most important issue facing

us today." His and other mediators, though often overshadowed by such debacles as Bosnia, Somalia and Rwanda, have logged thousands of miles and a growing list of succes-

- Just this month, U.N. envoy Cyrus Vance, former U.S. secretary of state, brokered a deal easing tensions between the former Yugoslav republic of Macedonia

and its neighbour Greece.
On Macedonia's northern s border, U.S. and other troops are "preventively" deployed under the U.N. flag to guard against a spil-lover of ethnic violence from Serbia.

- In Burundi, Central Africa, where Hutu-Tutsi Vielence threatenes to explotte into genocide like Rwanda's, Mauritanian diplomat Abdullah has won the trust of all sides as his eight-member U.N. team has helped keep the lid on for the past 22 months. In Gongo in 1993.

Sahnouz, an Algerian diplomat dispatched by the Organistation of African Unity, helped avert an ethnic war over disputed election results.

- That same year, the Secretary General of the Organisation of American States, Joao Baena Soares, flew to Guatemala and helped peacefully undo an anti-democratic coup.

Quiet backroom di-plomacy by U.N. officials, also in 1993, led Estonian and Russian leaders to back down at the 11th hour in a dangerous' face-off over Russian minority rights in



the Baltic state.

A scholar of preventive diplomacy, Michael S. Lund, said Estonia showed the effectiveness of the diplomatic full-court press: Mr. Carter, U.S. senators, European envoys all communicated their concerns to

the two sides. "When you have a critical mass of outside parties like that, all wanting a peaceful resolution, it seems to weigh in as a kind of pressure on the parties to work it out," said Mr. Lund, of Washington's

U.S. Institute of Peace.

Another winning ingredient: the ability big powers have, and through them the United Nations, to threaten sanctions or promise financial aid to keep a costly war

from breaking out.
The experts next candidate for a full-court press: Nigeria, where the military keeps democracy shackled.

Sceptics say preventive diplomacy is being oversold. The hard cases will simply not submit, says Stephen John Stedman, an Africa specialist at Johns Mopkins University.
"The humanitarian

tragedies of today were caused mainly by leaders who were interested in neither reaching nonviolent resolutions to conflicts nor making concessions," Mr. Stedman wrote recently. But some sceptics may be

coming around. The Wall Street Journal's conservative editorial page last week noted that "we generally frown" on international mediation, but went on to suggest the time has come to try the U.N. hand at breaking the Indian-Pakistan impasse

over Kashmir.



## Police get tough with UAE's bad drivers

By Michael Georgy

ABU DHABI — Police guard Mohammad Taleb cyed rows of nervous prisoners swept up in a mounting crackdown on the number one killer in the United Arab Emirates (UAE).

"We show them pictures of fatal accidents to frighten them. Those who cause injuries stay in prison as long as their victims are in hospital," he said, pointing to large photographs of wreck-

It could be worse — a flogging for some — as the authorities in this Gulf Arab state get tough with the legions of reckless drivers who contribute to one of the world's highest traffic death rates. Last year alone there

were more than 600 road deaths, over 6,000 injuries and nearly 16,000 car accidents in a land of only two million people where highways have speed bumps and driving tests can take years

Ras Al Khaimah, one of the seven emirates in the UAE federation, has already resorted to hardline easures to deter reckless

Two youths were caned 30 times each last month before 2,000 people at the spot where they caused a

"Some people listen and others don't," said Colonel

fatal accident.

Mohammad Samee, the UAE's director-general of traffic.

Those who are not willing and cause traffic deaths should be flogged. If it works in Ras Al Khaimah we will start flogging people across the country."

At the Abu Dhabi Traffic

Department, the fervour of the nationwide safety drive is palpable. An imposing green sign that reads "speed kills" in

English and Arabic greets visitors in the car park.
Inside, colourful charts displaying the number of accidents per week, month and hour hang in offices as

experts analyse the latest collision pattersn. Weekly lectures are deli-

vered to hundreds of bus and taxi drivers as well as teenagers. Motorists who seem unfit for the bazardous roads are given psychological tests.

And everyone is freminded that causing a dead-ly accident is punishable by up to three years behind

Captain Said Al Matroushi, the chief accident investigator, sits at his desk as traffic violators stream into his office describing their side of the story. One man walked in with badly brusied face after

the traffic court upstairs re-fused to deal with his case without proper documents. "I can't get the papers, they were covered with blood in the accident," he pleaded. But Mr. Matroushi would not relent.

The authorities are also delivering the safety mes-sage on television and radio programmes and in news-

Police express rising frustration and many fear the toll of death and injury will only climb. The leading road pre-

 brazen teenagers armed with powerful cars, oil money and idle time seem oblivious to the safety message, police say.

Every night scores of young men in flowing white robes with one hand on the steering wheel and the other on a mobile phone hit

the streets in sleek limousines and thunderous four-wheel drive vehicles.

Interior Ministry officials say those too young to drive legally are sometimes given the keys to their parents'

"At night I try to stay off the roads. These kids try to swerve into my car and scare me for kicks," a taxi driver complained.
The crackdown has even

netted foreigners visiting the UAE for a good time.

'Get me a neckbrace.' said Omani tourist Mahmond Ali, facing the prospects of 80 lashes in addition to his whiplash, just before being locked up for drunk driving.

### Syria opens its touristic treasures

By Kinda Jayoush Reuter

DAMASCUS — Cleopatra reputedly used to stroll a wide, colonnaded path here and archaeologists dug the

world's oldest recorded alphabet out of Syrian Now modern-day visitors are coming in record numbers to a country that has long been at the crossroads

of civilisation but until recently was off the beaten tourist track. "Syria with its rich history and nature has all that a tourist would like to see. There is the mountain, the desert, the coast and the valley in addition to the

archaeological places,"

Tourism Minister Amin

Abul Shamat told Reuters.

Tourism in nearby countries like Turkey, Israel and Egypt has been going through hard times as a result of an increase in vio-

Such violence, however, has not recently, affected Syria whose President

Hafez Assad keeps a tight rein on domestic affairs. We were astonished at the big increase of tourists coming to Syria this year, but we think that safety and security made Syria an attractive centre," Abul

Shamat said.

He said the government attached enormous importance to the tourism industry to play a greater role in the national economy, even though it now accounts for only some seven per cent of

gross domestic product. Income from tourism in 1994 was-around \$850 million but Mr. Abul Shamat said the target was to dou-

ble this within five years. He added that Syria was expecting to receive more than four million tourists in

the year 2000, up from around two million in 1994. We have now 65,000 hotel rooms and we hope to increase the number to over 140,000 rooms in the year 2000 including 20,000 rooms by the side of the Assad Lake (on the Euphrates river in the north-

east)," Abdul Muain

Maleh, planning director at

the ministry of tourism said. Mr. Abul Shamat said more than \$1 billion would be invested by the government and the private sector to build new hotels and other tourist facilities during the next five years. More than \$900 million

was spent during the last year on new hotels, he said. What the tourists get for their travel dollars is a chance to visit and ogle some of the marvels of the Middle East.

One of the most impressive is the looming hulk of the Crac de Chevalier crusader castle, built on a craggy mountaintop in western Syria by the Europeans who came here to vanquish In the coastal city of Lat-

takia in the north, near Aleppo, the world's most ancient recorded alphabet the 30-letter Ugarit dating to the 14th century BC

The ancient city of Bosras some 100 km south of Damascus, has a Roman theatre which seats up to 15,000 people. In the desert northeast of

was found.

Damascus stand the vast ruins of Palmyra, whose Queen Zenobia built it into a powerful trading centre but whose lack of fealty angered Rome which partly destroyed it in AD 272.

Another powerful woman of ancient times, Cleopatra, reputedly strolled the colonnaded path in the ancient city of Apamea, north of Palmyra, where a major restoration is under

Syrian officials think that more people are being lured to Syria — to sample its fine Middle Eastern cuisine and buy rugs in its famous souks (markets) as well as see the historic sites - in part because of satellite broadcast beamed throughout the Middle

"Syria's satellite channel which produced several programmes about Syria's tourist sites had contributed, in addition to other elements, to this big boost," Mr. Abul Shamat

But in the end, Syria is the best advertisement for itself. Tourism officials noted that an exhibition of Syrian artefacts that was supposed to be on display for about a month in Paris and Rome was so popular it stayed for six.

### King leaves for France today

(Continued from page 1) Monetary Fund (IMF).

In one of its rare gestures to any Third World country, the World Bank offered itself as guarantor for \$50 million in seven-year bonds that Jordan issued this month to help the Kingdom's projects in the telecommunications sector. The King will be accompa-

nied by Prime Minister Sharif Ben Shaker, Foreign

Minister Abdul Karim Kabariti, Finance Minister Basel Jardaneh, Minister of Industry and Trade Ali Abul Ragheb and Planning Minister Rima Khalaf. While in the U.S. some of

the ministers will also attend meetings of the working groups of the multilateral phase of the Middle East peace process and streamline hat are expected to be

discussed and finalised at the MENA summit. These include the establishment of a Middle East development bank and regional tourism and businessmen's councils. Finance Minister Jardaneh

is also expected to sign an

agreement with the U.S. government under which Washington is writing off more than \$400 million in

But we believe in all hones-

#### Kabariti to meet Sabah at U.N.

(Continued from page 1)

Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al Faisal would visit Amman sometime in October after the U.S. meetings in New York. It would be his first to Amman since the Gulf crisis. Mr. Kabariti went to Riyadh twice over the past two months as part of efforts

to mend fences. In comments published Saturday Mr. Kabariti blamed Syria for a deterioration in relations, saying there is no justification for Syrian concerns about Jordanian

Mr. Kabariti, in an interview published in the Al Hayat Arabic daily, said that on the contrary peace beshould strengthen Syria's

(Continued from page 1)

"Our expert teams are

working on that and I am

sure they will make their findings public," he said. Mr.

reb on Friday from north-

who arrived in Zag-

own negotiating position. "I do not deny that there really is a summer cloud (in relations). It has gone on some time and it has now entered the autumn season but we trying with all seriousness to restore relations to what they should be," he

deterioration, he said: "That question must be put to the Syrians. As for us, we see no justifications or reasons for any conflict with Syria. "It seems that Jordan

Asked what was behind the

reaching a balanced agree-ment which ensures Jordanian interests, before an Israeli-Syrian agreement was reached, has aroused some concerns and might have aroused some sensitive feelings on the Syrian side."

ty that the Jordanian agree-ment (with Israel) is in the interest of the peace process and helps to support the Syrian negotiator," he added.
Syria, which is far behind Jordan and the Palestinians in its own peace talks with Israel, opposes rapid norma-

lisation with the Jewish state Syrian President Hafez Al Assad has also shown signs of pique at Jordan's decision to grant political asylum to the prominent sons-in-law of Ira-President Saddam Hus-

In Cairo last Thursday, Mr. Kabariti noted that other Arab states had also given refuge to Iraqi dissidents, he specifically mentioned Iraqis who have been in Syria.

"I believe there is a double standard. There is a kind of hypocrisy and duplicity in the political dialogue," he said.

### 1 in four Iraqis at risk

(Continued from page 1) opposition groups since the end of the Gulf war in 1991.

\*Freedom of expression and opinion in this region cannot be guaranteed," Mr. Khadduri said.

took control of the area in 1991 after Britain, France and the United States imposed an air exclusion zone them protection against

Baghdad announced on Sept. 7 that a presidential referendum would be held on renewing the mandate of Saddam Hussein for a further seven years. Iraq said it

would invite 10,000 foreignobservers to the unprecedented referendum. Iraqi opposition leaders

Jalal Talabani and Ayatollah Mohammad Bakir Hakim have held talks in the Iranian capital on the situation in their country and efforts to

the Islamic Revolution in Sheikh Hakim, met on Friday with Mr. Talabani, head of the Patriotic Union of Kurdistan (PUK).

isolation and falling apart of the regime" in Baghdad, it

"unite the opposition and spread resistance to rid the Iraqi people" of President Saddam and "return peace and security" to Iraqi Kurdis-

They also reviewed ways to

Mr. Talabani's rivai, Massoud Barzani of the Kurdistan Democratic Party (KDP) also travelled to Iran last Sunday and met President Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani, following a breakdown in U.S. efforts to secure a

PUK-KDP peace deal. The two factions, which jointly control northern Iraq, agreed to a ceasefire in August but have yet to implement a deal aimed at ending a conflict that has cost more than 2,000 lives since May

### Old controversy resurfaces

(Continued from page 1) ports in 1990 which, he said, showed clearly that prominent Jordanian personalities, including jour-nalists, received gifts from the Iraqi regime.
"At that time it was not

controversial because the official Jordanian policy was on the side of the Iraqi regime. Now the case is different," Mr. Ne'matt

In fact, in his report, Mr. Ne'matt claimed that the Iraqi regime has intensified its efforts to recruit supporters in Jordan after Lieutenant-General Hussein Kamel defected to Amman along with his brother and their two wives, both daughters of President Saddam Hussein

Iraqi regime by giving money or gifts or paying direct salaries, Mr. Ne'matt had reported,

We will go to court to find out who these Iraqi institutions are," Mr.

the Hashemite Kingdom of A

Hayat to tell us who are these Iraqi institutions that want to win support for the Iraqi regime by doling out money and gifts." But over and above his

obvious anger at Mr. Ne'matt's implication of iournalists in Iordan through Al Hayat report, Mr. Masarweh also took offence at the report's claim that companies were created in Jordan as a front "to actively work for the benefit of Iraqi officials."

"As Jordanian citizens who are concerned over the sovereignty of this country, we demand of Al Hayat to reveal the names of these front companies. It is our right and the right of the Ministry of Trade and Industry to know about

# Taliban night attacks foiled

(Continued from page 12)

This is a serious threat to Dostum," stated Abdullah. On the reported new alliance between Mr. Masood and General Dostum, Abdullah said there were contracts

land at Kandahar airport.

had been released Saturday.

Clerics demonstrate .

He gave no details.

with the aim of stopping fighting in the north but as yet there was no positive He said pro-Rabbani forces still controlled Chakh-

charan, the capital of Ghor province, after re-capturing it from the Talibans last week. Abdullah said the Talibans posed no military threat to the eastern provincial capital Jalalabad, whose shoora or

ruling council was — despite still "on side with Kabul." rumours to the contrary He said the crew of an Ariana Afghan Airlines cargo jet hijacked by the Talibans Thursday and forced to

We will spare no effort to find a peaceful solution, and we will work with NATO to implement a settlement once the parties reach it," the

About 1,000 mullahs and Islamic students accused neighbouring Pakistan on Saturday of interference in

in Kabul.

through the city carrying anti-Pakistan banners and chanting slogans against Pakistain Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto and the Inter-Services Intelligence (ISI) network.

march organisers on their way to the U.N. Office of the Secretary General in Afghanistan and Pakistan (OSGAP). "Death to ISI." and "Down with Benazir." they chanted.

Kabul's charges, which Pakistan denies, that the ISI had used the Talibans as a screen to hide what amounts to an invasion of the western provinces of Afghanistan. The Religious Affairs

Ministry organised the pro-test as a vehicle to carry to the OSGAP the 10-point memorandum, which called on the United Nations to send observers to monitor Afghan borders to evaluate and prevent foreign interven-

"We the clerics and ulema support the neutral and benevolent offices of the United Nations and those so-called Talibans who are ISI's representatives refute the U.N. good offices," the resolution

"In reality these sort of Talibans are not from the Afghan nation," it said. "We condemn the actions of ISI and its so-called Talibans. We are on the side of the

armed forces of the country and we will defend every inch of our country.'

### A timely contribution to debate on role of religion

**BOOK REVIEW** Christianity In The Arab World

Ex Hassan Bin Talal, Crown Prince of Jordan Amman, Royal Institute of Inter-Faith Studies, 1994, 120 pages.

This book is a timely and welcome contribution to the dialogue going on in almost all societies of the world, about the place of religion in life. It is the more pertinent inasmuchas it comes at a time when tension between Islam and the Christian West is rising while at the same time search for in-depth analyses goes on, regarding, not only the roots of the tension, but ways and means to contain and eventually overcome it. Momentarily searching for a modus vivendi for coexistence, some attempts, as in the work under consideration, are reaching out for positive coopera-

It was in Jordan, and to the credit of His Majesty King Hussein and his brother Crown Prince Hassan that the concept of dialogue between the three monotheistic Abrahamic religions came into being. Christianity In The-Arab World is a serious and sensitive work on a subject hitherto only sporadically addressed. While Western scholarship is either unaware, uninterested, or deliberately ignores the topic, Arab scholars, Christian and Muslim, are busy with what they consider more immediate concerns, shying away from the topic or discussing it in hushed voic-

Furthermore, the real, imagined, or trumped-up fixation with the so-called "Islamic" "fundamentalist" "terror" has tended to derail any serious consideration or scholarship on some of the real issues that have been the cause for tension in the relationship between the two great cultures of Islam and the West.

Prince Hassan's contribution is a rare and welcome one in that it objectively asks not only what is Christianity from a Muslim Arab perspective, but implicitly recognises Christianity as a powerful current in the great river that is the Arab-Muslim civilisation. Gently and compassionately touching and discussing hitherto untouchable issues, it lays before the eye and the imagination of the reader, the story of Arab Christianity in such a way as to capture the essence

By taking on himself the noble task of reconciling the three religions, the Hashemite Prince, the fortieth direct descendent of the Prophet Mohammad (May Peace Be Upon Him) has been faithful to the expectation and responsibility of his noble ancestry. His research is thorough and meticulous. His vibrant description of the tortuous rise and labyrinthine discussion of Christian beliefs, often verging on hairsplitting arguments between the various schools of thought and dogma is matched by a depth of analysis worthy of devoted scholars.

Gently, the author is drawing the attention of the world to the fact that there are Christians in the Arab World; and that while the Western world seems to be opening up its heart, pouring its sympathy and resources in support of the Jews, the Arab Christians have something to say too.

Concerning the origins of the Nicene Creed, the Christological controversies, or the Iconoclast controversy, his discussion presents the reader with a rare understanding of these complicated issues. The Chart on page 99 on the principal Christian confessions and churches, graphiifies the relationship betwee cal dogmas, beliefs and creeds.

Perhaps one of the greatest contributions of the book is that it can be read by the layman and the scholar, benefiting each, with a wealth of knowledge that far exceeds its one hundred or so pages.

The future of Christian Arabs is presented not only with lucidity but a historical vision as well. "... Much concern about the future of the Christian Arabs is currently being expressed among Christians inside the Arab World, particplarly in connection with the waves of Islamic fundamentalism... people who entertain such concern or fear rarely take into account that it is in the nature of waves.. to subside once they have consumed their initial driving force especially in the case of waves of social behaviour driven by ephemeral emotion rather than by solid reason. The fact remains that the Christian Arabs are in no way aliens to Muslim Arab society..." the Prince writes.

In earlier as well as in modern times, the Christian Arabs considered themselves; over and above all, as part and parcel of the great culture of Islam. Their relationship with God notwithstanding; their pride in being then and now Arab patriots remains boundless. Their language, customs, mores, culture, social relationships and manners are patently and clearly of Muslim orientation. The hero of the Christian Arab is Muslim: Omar Ibn Al Khattab, Ga'far Al Tayyar, Khalid Ibn Al Walid, Salah Al Din Al Ayubi ... etc, to name but a few.

In tracing the intricacies of the various schools of thought, the author is also recognising the vital role of the Christian Arabs in the history and development of the areas The survival of the Christians over the centuries must also be considered as yet another achievement of the tolerant, really accepting great mosaic culture of Islam. Definitely a major contribution to the dialogue between

religions, cultures and civilisations, the book attests to the

fact that the author's theology is as well-honed and sensitive as his political acumen.

Prof. Kamel S. Abu Jaber

### Israel, PLO on verge of deal

(Continued from page 1) the signing of the West Bank arrangements for Hebron.

accord and another 1,000 on the eve of elections. The Palestinians demand that all detainees be released, but Israel said it will not free

those convicted of killing Abu Medein, the Palesti-

nian justice minister, also said the Palestinians were not yet satisfied with all the

Another unresolved issue, left over from last year's talks on the first stage of autonomy, is the size of the PLOrun West Bank enclave of Jericho. Officials have said that if

the agreement is concluded Saturday, the two sides could formally sign it at the White House on Thursday.

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drop counts

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western Bosnia, gave no further details. Bosnia's Muslim-led government tried on Friday to dictate ceasefire terms to end the 31/2 year war, telling the Serbs to give up control of Banja Luka where authorities said 124 people, mostly elderly and sick, had died from exposure and lack of

This could not be independently confirmed but international aid workers described the situation as catastrophic.

Some 100 kilometres to the east in the embattled town of Doboj, Serbs expelled up to 480 Muslims into government-held territory, a U.N. aid official reported. kris Janowski, Sarajevo okesman for the U.N. High ommissioner for Refugees (UNHCR), said some, in-

forced to walk 22-kilometre at night to safety. one to the the the at breaking impase a Pakistan impase The European Union repeated a call for an immediate end to hostilities near

cluding women, were beaten

and robbed before being

Sarajevo and truce to follow

in entire Bosnia. But Bosnian Serb leaders vowed to recapture lost territory and Bosnian mainly-Muslim leaders set conditions for the ceasefire which were unacceptable for the Serbs. Bosnia's President Alija

Izetbegovic called on the

Serbs to demilitarise Banja

Luka where Serbs have shored up defences. Foreign Minister Mohammad Sacirbey demanded the Serbs completely lift the siege of Sarajevo and open a secure road to the surrounded Muslim enclave of Gorazde

in eastern Bosnia. The success of the Muslim-Croat offensive means that actual control of land is now close to the 49-51 per cent division on which international peace efforts are predi-

cated. The next round of diplomatic bargaining over Bosnia's future is due to take place in New York next Tuesday when the foreign ministers of Bosnia, Croatia and rump Yugoslavia, speaking for the Bosnian Serbs, will

meet U.S. and European Union mediators. U.S. President Bill Clinton said Saturday the latest\_developments in the Bosnian

conflict have created "a real Serbs retake part of territory chance for peace" that must be seized.

But Mr. Clinton, in his weekly radio address, said many obstacles remained to a diplomatic settlement in the Balkans and maintained that more NATO air raids were possible if the Bosnian Serbs resume attacks on U.N.declared safe areas.

Thanks to a combination of military muscle and diplomatic determination, there is now a real chance for peace in Bosnia. We must seize it," Mr. Clinton said.

Mr. Clinton said he had

instructed U.S. negotiators to

"push the peace process for-

ward" at talks in New York

starting Tuesday with the

foreign ministers of Bosnia. Croatia and Serbia. "Then I've asked them to return to the region... to keep the parties focused on an overall settlement." Mr.

Clinton added.

"There's no guarantee that we can reach a settlement. There are still deep, deep divisions among the parties. But there has been genuine progress.

# Kurdish opposition groups

unite the opposition. The Supreme Council of

> They discussed "latest development in Iraq and the

in August.
"Iraqi institutions are trying to recruit Jordanian journalists and writers and working on winning over all forces that support the

quoting official sources.

Masarweh said in his col-"As Jordanian citizens in

Afghanistan when they delivered a protest memorandum to the United Nations office In an officially organised demonstration, they marched

Death to the leaders of Pakistan," bellowed the

The slogans referred

# Asia sees dollar volatile but strengthening | Egyptian brokers sceptical

HONG KONG (R) — The dollar looks likely to stay volatile against the yen in the short term, but the overall trend towards a weaker yen bodes well for most Asian nations, analysts in the region

said Friday. The dollar's roller-coaster ride up to 104.70 yen, the plunge down to 97.10 and then the partial recovery to around the psychological 100 yen mark in the past three days is part of a process which is likely to continue,

they said.
"I think it will be a while until this volatility goes away," said Stephen Roberts, the chief economist at UBS Australia in Sydney.

"You can keep intervening on the foreign exchange mar-ket and, slowly but surely, they can probably work the ven to a better level, but that is going to be a very volatile process." he said.

Analysts said Japan's announcement of a 14.22 trillion yen (\$136 billion) economic stimulus package Wednesday was the trigger for the volatility, with the dollar rising to 104.70 yen in anticipation on Tuesday evening in New York.

But the dollar began sliding after the announcement of the package, as the Bank of Japan (BOJ) did not follow up with strong intervention, they said.

Still, the dollar has strengthened considerably since it bottomed out at 79.75 yen on April 19. Analysts said the trend towards a stronger dollar appears to be on course despite the volatility.

'Fundamentally, the strong dollar trend hasn't. changed, 110 yen isn't out of the question, but it will take. quite a bit of time," said Manabu Nakagawa, investment banking director at Bank of Nova Scotia in

And that is good news for many Asian nations which have debt denominated in yen and reserves heavy in

An economist with the People's Bank of China, the central bank, said that when the yen rose it pushed up the cost of China's debt repayments to the Japanese government and Japanese banks.

'So the fall means a cut in the amount of repayment, but the level of the yen is still comparatively high," said the economist, who spoke on

Most of China's foreign exchange earnings and foreign exchange reserves are in U.S. dollars, despite an increasing diversification because of the fall of the dollar earlier this year. At the end

of June, the reserves had reached \$62.6 billion, official figures show.

The Philippine central bank said the depreciation of the yen had reduced the dollar value of the country's foreign debt by \$3.4 billion to \$11.68 billion on Sept. 19 from \$15.088 billion on April 19, when the yen peaked against the dollar.

About 30 per cent of the country's foreign debt is denominated in yen. But Liza Laig, an economist at the private Centre for Research and Communication, said that would not boost foreign exchange reserves since loans denominated in yen would not actually be repaid for a number of years.

"There's no immediate effect on our international reserves, since most of them have medium to long-term maturity," Ms. Laig said.

Sudradjat Djiwandono, Indonesia's central bank governor, said at a parliament hearing Thursday that the yen's slide against the dollar was a positive development for the country, which has an estimated foreign debt of \$100 billion.

But the strengthening of the dollar against the yen also causes it to rise against the

The market is psychological and seasonal. We have to know what the season now is," said Fardi Kendy, treasury head of Mitsubishi Buana Bank in Jakarta.

Economists in Kuala Lumpur said the falling Japanese currency will relieve some pressure on Malaysia's burgeoning current account deficit, which has heightened fears of an overheating eco-

Japan is Malaysia's biggest trading partner, accounting for 26.7 per cent of its total imports of 156 billion ringgit (\$62.4 billion) in 1994, the economists said.

In Europe, German and French central bank chiefs fought to shore up the flagging dollar Friday and undo damage done by German Finance Minister Theo Waigel in casting doubt on Europe's plans for a single currency. Bundesbank, President Hans Tietmeyer said he cons-

idered foreign exchange market movements of the last few days as clearly exaggerated. The dollar, which shed as much as five per cent of its

value against the mark in two "I see no change in fundamental economic data compared to recent weeks," a Bundesbank spokesman

quoted Mr. Tietmeyer as

saying in an interview with a

news agency

The dollar seems to me to be clearly undervalued at present," the spokesman quoted Mr. Tietmeyer as

Bank of France President Jean-Claude Trichet said late Thursday in Frankfurt the U.S. dollar still had strong potential to rise against the mark and other currencies,

Mr. Waigel unleashed political outrage and market tur-moil Wednesday when he was reported telling a parliamentary committee that Italy would be unable to whip its finances into shape in time to be among the first countries adopting a single Euro-

The comments, from a parliamentary summary which Mr. Waigel said was unauthorised, sent the lira as well as the dollar tumbling and threw European bond markets into turmoil.

Mr. Waigel, who would neither deny nor confirm making the comments, tried Friday to make good by lend-

"I'm quite sure that the furore which arose from the somewhat unfortunate information policy of the parliament — not the govern-ment — will subside," Mr. Waigel said.

The Bundesbank, seen as displeased by the dollar's sudden plunge, lost no time in coming to the dollar's res-

"I'm convinced that the

markets will soon return to a more appropriate valuation, the spokesman cited Mr. Tietmeyer as saying. Economists said the Bundesbank was undoubtedly

better served by a dollar nearer 1.50 marks, where it started the week, than near The dollar was just above 1.42 marks by the middle of the European day on Friday.

Tietmeyer is trying, specifically with dollar/mark, to repair this drop," said Thomas Mayer, an economist at Goldman Sachs in Frankfurt. "The Bundesbank would

ing his hand to repairing the certainly like to have the dollar higher - probably where it was before this drop, пеаг 1.50."

> The Bundesbank has little to fear from a slight streng-thening of the dollar given the mild inflation outlook in Germany. A stronger dollar-would alleviate pressure on German exporters, economists said.

similar tack, saying: "I see the U.S. dollar still has potential against the yen and the European currencies." But Mr. Trichet stuck by Germany in reinforcing the importance of strict compliance with the Maastricht

France's Trichet took a

treaty, which lays down economic criteria that EU countries must meet before they сал participate in a single currency by 1999. "I share the view that it

would not be appropriate for economies that are not prepared to enter EMU (economic and monetary union),' Mr. Trichet said, referring to the start of the project.

# about privatisation

CAIRO (R) — Egyptian stockbrokers have said they were treating with caution the government's latest promise to accelerate the slow-moving privatisation

"I'll believe it when I see " two brokers said in unison, in response to news that the state will sell shares in 22 public-sector companies starting in October.

The privatisation program-me has been in abeyance throughout the Egyptian summer after the disastrous response to the sale of shares in real estate firm Heliopolis Housing and Development.

Public Sector Minister Atef Obeid, the man in charge of the programme, said that the state would adjust the system to make it more attractive to small investors.

He did not name the 22 companies slated for sale and his office did not respond to requests for more informa-

"I'm sceptical just because there have been so many of these announcements in the past which have led to nothing," said the head of one prominent brokerage. He asked not to see named.

"Nobody takes any notice of these pronouncements any longer. We know of only one privatisation in the offing and beyond that it's pure specula-

tion," said another. The second broker said he thought Mr. Obeid was trying to compensate for the impression he recently gave Western embassies that the government was not serious about privatisation.

"I understand he told them that by privatisation Egypt meant managing the public sector with a private-sector mentality. They were rather taken aback," he said. Diplomats could not immediately confirm this account of the

Unscramble these four Jumbles

GALEE

REDON

**LAPLOW** 

**FALOTA** 

one letter to each square, to form

The programme began under the auspices of the World Bank and the International Monetary Fund but the international institutions have less and less leverage over the direction of the Egyptian government's eco-

nomic policy. In two years the state has sold shares in only a fraction of the more than 300 publicsector companies. In most cases it continues to hold a

majority stake. Aladdin Saba of Hermes Financial said he welcomed Mr. Obeid's announcement that partially privatised companies would hold their annual general meetings and declare their dividends in October, several months ear-

lier than usual. "That's important from my point of view because it will affect prices," he told Reu-

"It does seem they will start again and maybe they will have learnt the lesson from the Heliopolis dehacle," he added.

The problem with Heliopo. lis was that the price was too high and the agents did not promote them hard enough, ne said. The agents had applications for only 30 per cent

of the offering.
Mr. Obeid said the new Mr. Obeld said the new equity to be sold from October onwards would be in small units, 10 to 20 pounds (\$3 to \$6) a share, to encourage small investors.

Ail brokers said they thought plenty of money was available to buy up new stock if confidence in the market recovered.

Prices on the Egyptiastock exchange have been stagnant at 10-month lows and trading volume has been low for months.

### Israel sets timetable for natural gas supplies

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (R) — Israel is hoping to sign a long-term natural gas supp-ly agreement with Egypt in 1996, Israeli Energy Minister Gonen Segev has said.

"If an agreement is signed next year then supplies could start reaching Israel in 1999,"

Mr. Segev predicted. Last week the Egyptian General Petroleum Corp, Agip of Italy and Amoco officially expressed readiness to sell Israel natural gas.

**Energy ministry officials** said that once an agreement is signed Israel will issue international tenders for the construction of a pipeline on its side of the border and will

THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME

FISH THAT DO THIS GET INTO

Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

by Henri Arnold and Mike Arginion

select two companies for the distribution of gas within

The cost of the pipeline, to be completed in 1998 or 1999, and a local distribution network is put at \$500 million to \$750 million.

Israeli negotiators are currently discussing the price with the Egyptians. No final agreement has been reached but Mr. Segev believes the price will be \$2.50 per million

Israel is looking to sign-a 20-year agreement with Egypt for the supply for 2.5 billion cubic metres of naturai gas annually — 70 per cent will be earmarked for use by the Israel Electric Corp. and the remainder by local industry.

#### HOROSCOPE FORECAST FOR SUN-DAAY, SEPTEMBER 24,

By Thomas S. Pierson,

Astrologer, Carroll Righter Astrological Foundation ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) If you take it easy this

morning, you will find you can get much done later today, and you can be very efficient in the days ahead. TAURUS: (April 20 to May

20) Don't worry so much about a monetary affair this morning. Later today make your talents work like a

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) You may awake feeling nervous, so do whatever will calm you down. Later today, you can be very happy at home with your loved one. MOON CHILDREN: (June

22 to July 21) Don't let some worry depress you this morning. Later today visit with friends and relatives you like. LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Steer clear of bigwigs today

since they could be in an irate mood and get busy on personal affairs. Plan how to make more money.

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Don't rely on a friend to gain some personal al aim, but go after it yourself and get right results. Drive with care on the highway. LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) You find it difficult to get old and new ideas harmonised this morning. Late today you can plan more

wisely on a new project. SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) Don't worry so much about something you can do little and go after personal wishes which are easy to attain.

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Findbetter ways of advancing in the outside world and don't get miffed over some com-

ment by an associate. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Forget that misunderstanding between a.

close tie and an outsider and think about matters of pleasure and have fun. AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Your intuition is not working properly to-

day, so get out with friends. and enjoy amusements. Try to please your mate. PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Don't get involved in an disagreement between a family tie and an outsider. Later today get assistance

Birthstone of September; Sapphire — Lapis Lazuli

elsewhere.

### Report: Up to 145 m Asian, Indian children forced into slave labour

SYDNEY, Australia (AP) — More than 100 million Asian and Indian children — some as young as four years old - are trapped and tortured, making products for Western consumers, an Australian anti-

slavery group has said. The Anti-Slavery Society said that between 104 million and 146 million children, most in India, are making car parts, jewelry, clothing, toys, food, fireworks, chemicals and other goods under appalling conditions.

"The punishments meted out to these children by their owners defy description," said Paul Bravender-Coyle, pokesman for the Melbourne-based group. "They have been burned, branded with red-hot irons, starved, whipped, chained up, raped and kept locked in cupboards for days on end."

Other nations cited by the group for tolerating slave labour were Nepal, Bangladesh, Pakistan, Indonesia, China, Thailand, the Philippines and Sri Lanka.

Last week, Indian Prime stet P.V. Rao announced his government's plan to remove two million children "from hazardous occupations" by the year 2000.

The Anti-Slavery Society. a lobbying group devoted to ending the exploitation of child labour, estimates that between 73 and 115 million

children are slave labourers in India. Child labourers, Mr. Bravender-Coyle said, generally worked from 6 a.m. to midnight, had no regular meal breaks and were beaten for spending longer than three minutes in stench-

ridden toilets.

"In most of these seatshops children are forced to eat, sleep and work in the same stuffy, overcrowded room,' Mr. Bravender-Coyle said. Doors and windows would be locked or barred to prevent escape, he said.

The Anti-Slavery Society does not immediately reveal the names of companies its investigations link to goods

made by child slave labourers, Mr. Bravender-Coyle

Many companies, he said, are unaware how their overseas products are manufactured, and often cancel contracts when provided with evidence of child exploita-

Estimates from the Anti-Slavery Society in Melbourne, Australia, of the number of children in Asia and India forced into slave labour:

India - between 73 and 115 million. Pakistan — 8 million Nepal — 5.7 million Philippines — 5.5 million China — 5 million Bangladesh — 2.8 million

Indonesia — 2.4 million Thailand — 1.1 million Sri Lanka — 500,000



"Are you not speaking to me because you're angry or have my stunning good looks left you speechless?

### THE Daily Crossword by Dorothy B. Martin

- **ACROSS** 1 Adjoin 5 Fraudulent scheme
- 9 Georgia -(Atlanta inst.) 13 Discharges 15 Nimbus 16 Hairdo type 17 To any extent
- 18 Certain vessel 20 Set free 22 "-- are red..." 23 Sch. gps. 24 Busy as ---26 Did laundry

29 Stubborn one

- 30 Health resort 33 A musketeer 34 Exploded with suddenness 36 College official
- 37 Cupid's weapon 38 High 39 Strives 41 "Lovely as --" 42 "Rob --- '
- 43 Tax 44 Seesaw 45 Emerald Isle 46 Farm building 47 - Haute, Ind.
- 50 Musical performances 54 Mountain range in Italy
- 57 Alvin of ballet 58 Doggie treat 59 Solitary 60 "Death of a
- Salesman' character 61 Consumes 62 Tangle
- 63 Govt. agent DOWN 1 Distant
- 3 River to the Caspian 4 Bell's invention
- 2 Nibble

7 Exist

5 Strongboxes 6 Coagulated part of milk

8 — tai (cocktail)

- 24 Cars 25 Boast 26 Certain bird 27 "---'clock scholar" 28 Questionable 29 Gleeful 30 Move suddenly
  - 31 Martinique volcano 32 Austrian psychologist 34 Herd

45 Sea eagles

35 Mindfulness 37 State strongly 40 Foreigner 41 Antenna 44 Tic-toe

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9 Western resort

12 — de combat 14 Schedules

lake

10 Newts

11 Indian

19 Verdant

21 Unhappy

- 46 Attack 47 Forbidden
- 48 Long heroic poem 49 Lacoste of
- 50 Nevada city 51 — mater 52 Norman of TV

Yesterday's puzzle solved:

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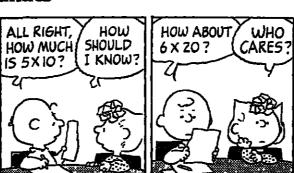
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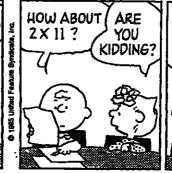
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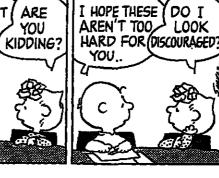
53 Simultaneity 55 Sort 56 Negative prefix

### Peanuts









Jumbles: ADMIT CABLE BUNKER YEARLY

for lunch — A BALANCED MEAL

What the instructor insisted the gymnast have

### Andy Cap



ABOUT TIME!

#### **Mutt'n'Jeff**





MY WIFE NO



### netable for supplies select two companies is

distribution of gas : srae!. The cost of the pipels

be completed in 10080; and a local distributor work is put at \$500 ml \$750 million. Israeli negotiatorigi

rently discussing the with the Egyptians X agreement has been a but Mr. Seger believe price will be \$2 super-

Israel is booking we O-year agreemen: Egypt for the supply billion cubic aictiesrai gas annually = 'y cent will be carmanuse by the Israel e Corp and the tema: local industry

#### HOROSCOPE FORECAST FOR SD DAAY, SEPTEMBER 3

By Ibomas & NE Astrologica 🧸 🔄 🤄 🎊 Antological Social

ARIES: (March 110) 19) If you take it (40) morning, you will fine: can get much done late! day, and you can be a

efficient in the doc 2. TAURUS: (April 20 to 9) 20) Don't wart we about a monetare afig. meaning. Later toda's your talents work in

GEMINI: (May 21 pr) 21) You may awake # nervous, so do whater: calm you down Laters you can be very him home with your love? MOON CRILDREN: -22 to July 21) Don't less

ing Later today visit friends and relatives have LEO: (July 22 to Aug. Steer clear of biguige since they could be me mood and get bust ? sonal affairs Plan

worry depress you the?

make more money VIRGO: (August September 22) Don't a friend to gam some pos al aim, but go atter it vie and get right results f with cure on the high-

LIBRA: (September 2) You find it ruit to get old and near harmonised this not Late today you can plant weely on a new proper SCORPIO: (Chrishel at November 21) Don't all so much about something

can do little and go g casy to attain SAGITTARIUS: (North) better ways of advantage the outside world and is get milled over some as

ment by an associate. (APRICORN: (December to January 20) Forget to misunderstanding before a days of the control of t dose tic and an outside the think about matters of the sure and have tun-AQUARIUS: Unnum February 19) Your man is not working properly a lay, so get out with man and m

and enjoy amusement o please your mate PISCES: (February med March 20) Don't ect investigation and disagreement benefit investigation and an outside investigation and outside investigat annly no and an only warmy to and an other interference in the inte Birthstone of September Lazuli Sapphire

usiness

A review of economic news from the Arabic press

### Government readying part II of есопотіс readjustment: programme

National Authority will start

importing Iraqi oil through Jordan as of next month, a top Palestinian official has said, adding that the supplies will be by tanks in the first stage until the Jordanian-Iraqi oil pipeline is com-pleted. The official, (Finance) Minister Mohammad Zuhdi Nashashibi, said that talks held with the U.S. administration recently ended with a preliminary approval from the U.S. to allow the areas under the Palestinian self-rule to be supplied with Iraqi oil despite the sanctions imposed on Baghdad. Mr. Nashashibi reyealed that Palestinian-Israeli talks are currently underway over supplying the Palestinian self-rule areas with Iraqi oil. However, Mr. Nashashibi stressed that the Palestinians were ready to import oil from other Arab countries which he did not identify. The official also revealed that the Palestinians are holding consultations to obtain Qatari natural gas. The -Qatari government has informed the Palestinian Authority of its approval but no time has been fixed to start the project, he said (Al Rai).

**☆☆ A COMPLEMENTARY** economic readjustment programme, to be implemented between 1995 and 1998, is currently being readied by the government which has discussed it with some international organisations. According to Planning Minisiter Rima Khalaf, the com plementary programme will be primarily based on raising -the level of the private sector to be able to take a fundamental role in the economic building process. Also to be stressed, Dr. Khalaf said, will be to raise the efficiency of the public sector to ensure providing an adequate investment climate that would encourage this sector to take onits control and supervision role at the highest standard. Dr. Khalaf pointed out that the government would concentrate its efforts during the coming four years on four

\*\* REACTING TO the work suspension by the Arab Company for Manufacturing Sanitary Paper, the Ministry of Supply put the blame on the companies which have not submitted customs documents to prove higher raw materials costs. The ministry said its studies to amend price of second grade sanitary papg would be completed by the Id of this month and rejected the company's work suspension as a move to pressure the ministry. The company, for its part, said the ministry was not telling the truth as the companies involved in manufacturing sanitary paper were only four and that only one of them did not provide the ministry with the required documents. The company that suspended operations manufactures the

THE CRIMINAL court has cleared three top former officials of the Jordan Gulf Bank of all charged raised against them by the public prosecution. The court found former Chairman Mohammad Nazzal Armouti, former General Manager Adnan Darwazeh and Nabil Kanaan. a former senior official, not guilty of charges which were not mentioned (Al Ra'i).

Soft" brand (Al Ra'i).

THE CENTRAL Traffic Committee has invited all who wish to participate in stablishing a public shareolding transport company to operate passenger buses' service between Jordan and Israel to apply to the traffic directorate at the Ministry of laterior. The company

Financial Marketa

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23/9/1995

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186	0.6217
439	\$.1446
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466	0.4461
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440	8.048
.	15146
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# A new Holiday Inn



Mohammad Hourani (left) managing director of Al-Sharq Investment Projects Co. and Michael Karam, Holiday Inn's regional manager for the Middle East, signing the agree-

AMMAN (J.T.) — On Sept. 19, 1995, the agreement for the management of a new four-star hotel to be established. in Amman was signed between Holiday Inn. Worldwide and Al-Sharq Hotels and Tourism Projects Co., W.L.L., which is one of the subsidiaries of its holding company Al-Sharq Investment Projects Co. (SIP). The agreement was signed at SIP's offices by its managing director, Mr. Mohammad Hourani and Mr. Michael Karam, Holiday's Inn's regional manager for the Middle East.

The Amman Holiday Inn Hotel is currently at the design

stage by a consortium of Jordanian architects (Jafar Tokan & Associates) and Austrian architects (Adil Lari & Associates). It consists of 206 rooms and suites, restaurants and other supporting facilities in addition to a multipurpose hall for 600 people, at an estimated cost of JD 10 million. (\$14 million). The 22 donum site purchased for Amman Holiday Inn Hotel is located at Madina St. in Tla'a Ali, West Amman, and it is planned that the hotel will be operational by end 1997. The hotel represents the first place of this development project and the second phase wil comprise of luxury apartments and a country club.

It is worth mentioning that the hotel project has been classified by the authorities as an economically endorsed project, and accordingly it will be exempted from taxes for five years starting from the date of its operation, and all imported items and equipment will not be subjected to the

The holding company Al Sharq Investment Projects Co. (SIP) is a public shareholding company with a paid up capital of JD 9 million (\$13 million) and has other investments totalling JD 1.5 million included participation in establishing Jordan Export and Financing Bank and various industrial projects and properties within Jordan.

### Saudi banks performing better in '95

ABU DHABI (AFP) — Saudi banks made higher profits in the first half of 1995 and are expected to perform better through the year despite higher expenses and lower government spending, bankers have said.

But the 12 commercial banks in the world's leading oil producer and exporter are unlikely to achieve similar results in 1993 when their net earnings hit a record 5.13 billion Saudi riyals (\$1.36 billion), the bankers said.

Most of the banks which have released semi-annual results have reported higher profits for the first half of 1995 compared to the same period of 1994 due to an increase in income from interest and securities.

"The banks generally performed better in the first half of 1995. You can say their net profits for the whole of the year will be slightly higher than their 1994 earnings of around 4.83 billion riyals (\$1.28 billion), Saudi banker

told AFP by telephone. "The better performance is because of a rise in lending activity and a growth in interest income and earnings from investment and trading securities," he pointed out.
A study by Henry Azzam, chief economist at the National Commercial Bank (NCB), showed net income of the banks increased by around 5.4 per cent in the first half of 1995 compared with the same period of 1994.

semi-annual results. Income from interest surged by 45.6 per cent to 5.34 billion rivals (\$1.42 biltion) in the first half of 1995 from 3.66 billion riyals (\$976 million) in the first half of

The figures do not cover

NCB, which does not release

1994. Earnings from investment securities rose by 6.8 per cent and those from trading securities jumped by 652.9 per

cent in the same period. The banks recorded higher net profits although interest expenses soared to around 4.64 billion riyals (\$1.23 biltion) from 2.85 billion riyals (\$760 million). Staff costs also rose to 1.25 billion riyals (\$333 million) from around 1.21 billion riyals (\$322 million).

Seven banks which have disclosed their first-half results recorded an increase of around 13 per cent in net profits to 1.67 billion riyais

(\$445 million) from 1.47 billion riyals (\$392 million).

They are Al Rajhi, Riyadh Bank, Saudi-Cairo, Saudi-British Bank, Saudi Investment Bank, Saudi-French and United Saudi Bank. Around 21.1 per cent of the profits were made by Al Rahi while 20.9 per cent were made by Riyadh Bank.

"There is more borrowing by the private and public sectors," one banker said. "This shows there is an upsurge in economic activity despite lower government ex-penditure. Such a development indicates the private

COMPANY'S MAKE

itself than on the government was the case before."

By the end of the first half of 1995, bank loans to the public and private sector totalled 111.7 billion riyals (\$29.7 billion) while deposits increased by 2.1 per cent to 175.4 billion riyals (\$46.7 billion) from around 171.7 bil-lion riyals (\$54.78 billion) at the end of 1994.

Their assets also grew by 2.4 per cent to nearly 268.5 billion riyals (\$71.6 billion) from 262.1 billion riyals

(\$69.8 billion). Shareholders equities,

sector is depending more on which cover the capital and provisions, have also surged over the past few years as several banks boosted capital after the government decided to put restrictions on credits

to avert any bank crisis. From nearly 12.4 billion riyals (\$3.3 billion) in 1992, the capital of the country's 12 commercial banks surged to 28.9 billion riyals (\$7.72 billion) in 1993 and 33 billion

riyals (\$8.8 billion) in 1994.

The biggest increase came from NCB, which boosted capital from only 30 million riyals (\$8 million) to six biltion rivals (\$1.6 billion).

4.480 1.210 2.430 5.460 2.780

1.080 3.720 3.850

3.650

5.650

2.070 1.130 1.190 7.500 2.350

3.100 1.330

3.000 4.910

9.450 3.200 7.350

4.850 1.850 7.400 5.380

1.450

LNDEX NUMBER: 156.32

INDEX NUMBER: 126,89

2.700 2.680

1.200

7.600 2.300 3.130

1.340

3.640 3.010 4.910 9.470

7.350

4.990 1.850 7.400

1.430

7500 936 2368

156038

3360 7350

4000 16150

3611

# hotel in Amman



Reuters to hold seminar

AMMAN (J.T.) — Reuters, the world news and informa-

tion agency, is to hold a seminar on risk management at the

InterArab Cambist Association's (ICA's) annual confer-

It will be the first time that a seminar has been included

in what is the premier gathering for Arab foreign exchange dealers. The InterArab Cambist Association will hold its

21st annual conference at the Inter. Continental Hotel from

Over 300 foreign exchange dealers from leading Arab

and foreign banks will attend the conference, to be held

under the patronage of HRH Crown Prince Hassan. The

conference is sponsored by the Jordan Investment and

preoccupation for the world financial industry, and Reuters

is keen to help its clients in achieving their objectives. This

seminar should help provide some assistance in this goal.

VISA DAY IN JORDAN

AMMAN — VISA International, the world's credit car leader, is conducting a special "VISA Day" for the member banks of VISA in Jordan today.

Up to the present day, ten Jordanian banks have joined

VISA as principal, associate and participant members.
VISA management believes that there is great potential for growth within the card business since VISA has a range of

products which may be utilised by banks tailored to their

needs and requirements. VISA products range from the

premier, classic and international cards, while electron

cards and smart card specifications have been standardised.

The purpose of VISA Day is to allow the banks to

further interact with the products, enabling them to work

on enhancing their card business utilising ATM's, POS, and connecting their networks with the VISANET. Forty participants will attend VISA Day including senior and

on risk management

ence in Amman this week.

Finance Bank (JIF).

middle management.

### AT and T giant announces its breakup

NEW YORK (AFP) -World telecom giant AT and T has abandoned the idea that "big is beautiful" and stunned markets by announcing it will split into three companies, arguably the biggest corporate breakup in U.S. history.

The new publicly-traded companies will deal with communications, communications equipment and computing respectively.

"Changes in customer needs, technology and public policy are radically trans-forming our industry," said AT and T chairman Robert Allen, seeking to explain the reason for the move. The AT and T board,

special meeting early Wednesday. Based on the company's size with annual revenues of more than \$67 billion the corporate breakup ranks as

the move since last spring,

"AT and T is reinventing itself once again," Mr. Allen hold a news conference. "This restructuring of AT

and T is the next logical turn in our journey since divestiture," he said, speaking of the company's 1984 breakup when the government forced it to sell some of its assets, monopoly and creating seven regional companies, known

as the "Baby Bells." To take advantage of growth in the industry which he put at \$3 trillion over the next decade - AT and T had to transform itself into "smaller and more focussed industries," Mr. Allen

The restructuring also comes as a result of the company's failure to combine its communications business with computing technology, according to analysts.
In 1981, AT and T bought

NCR Corp. for \$7.5 billion in a bid to enter the computer business, but the company's which had been considering Global Information Solutions division - which ran the approved the breakup at a former NCR - has failed to generate enough revenues.

> The division will now shed some 8,500 jobs, about 20 per cent of its staff and stop production of personal com-

> AT and T did not say how many jobs in total would be lost as a result of the reorganisation among its 303,000 AT and T also announced

it would be selling off its financial subsidiary, AT and Capital Corp.

#### CLOSING PRICE SHARES TRADED CLOSING PRICE ARAB BANK PIC JORDAN MATICHAL HARK MIDDLE EAST THVESTMENT BARK 2400 6250 900 200 4.480 1,200 J.950

AMMAN FINANCIAL MARKET HOUSING BANK CENTER ADMAN - SEMEISANI . TELEPHONE: 607171 / 607179

CHUANIZED MARKET SHARE PRICE LIST FOR SATURDAY

INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BANK THE BOUSING BANK JORDAN KUWAIT BANK JORDAN GULF BANK JORDAN ISLAMIC BANK UNION BANK FOR SAVING & INVESTMENT 229369 1685 1000 eusiness bank Jordan investment & Finance bank 1250 beit elmal savingethvestment fok housing 3.360 -920 29545 AMMAN BANK POR INVESTMENT PHILADELPRIA INVESTMENT HANK SECTOR INDEX NUMBER: 186.95

578401 BANKS 301144 JORDAN PRENCE INSURANCE 670 250 INDEX NUMBER: 133.31 CHANGE : -0.09% INSURANCE SECTOR 250 670 Jordanian Electric Power Arab international Hotels 14989 3350 500 5590 18928 1365 11503 JORDAN MATICMAL SHIPPING LINES MATICMAL PORTFOLIO SECURLILES 56499 850 1000 400 765 63380

REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT JORDAN INTERNATIONAL TRADING CENTER JORDAN PRESS & PUBLISHING /AD-DUSTOUR DETTED MIDDLE EAST & COMMODORE BOTELS ARAB INTER. FOR INVESTMENT & EDUCATION ZARKA PRIVATE UNIVERSITY UNION LAND DEVELOPMENT CORP SERVICES SECTOR 104093

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ARAB ALUMINIUM INDUSIRY LIVESTOCK & POULTRY ARAS PAPER CONVERTING & TRADING NATIONAL STEEL INDUSTRY MATIONAL INDUSTRIES
JORDAN ROCKNOOL INDUSTRIES
ARAS CENTER FOR PHARM. & CHEMICALS ARAS CENTER FOR PHARM. & CHARLESS KANTHER INVESTMENT UNIVERSAL MODERN INDUSTRIES JORDAN INDUSTRIAL RESOURCES CO. JORDAN MEN CABLE COMPANY INTERNATIONAL TORACCO & CIGARRITES

union chemical a vegatiable oil industr: INDUSTRIAL SECTOR

GRAND TOTAL

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### JORDAN MARKET PLACE A SECURE



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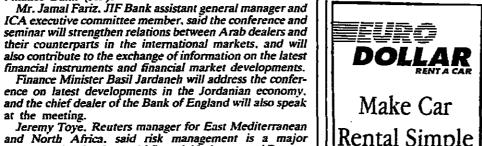
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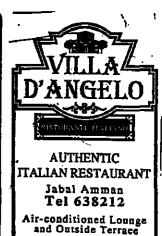
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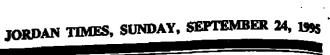


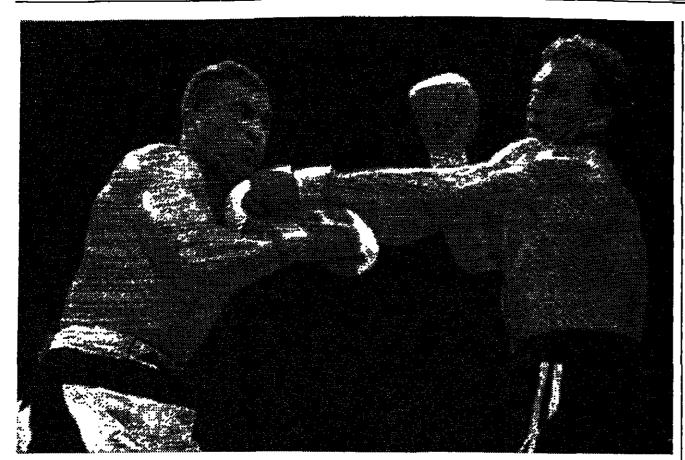




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Former world title contender Joe Bugner (right) punches his opponent Vince Cervi during the Australian heavyweight title fight in the Gold Coast. Bugner

making a comeback to the ring after an absence of eight years, won the Australian heavyweight crown at the age of 45 (Reuter photo)

## **Bugner makes winning** comeback after eight years

GOLD COAST, Australia (AP) — Joe Bugner made an impressive and victorious comeback to boxing after an eight-year absence Friday, scoring a 12-round unanimous points decision over Vince Cervi to win the Australian heavyweight title.

Bugner, a 45-year-old grandfather, added the Australian title to the British. Commonwealth and European Titles he had previously won in a professional career spanning 27 years.

Cheered on by a vociferous crowd in his adopted hometown, Bugner used his left jab and right cross to good effect and held off a brief 10th-round rally from Cervi to win by scores of 119-109, 119-111 and 117-111.

Bugner finished surprisingly fresh, dominating the final round as he landed some clubbing blows. He threw his hands to the ai. in triumph as the near sellout 3.500 crowd at the Carrara Stadium changed "Joe, Joe, Joe," the

ESTORIL, Portugal (R) — David Coulthard grabbed his

second pole position in suc-

cessive races on Saturday

when he outstripped his Wil-

liams teammate and fellow

Briton Damon Hill in final

qualifying for Sunday's Por-

The 24-year-old Scot, pick-

ing up where he left off at the Italian Grand Prix two weeks

ago, showed he intends to do

all he can to grab his first win

for Williams before leaving the team at the end of the

He moved to the top of the

time sheets midway through

the hour-long session, run in

hot sunshine, and then im-

proved his time on his second

run to leave Hill trailing in his

the 71-lap race on the twist-ing but fast Estoril track to keep alive his championship

challenge, ended up secondfastest and will share the

front row of the grid with his

Coulthard's lap time of one

minute 20.537 seconds was

four-tenths of a second faster than Hill's. Defending world

champion Michael Schu-

macher, driving a Benetton,

was unable to mount a se-

rious bid for the front row

and ended up in third place. For Coulthard, it was his

third pole position of the season and he will go into the

race keen to record his first

His lap time was, astonishingly, one-tengh of a second faster than the pole

time set for last year's race by

Austrian Gerhard Berger in a

Hill, who needs victory in

efforts to keep pace.

tuguese Grand Prix.

former Hollywood actor then hugged his wife Marlene.

Bugner conceded 18 years to Cervi, but had a considerable weight advantage. He scaled 117.5 kilogrammes, while Cervi weighed in at 98 kilogrammes.

Bugner showed surprising hand speed and a lack of rustiness, but did not have the power to halt his muscular opponent. The master showed the

Bugner said after the bout. "Vince was a very tough and very courageous fighter, but I showed that someone who is in his 40s is not too old."

It was Bugner's first fight since a brief four-fight comeback eight years ago, which ended when he was stopped in London by Frank Bruno. who currently holds the World Boxing Council title.

Bugner has said he hopes to cap his latest comeback by fighting either Bruno or fellow veteran George Fore-

Ferrari. This was unexpected because the rules of Formula

One have been changed to

reduce the speed of the cars.

cult race because of the prob-

lems in finding places to over-

Coulthard predicted a diffi-

He also said he intended to

win and did not expect there

"I hope George will now seriously consider fighting me," Bugner said. "I was very pleased with the way I went tonight because I knew how hard Vince can punch.

"I always felt very comfortable. He could have been dangerous, but I wouldn't allow him to settle. Very few fighter have an answer to my jab — and he didn't." Bugner said he was dis-

appointed not to win by knockout, but delighted with his form and fitness. "When you are 45 years

old, vou don't mess around with a kid who can punch like he could," he said. "I had to use my gray matter and not mix it with him."

Bugner, who twice lasted the distance with Muhammad Ali and once with Joe Frazier during his career, has been stopped only twice as a professional and never was troubled by Cervi's walk-up style. He improved his record to

Coulthard takes pole

position in Portugal

Hungarian-born Bugner.

allow Hill through because of the championship position.
Schumacher, who leads the

drivers' standings by 66

points to Hill's 51, com-

plained that his car was simp-

challenged for pole.

not fast enough to have

"I was right on the limit

who has lived in Australia for the past decade, has admitted his comeback is fuelled by financial problems.

"I have had well-publicised financial difficulties, but that is not the only reason for my comeback." Bugner said. "I have also been inspired by what George Foreman has achieved at a similar age to

"I wanted to prove something to the world by winning this title. I'm very proud of being Australian champion. It is something no-one can take away from me.

"I don't think people realised how good I still am. They doubted me. But I never doubted myself."

Cervi, a 27-year-old from Melbourne, was cut above the left eye in the second round, but Bugner was unable to capitalise on the injury as the fight progressed.

The loss saw Cervi's record dip to 8-4-2. Seven of his eight wins had come by knockout.

and there was no point in me doing any more," the Ger-man said. "But we made

some changes and I went out again. The changes were a

help but they did not do

enough for me and, to be

honest, on a circuit like this

my car never feels good. It is

a struggle.

### DAVIS CUP ROUNDUP

## Germany takes 2-0 lead over Russia

Germany off to a 2-0 lead Friday in the Davis Cup semifinal against Russia.

Andrei Chesnokov, a claycourt specialist and 12-year Davis Cup veteran, thrilled an Olympic stadium capacity crowd of 10,000 in Moscow by taking the first set before Becker prevailed, 6-7 (4-7), 6-3, 7-6 (7-3), 7-5.

Stich then downed Yevgeny Kafelnikov 6-1, 4-6,

Becker also had to endure the Russians' overwatering of the court, which delayed the start of the match by more than an hour and left the surface slower than usual and

to Chesnokov's liking. Becker, ranked No. 4 in the world, overcame sloppy play and repeated errors before beating the 59th-ranked Chesnokov in a match that lasted three hours, 38 minutes. "I was kind of shocked to see a surface that had very little to do with the one we trained on this week." Beck-er said. "I couldn't believe they were able to change is so much over 24 hours.

In group qualifying matches for 1996, the Czech Republic and Switzerland got off to 2-0 leads after winning

LONDON (AP) — Boris their first two singles match-Becker and Michael Stich got es. In two other group qualifiers, India was tied I-1 with Croatia, and Hungary and Australia also split the first two matches. 6-1 in the second singles to

United States 2, Sweden 0 In Las Vegas, Pete Sampras and Andre Agassi were

victorious to give the United States a 2-0 lead over weden. Sampras defeated Thomas Enqvist 6-3, 6-4, 3-6, 6-3 before Agassi stopped Mats Wilander 7-6, 6-2, 6-2.

Czech Republic 2, Zimbabwe 0

In Prague, Petr Korda beat Zimbabwe's Wayne Black in five sets and Bobdan Ulihrach disposed by Byron Black in straight sets to give the Czech Republic a 2-0 lead over Zimbabwe. Korda defeated Black 4-6,

7-5, 6-3, 2-6, 6-4 and Ulihrach defeated Byron Black of Zimbabwe 6-3, 6-4,

Switzerland 2, New Zealand 0

Swiss a key advantage when

he defeated New Zealand

In Hamilton, Jakob Hlasek and Marc Rosset swept to straight set victories over New Zealand, Hlasek, a 30year-old veteran, gave the

No. 1 Brett Steven 7-6 (7-2). 6-4, 6-4 in the opening sing-

Rosset, the Olympic champion, then trounced inexperienced Steven Downs 6-2, 6-4.

day's doubles. India 2, Croatia 1

give Switzerland a comman-

ding lead going into Satur-

In New Delhi, riding on Goran Ivanisevic's giant serve. Croatia pulled even with India at 1-1. India's Leander Paes won the opener against Sasa Hirszon 6-3, 6-3. 6-4. Ivanisevic then defeated Mahesh Bhupathi 6-4, 6-4, 6-4 on a slippery grass court. Later India won doubles to lead 2-1 over Croatia. Leander Paes and Mahesh Bhupathi downed Ivanisevic and Hirszon 4-6, 7-5, 6-3, 7-6 (7-3) in two hours and 45

Australia 1, Hungary 1

In Budapest, Mark Philippoussis of Australia beat Hungary's Sandor Noszaly in three straight sets 6-1, 6-2, 6-3. Hungary's Jozsef Krocs-ko came back to beat Todd Woodbridge, Australia, 5-7, 6-2, 6-3, 6-1.

and promotion matches

Israel 3. Slovenia 0

Israel advanced after defeating Slovenia in the first three matches when the doubles team of Gilad Bloom and Noam Behr downed Slovenia's Jaka Bozic and Ziga Janskovec 7-5, 7-6, 6-1, On Thursday, Eyal Ran defeated Borut Urh 6-1, 6-3, 6-4, and Eyal Erlich outlasted Itzok Bozic 4-6, 6-4, 6-3, 5-7,

Taiwan 2, Hong Kong 0

Taiwan took a 2-0 lead over Hong Kong. Taiwan's Tsai Chia-Yen beat Hong Kong's top player, Sven Koehler, 6-3, 2-6, 6-4, 6-3 in the first match, and Taiwan's top player, Chen Chin-Jung, defeated Hong Kong's Thorsten Poelzl 6-6 (7-5), 4-6, 3-6.

Romania 2, Portugal 0

Romania took a 2-0 edge over Portugal. Adrian Voinea of Romania defeated Emanuel Couto 6-2, 6-2, 6-1. and Dinu Pescariu won over Joao Cunha E Silva, Portugal. 6-1, 6-1, 6-2.

### Tunisian boxers crowned Africa games kings

CHITUNGWIZA, Zimbabwe (R) — Tunisia's boxers resisted strong challenges from South Africa, Kenya, and Egypt on Friday as they were crowned champions of the All Africa Games.

Tunisia won three gold medals, one more than Kenya and South Africa. Mauritius, Egypt, Tanzania, Algeria and former champions Nigeria won one gold each.

"We had a strong team which did a good job. We are on the right track in prepar-ing for Atlanta (Olympics)," said Arfaoui Khemaies, coach and manager of Tuni-

"We expected four golds (from four boxers) and got three. That also shows that our team is still relatively

inexperienced and will need to train even better," he

The light-middleweight bout was the shortest of the evening, Marmouri Salah of Tunisia knocking out rival Cadeau of the Seychelles with his first blow, a thunderous straight right to the jaw.

Kenya's Commonwealth heavyweight champion Omar Ahmed took a leaf from Salah's book, forcing Algerian Nedjadi Belahouel to his knees with a stunning combination of crosses. The Algerian's corner threw in the towel after 65 seconds.

The super-heavyweight contest between gold winner Duncan Dokiwari of Nigeria and Ghanaian Liadi Al Hassan lasted two minutes, Dokiwari pounding his rival's

body and following up with jabs and stinging hooks. Grudge-matches between South African and Egyptian

boxers had fans complaining loudly about the judging. First, South African lightflyweight Masebulele Makepula appeared to have lost the initiative to Egyptian Mohammed Ali but ended up

with the gold. Then when South African Philip Ndou seemed to have clearly won the featherweight bout, the verdict favoured Egyptian Salih Abdelgary. In results that emphasised

technique rather than brute strength, flyweight Sunee Richard of Mauritius upset Boniface Mukuka of Zambia, Kenyan welterweight Evans Ashira lost to Tunisian Chater Kamel and Algerian mid-

dleweight Bahari Mohamed won a points decision over Namibian Sackey Shivute.

The losers of those bouts appeared stronger and kept charging in heavily, often landing solid punches, but the apparently weaker opponents built good points leads.

Bantamweight Kalai Riadh had earlier opened Tunisia's gold hunt with a points win over limping Nigerian Kehinde Aweda.

In other results, South African lightweight Irwin Buhlalu beat Zambia's Denis Zimba, Tanzanian lightwelterweight Haji Matumla outpointed Guinea's Aboubacar Diallo and Kenvan light-heavyweight Peter Odhiambo beat Cameroon's Mbongo Paul, also on points.

### Ali returns to site of defeat of:I bout that predicted a "total

LEWISTON, Maine (AP) -Muhammad Ali returned Frititle he wrested from Liston day to the site of one of his 15 months earlier, Ali ended most famous and controversial victories to join in this central Maine city's bicenten-

nial celebration. Ali drew cheers from about 200 people attending a bicentennial banquet prior to appearing at ringside during a six-bout boxing show at the central Maine civic centre.

The arena, then known as the central Maine Youth Centre, was the setting for Ali's first-round knockout of Sonny Liston in a heavyweight championship fight on May 25, 1965.

In the first defense of the the bout with a right that sceptics labelled the "phantom punch."

Ali's eyes lit up Friday when master of ceremonies Bruce Glasier recited a poem that Ali, then known as Cassius Clay, wrote before the

eclipse of the Sonny." Although his speech has been slowed by Parkinson's syndrome, Ali demonstrated that he has not lost his sense of humour.

After receiving a gold pan as a gift from Lewiston Mayor John Jenkins, the 53year-old former champ quip-

ped, "I come all the way to Maine, and this is all I get?" Besides the so-called phantom punch," Ali's title defence against Liston is re-membered for referee Jersey Joe Walcott's mishandled count and singer Robert Goulet's mangling of the words of the national

#### Greeks praise **GOREN BRIDGE** UEFA ban on Dynamo

ATHENS (R) — Greek club Panathinaikos on Friday praised a UEFA decision to ban Dynamo Kiev from the European Cup Champions' League for attempting to

bribe the referee in their Group A match last week. "It is good for soccer to have mechanisms which stop scandals fast and in the right way,'' Panathinaikos's Argentine coach Juan

Ramon Rocha said. "It's a pity for clubs with the history of Dynamo or Marseille to pay for the stupidity of some of their officials. I praise UEFA's deci-

sion."
UEFA's Control and Disciplinary Committee barred Dynamo from European club competition for three seasons for attempting to bribe Spanish referee Antonio Lopez Nieto before the Panathinaikos match in Kiev.

Dynamo have strongly contested the referee's interpretation of events and on the Sunday the UEFA Board of Appeal is to hear their request to have the ban over-

UEFA decided to replace Dynamo with Danish champions Aalborg, who were knocked out of the European Cup by the Ukrainians. Aalborg are a good team with no big stars but good as a whole," Rocha said.

WITH OMAR SHARIF & TANNAH HIRSCH 1994 Tribure Medie Services, i

ANSWERS TO WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ

Q. 1 - Neither vulnerable, as South you hold: AVoid ♥AQJ10954 ♦Void +AQJ 1063 The bidding h idding has proceeded:
H WEST NORTH EAST
4 & Dbl Pass

What action do you take? What action do you take?

A - There's no way we want to
defend four spades doubled, even
though it probably won't make.
This hand demands to be played,
and in slam in one of our suits, and
the only one way to assure getting
there is to jump to six clubs now.

Q. 2 - As South, vulnerable, you hold: AKQ983 ♥85 OA73 AK102 The bidding has proceeded:
NORTH EAST SOUTH WEST
14 Page 14 Page
44 Page 7

What do you bid now? A - Partner's failure to cue-bid hearts means your side lacks the see in that suit. However, slam is still possible if partner has second-round heart control, so make anoth-er try by cue-bidding five clubs to show your king in partner's suit. Q. 3 - Both vulnerable, as South you

w. 3 - Both vulnerable, as South you hold:

49853 V763 OAE 852 43

The bidding has proceeded:

WEST NORTH EAST SOUTH

1 A 2 C 2 A

What action do you take?

A - We like your hand. Partner probably has no more than one spade, so that increases chances of a double fit. We opt for four hearts, although if we could be sure the auction would not die there, a lead-directing bid of three diamonds has its appeal.

Q. 4 - As South, vulnerable, you ncia: 4AK4 ⊽93 oj65 4Qj85. The bidding has proceeded:

NORTH EAST SOUTH WEST

1 A Pass 2 Pass
2 O Pass 7

What do you bid now?

A - You have great support for spades, but without either of those spade hopors you would not here. spades, but without either of those spade honors you would not have had enough for a two-over-one response at your first turn. For the moment, all your hand is worth is a bid of two spades.

Q. 5 - East-West vulnerable, as South you hold:

Q. 76 993 OK Q 10 A 10952
The bidding has proteeded:
NORTH EAST SOUTH WEST 19 20 7
What action do you take?
A - One possibility is to bid two no trump, in the hope that partner has enough to carry on to game. However, since there is no guarantee that partner will cooperate, we suggest a double for penalties. If you play negative doubles, two no trump has more appeal. With the wrong hand partner is not obliged to reopen the bidding and you could miss game.

Q. 6 - Neither vulnerable, as South Q. 6 - Neither vulnerable, an County you hold:

A75 OQJ762 OQ103 AJ88
The bidding has proceeded:
NORTH EAST SOUTH WEST

1 A Pass 1 O Pass

What do you bid now?

A - North's jump shift is absolutely forcing, so don't even think of passing. Your hand is such a rock-bottom minimum that we don't even want to take a preference to three

want to take a preference to three clubs. Our vote goes to two no trump, to see how partner proceeds



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British Formula One driver Damon Hill, driving his Williams Renault, during the first qualifying session

Bruce Willis in

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(Reuter photo)

BUENOS AIRES, Argentina (AP) — Australia's Daryl

Beattie, needing a win to keep his fading world title

hopes alive, recorded the fas-

test time Friday on the first

day of time trial at the Argen-

Beattie, in second place in the overall standings, drove his Suzuki around the 4.35-

kilometres Buenos Aires race

track in a time of 1 minute

45.432 seconds in the 500cc

Rival and fellow country-

man Michael Doohan, who

could clinch the world title

Sunday — the penultimate race of the season — came in third with a time of 1 minute

Beattie admitted this week

that his chances of pipping

LAS VEGAS (AP) — With

Andre Agassi playing at

home and Pete Sampras play-

ing at his best, the United

States is on the verge of

turning its Davis Cup semi-final against Sweden into a

Agassi and Sampras rolled

to wins Friday on an outdoor

court in the shadow of the

glittering Las Vegas strip to give the U.S. ream a com-

Agassi beat 31-year-old Mats Wilander 7-6 (7-5), 6-2,

6-2 while Sampras needed

one more set to dispose of

Thomas Enqvist, 6-3, 6-4, 3-

6, 6-3, to move the United

States within one win of the

Davis Cup final three match-

chances to put this away," Agassi said. "I like our

chances of getting one of

Agassi, who grew up and still lives in Las Vegas, over-

came some first-set jitters be-

fore a partisan, flag-waving crowd at Caesars Palace to

overpower Wilander, the

world's 47th-ranked player.

It was the first time the top-ranked Agassi had play-

ed competitively before the

hometown fans, and it

showed early as he made

numerous unforced errors

before rallying to take the

Agassi blew a 4-0 lead

while serving and tied 5-5 in the first set, then managed to

break Wilander's serve to tie

however, when Wilander's

first serve of the tiebreaker

split the middle and was ruled

in. Agassi screamed an

obscenity at the linesman and

paced the court, furning. He

began hitting the ball more

forcefully and won the final

four points of the tiebreaker

DETROIT (AP) - Al Unser

Jr., deprived of a victory at Portland, Oregon when his car was ruled to be in technical

violation of road-clearance re-quirements, had the win re-

turned to him on Friday by an

Indycar appeals panel.
The three-member panel

headed by Appeals Court Judge

Philip C. Elliott sided with Penske racing, which had argued that

a different inspection procedure

was used for its car than for

Unser dominated the Portland

race, only to have the victory set aside when the car was found to

be in violation of the 5-cm clear-

ance requirement between the

bottom of the sidepods and the

bottom of the car. The victory

others in the race.

to take the set.

The turning point came,

first set in a tirebreaker.

'We have three great

match competition.

es remaining.

them.'

tine Grand Prix.

division.

45.614 seconds.

Australian motorcyclist Michael Doohan looks back at

his competitors as he rides his Honda during a free

practice at the Oscar Galvez circuit in Buenos Aires

Beattie records his fastest time

at Argentina Grand Prix

Doohan at this stage of the

in there with a chance," he

said. "But I'll have to win the

last two races of the season

and probably need Mick to

have a problem as well if I'm

going to catch him on

In the 250cc division,

Japan's Tadayuki Okada

drove his Honda to the fas-

test time of 1 minute 46.920

In the 125cc division,

Japan's Kazuto Sakata came

in first in a time of 1 minute

The second round of trials

for all categories will take

place Saturday and the

Grand Prix will be run on

Agassi, who admitted

being apprehensive prior to

the match about playing in

his hometown, said he tried

to concentrate on what was

hapening on the court and

forget about the fact he was

Once Agassi got in his

rhythm, however, Wilander

had little chance. Agassi was

simply, overpowering, as the

moved Wilander-around-the

The outcome of the match

had long been determined by

the time Agassi drilled a two-

fisted backhand down the

line past Wilander to make

Agassi, who has hosted his

U.S. teammates for several

Las Vegas functions during

the week, then smiled broad-

ly and blew a kiss to his

girlfriend, Brooke Shields.

The United States was

already up 1-0 when Agassí tooko the court, courtesy of Sampras, who beat Agassi two weeks ago for the U.S.

open title and is playing at

Sampras used a blistering

serve to score 24 aces in the

match, overcoming some

points lost on the five occa-

sions be broke strings on his

racquet to put the United

lickson, who is battling brain

cancer, watched from court-

side as the world's second-

ranked player carved out a

four-set win in businesslike

It was the first time Gul-

lickson, twin brother of U.S. coach Tom Gullickson, was

able to be with Sampras since

doctors found tumors in his brain during the Australian

"To have him here was

really special to me," Sam-

pras said. "It was really great

to hear him call me 'pistol' on

the crossovers. It was like old

Open in January.

Sampras' coach, Tim Gul-

the top of his game.

States up 1-0.

the win official.

in Las Vegas.

manding 2-0 lead after the court with his backhand and first day of the best-of-3 handled his serve easily.

"Mathematically I'm still

season were slim.

points," he said.

51.847 seconds.

Sunday.

Sampras, Agassi stake U.S.

to 2-0 lead over Sweden

### ussia

n group relegation promotion matchs

Israel 3. Slovenia ( ract advanced after & my Shorema in the fig. ony Stovenso in the fing connection, when the doctor of Collad Blook Scott Behalf downer on the Like Bone and Lanckoven S. 7-n bi Thursday, I val Rande Bount Lich to 1 to 3 to Frai Princh outling k Berne 4-6, 64, 63, 6

iwan 2. Hong Kong, anwan touch a 24 lg Hong Kong, Tang, Chia-Yen beat Ho. the by player such first match and Take player Chen Chin-just cated Hong Kong The - 3 i Pocket from (\*\*5), 40, 5

omania 2, Portugal<sub>i</sub> Comania took a 24 g er Portugal Adie mea of Romania defeat annuel Conto 62, 62 k Dinu Pescariu wing o. ar Cunha F. Sava, Pore

kings weight Bahari Mohan a points decision & anbian Sackey Shirin the losers of those he

wated stronger and b itging in hearth at ding solid punches apparently weaker on its built good pointsk. Jantamweight KalaiRe I carber opened Ium d bunt with a point of or limping Nigerhinde Aweda

in other results, S rican lightweight 5 hlalu beat Zambia's 4 mba.Fanzamum 🖟 iterweight Han Mac. tperated tome. southwest Dudio adda an light-beavyweight Rehiambo beat Canena ongo Paul, also a pe

### Liston

d, "I come all the ways Besides the socials hantom punch." Alism fence against Liston 61 embered for referee less e Walcott's mishande unt and singer Role onlet's mangling of 2 ords of the nation them.

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C. As South sumerable of d 84 785 Na5 <sup>adjd</sup> a hadding has processed
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Penske racing appealed the disqualification to Indycar Stewards, who denied the appeal. Penske then carried to matter to a three-member appeals panel, which heard three days of testi-mony this week before issuing its decision.

Penske racing argued that its

Unser has victory restored rent procedure than that used on other cars in the race. Two of the technicians who had found the car in violation at Portland passed when recreating the process for the appeals panel. But an

Indycar crew using both measur-ing methods found the car to still be in violation. The panel sided with Penske because the inspectors who cleared the Unser car during this week's hearing had used that same measuring procedure to

pass every other car at Portland. Roger Penske, who owns the team for which Unser races, said he was "pleased with the court's decision and we believe this proceeding clarified many significant issues raised as a result of the

Portland race." Kirk Russell, Indycar's vice resident of competition, said the sanctioning body was "extremely disappointed by the panel's decision but fully accept the appeals court's ruling."

The verdict had no bearing on the outcome of the driver points race, which was won by Jacques Villeneuve of Canada, with Unser finishing second.

### Saudi's Mozazae wins 2nd gold, Hsu takes first for Taiwan

JAKARTA, Indonesia (AP)
— Saad A. Mozazae of Saudi Arabia became the first multiple gold medallist in the 11th Asian athletic championship Friday while Hsu Pei-Chin won Taiwan's first gold medal in six years.

Mozazae earned his second gold with a victory in the men's 5,000-metres timed at 14 minutes and 1.43 seconds. M. Sopyev of Turkmenistan was second in 14:02.97 and Xia Fengyuan of China third in 14:07.99.

Mozazae won his first gold on Wednesday in the 5,000-metre steeplechase, bettering his own record to 8:24.08. Sopyev and Xia had already won one gold and one silver

respectively.
Hsu, a 22-year-old Taiwanese student, took the gold in the women's 400metre low hardles in 56.99 seconds. The silver went to Thai Reawadee Watanasin at

"I was tired after fighting the winds and hurdles, but in the last 100-metre, in my mind then was only to do best for the gold," said Hsu, who was collapsed after entering the finish line.

Kazakhstan with 58.88.

"I feel so happy to present the first gold in six years for my country," added Hsu, who won silver in Asian Games in Hiroshima. "Finally, a hard training and long

dream come true," added her trainer Dai Yun Lin.

It was the first gold medal for Taiwan in an international meet since 1989 when . Taiwanese athletes won golds in men's long jump and de-57.98 and Natalia Torchina of cathion events

The former Soviet Republic of Kazakhstan and China which continues to dominate the five-day event - each captured two of eight golds at stake on the third day of competition.

The first gold for Khazakstan was won by Svetlana Kazanina, who outpointed opponents in the grueling women's heptathlon with 5,728 points after winning the 800-metre run in two minutes

and 19.34 seconds. Its second came in the women's long jump when Elena Pershina reached 6.50 metres.

Chinese walker Feng Haixia won the day's first gold for China in the 10-kilometre walk, setting a new meet record of 45:58.16, breaking compatriot Gao Hingmiao's 47:08.97 set in 1993. Also surpassing the old re-

cord were silver medallist Wang Liping, also of China, bronze medallist Yuka Kamioka of Japan and Maiia Sozonova of Kazakhstan. China's second gold was

won by Li Lei in the women's javelin throw with a toss of 60.48 metres. South Korean Lee Young-Sum claimed the China's Ha Xiaoyan.

The other gold winners of the day were South Korean Lee Jin-Taek, who won the men's high jump at 2.32 metres, and Qatar's Mobarak Al Nubi, who won the men's 400-metre hurdles in 50.17 seconds.

"I feel very happy because I have promised my mother to come back with a medal," said Mobarak, whose twin brother Abdul Rahman won a bronze Thursday in men's long jump.
The 26-year-old Qatari

said his next aim is to win the world champion next year in

Lee jumped to a new

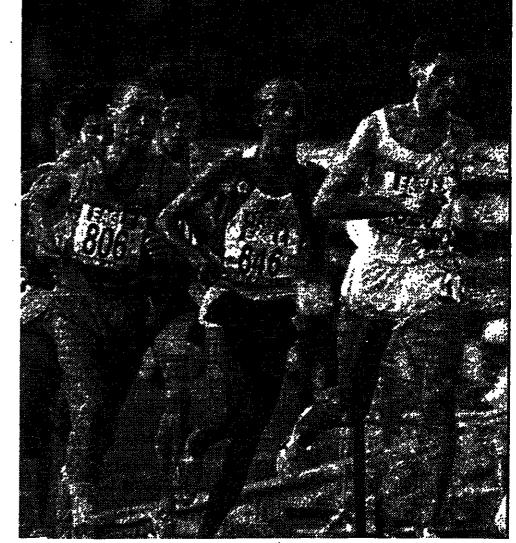
ing the mark set by China's Zhu Jianhua in Kuwait 12

vears ago. China now leads with 10 golds, five silvers and three bronzes after the third day of the championships, which run until Sunday at Jakarta's Madya Stadium.

Asia's traditional sports powers, despite challenges from six former Soviet republics - Azerbaijan, Kazakhstan, Kyrgystan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Uzbekistan - are expected to dominate at the event, which features more than 700 athletes from 37 countries.

China won 22 gold and 18 silver medals in track and field at last year's Asian championship record, break-





(right) leads the men's 5,000 metres final in Senayan stadium (Reuter photo)

Saudi Arabian runner Saad Mozazae in the 11th Asian athletic championships

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### Sri Lanka win double gold at Jakarta athletics

JAKARTA (AFP) — Sri Lanka's 19-year-old Lanka struck double gold here on Saturday in the Sosanthika Jayasinghe won the women's 200-metres in 23 she felt much fitter for the 200 than the 100, when she which landed her in a Jakarta hospital a few days ago. here on Saturday in the women's 200-metres and the 100-metres hurdles in the 11th Asian Athletic Championships, while China maintained their overall dominance with 11 golds.

seconds dead, breaking the 1993 championship record of 23:24 set by China's Chen

Zhanjing. Jayasinghe, who won silver in Friday's 100-metres, said 30 metres."

Sri Lanka's other gold was won the Shriyani Kulawanse in the 100 metres hurdles. She finished in 13:29, despite suffering the effects of

This is my most memorable career win, since I'm

ill," Kulawansa said. Azziz Matter earned Bahrain its first gold medal in the 200 metres in 20:76.

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# Storm over single currency blows EU summit off course

European Union (EU) leaders ended their informal summit Saturday caught in a storm over a future single European currency having made little progress towards their long-term goals of a single currency and closer political union.

British Prime Minister John Major sailed into the currency debate by asking if monetary union by the turn of the century was politically or economically feasible.

Mr. Major said he would be "absolutely dumbfounded" if a first wave of countries moving to a single currency by a deadline of 1999 involved a majority of EU states.

The realities of what it means and what it could do to the political and economic structure of the EU have not been examined," he warned.

"The concept of 15, 19 or 25 countries moving ahead at the same pace, the same time and with the same objectives is not politically or economi-cally credible," he added, referring to possible EU expan-

The summit was taken over by the currency row after German Finance Minister Theo Waigel said Italy had no chance of joining the first wave of states, but German Chancellor Helmut Kohl appeared on Italian television to say: "Germany does not want to exclude anybody. German Foreign Minister

defuse the row, saying: "The achievement of economic and monetary union through creation of a single European currency is still the top agenda item in European policy

The only way to avoid that

was to stick to the Maastricht

Treaty conditions, thus en-

suring the new European cur-

rency is at least as strong as the mark, Mr. Kohl said.

Felipe Gonzalez said there

could be no retreat from the Maastricht timetable. "We

cannot give up the objective

of deciding which countries

will participate in 1998 at the

Mr. Gonzalez failed to

facilitate a frank exchange of

views on the EU's basic

direction as it prepares for

momentous changes, includ-

ing single currency and en-

largement to a bloc of 25 or

more, over the next decade.

He planned a meeting with

latest," he added.

Spanish Prime Minister

"Once it was going on the until the end of the century. Mr. Waigel's remarks record, there was no chance touched a sensitive part of of any progress being made. the EU anatomy by highlight-...What we got was simply national positions being reging Germany's enormous economic influence and urgitated again," the source therefore its ability to dictate So while the summit once the terms of monetary union.

According to officials, Mr. Kohl told EU leaders Geragain exposed contradictions within the EU between those like Germany and the Be-nelux states who want closer many did not want to tighten requirements for participation in a single currency, but political ties and those, led by underlined there was a huge Britain, which believe the process has gone far enough, it did not do much to bridge political risk of the German public or parliament refusing to give up the mark. the gaps.

Mr. Major said he was "relaxed" about when an inter-governmental conference on a review of Maastricht due in spring would be wrapped up, signalling he would not allow a looming deadline to pressure Britain

but French President Jacques

Chirac insisted on having a notetaker behind him. The

result, according to a diplo-

mat, was discussion largely

over established ground.

into concessions. Belgian Prime Minister Jean-Luc Dehaene said that without further political integration, enlargement would signal the end of the EU in its current form.

Meanwhile, Mr. Chirac said he held talks with Mr. Kohl early on Saturday when they reached "complete agreement" on all nine items on their agenda.

The vision I have of the Europe of tomorrow seems

which opens on Oct. 29...

shared by all of our partners," he added. "Today most European Union members are talking along the same lines."

Although a planned boat trip of EU leaders was scrapped after a flotilla of vessels gathered to protest French nuclear tests in the South Pacific, he said other EU countries had supported his

"I was very happy with the support I received from certain of my colleagues, notably those among the oldest in our group." he added. Mr. Chirac also said that,

on the question of Paris wanting to maintain frontier checks for an extra six months despite the Schengen accords on opening borders, "everyone understands that, given problems linked to terrorism and developments in drugs trafficking, there are precautions which have to be taken which scannot be avoided."

Meanwhile, EU leaders said they did not want to do anything in Bosnia or on EU expansion which could harm relations with Russia, tradi-

tionally an ally of the Serbs. Mr. Chirac said they agreed over a U.S.-led plan for the region to split Bosnia in two and enforce a peace through NATO soldiers. However, there would also be room for Russian troops and those from Muslim countries alongside.



TENSION IN HEBRON: An Israeli soldier fends himself from Palestinian youths who are demanding the release of friends who were arrested during a day of protests in the occupied West Bank town of Hebron on Friday (see page one)

# Egyptian militant leader goes missing in Croatia

CAIRO (Agencies) — A leading Islamic militant, wanted in Egypt on charges of attempting to overthrow the government, has disappeared on a trip to Croatia, Al Hayat newspaper reported Saturday.

Egypt has long sought to get Talaat Qasem, 38, returned from Europe for trial, and his wife and supporters suggested Egypt - or the United States — could have been behind his disappear-

Mr. Qasem was found guilty and sentenced to death in absentia in a 1992 trial that grouped militants who allegedly received training in Pakistan or Afghanistan. He would have to be retried if captured.

He has been living in recent years in Denmark, where he had political asy-

His disappearance came to light after a fundamentalist group known as Islamic League of the Followers of the Book and Sunna issued a statement in London threatening revenge if Croatia does not make clear what happened to Mr. Qasem. The group suggested Egypt or the United States could have been behind his disappear-

Last January, under President Bill Clinton's antiterrorism initiative, Mr. Qasem's name was put on a list of people to whom transfer of funds are to be blocked. The initiative also froze the U.S. assets of groups the U.S. deemed used terrorism to subvert peace activities. At Mr. Qasem's request, Egyptian lawyer Abdul Halim Mandour filed a suit in Cairo to try to block Mr. Clinton's action.

Contacted Saturday, Mr. Mandour said he had not been in contact with Mr. Qasem in recent weeks and was not aware of reports of his disappearance.

The London-based Al Hayat said that Mr. Qasem's wife, Amani Farouk, said she holds Croatia "responsible for the disappearance" of her husband. She appealed to international human rights groups to intervene, saying her husband was "wanted

by political enemies. She lives in Denmark with the couple's five children and is pregnant with a sixth child, the paper said.

According to her account to Al Hayat, Mr. Qasem intended to travel to Bosnia to write a book about the war. She said he was granted a visa on Sept. 11 and left the following day to Croatia. After arriving in the capital

Zagreb, he was staying at the house of a friend when Croatian police broke in and arrested them. The friend and Mr.

Qasem's translator were freed Sept. 15, she told Al Havat.

Croatia's Foreign Ministry says that Mr. Qasem was accused of violating residence laws, was tried and convicted, paid a fine and was ordered to leave with 24 hours. The ministry says he left Croatia Sept. 18 to an "unknown destination," Ms. Farouk said.

Mr. Qasem is one of the founders of Al Gamaa Al Islamiyah, which has been blamed for much of the violence in a three-year campaign by Muslim militants to try to overthrow Egypt's secular government and replaced it with strict Islamic

A graduate in engineering from Minya University in southern Egypt, Mr. Qasem has been accused of being a spokesman for the group abroad.

Mr. Qasem was first jailed in 1981, when then-President Anwar Sadat ordered that hundreds of suspected political foes and Islamic fundamentalists be detained. After he was released in the mid-1980s, he reportedly went to Saudi Arabia and then Pakistan, Egyptian security officials say.

The officials accuse him of directing the Gamaa's activities from abroad, including acting as its overseas spokesman. They say that in recent months he visited Sudan to meet with Sheikh Hassan Tourabi, whom the Egyptians accuse of harbouring Egypt's Islamic foes.

Al Hayat quoted a statement from the Islamic League of the Followers of the Book and Sunna, reacting to the disappearance of Mr. Qasem.

#### Russian TV takes outspoken programme off the air

MOSCOW(R) - Russia's

main television channel

dropped a hard-punchine news magazine programme in a move its anchorman said was simed at stemming criticism of the government ahead of December election. "They have decided to close the programme ahead of the election because they are trying to set up a 'ministry of truth'," Sergei Dorenko who introduces Versii (Versions), charged. A spokesman for public Russian Television (ORT) which has aired Versii for six months denied that the decision to close it from October was politically motivated. Spokesman Anatoly Sosnovsky told Renters Versii was too adding: expensive, Dorenko does not want to political promake grammes." The late-night Versii, which tackles the country's hottest issues. has been particularly critical of policy on Chechenya where Russian troops have fought a bitter war with separatists. Mr. Dorenko retorted: "We have told them we are ready to finance the production ourselves. I told them 'you can have it for one rouble'," he said. "The motives behind their decision are purely political, They do not want to see (human rights activist) Sergei Kovalyov, they do not want to see democrats," Mr. Dorenko told Reuters.

#### Hold your nose, here comes man who doesn't bathe

LONDON (AP) - It may sound like a dirty way to do business, but Trevor Newton wants his cusomers to know t doesn't bathe. And, although a lot of them are pretty hot under the collar. the chief executive of Yorkshire Water PLC wants them to shun the shower and tub as well. Yorkshire Water is runningout of water because of a drought in northern England, and Mr. Newton is threatening to cut off supplies every other day if the reservoirs don't start filling up soon. "I personally haven't had a bath or shower for three months," the executive disclosed this week. Mr. Newton said he keeps his hygiene up to snuff by using a washcloth and half a bowl of hot water every day. "He's trying to lead the way and say, 'you can save water. It can be done." Yorkshire spokesman John Howe, said. With some reservois down to 13.8 per cent of their regular water supply. the company asked for government permission to cut off the water supply for all homes and businesses in the affected areas. Everybody would get 24 hours of water followed by 24 hours of no water.

#### Tutu urges easier abortion rules

South

KIMBERLEY,

Africa (AP) — Archbishop changes apartheid-erá

### Kabul says Taliban night attacks foiled

KABUL (Agencies) - The Taliban Islamic movement launched night attacks against troops loyal to Afghan President Burhanuddin Rabbani based southwest of Kabul but were repulsed with no territorial gain, an official spokesman said

"The Talibans attacked twice late Friday night, the second time with 150 men. but were pushed back, leaving two dead bodies in the field," Defence Ministry spokesman Abdullah told re-

Pro-Rabbani troops were attacked on mountain-tops near the village of Depak, which is located just seven to eight kilometres east of the Taliban-controlled provincial centre of Maidan Shahr, Abdullah said.

There are two main frontlines between the Talibans and pro-Rabbani defenders around Kabul, the most important of which is near Maidan Shahr, some 40 kilometres west of the Afghan capital.

Depak is important because it controls access to the picturesque but straight Kalandar valley, which cuts through rugged mountains to open out near Darulaman Palace in south Kabul.

"The purpose of last night's attack would have been to secure an area from which to stage further actions against Kabul," Abdullah

Mullah Abdul Qayum. alias Mullah Mishr, the Talibans military commander of Maidan Shahr, has pledged to capture Kabul by force if Mr. Rabbani and his topgun, former Defence Minister Ahmad Shah Masood, do not

Observers say the Talibans may figure it would be easier to capture Kabul via Kalandar rather than making a frontal assault up the main national highway from Maidan Shahr, where they face not only minefields but pro-Rabbani defenders in well-fortified positions backed by artillery and tanks.

Abdullah said the Talibans on Friday made use of a tactic called "shabkhun" — literally "night-blood" - a kind of night ambush without artillery backing in which the attackers crawl on their stomach to within striking distance of the enemy.

Meanwhile, in fresh fighting in northern Afghanistan, Abdullah said fighters loyal to Mr. Masood had captured some more territory from their Uzbek rival, excommunist General Abdul Rashid Dostum, around Sangcharak district of Jawzjan province.

He said in one or two days he expected two previously separate Mujahedeen fronts in Jawzjan and Balkh provinces to be able to link their forces.

(Continued on page 7)

### Algerian opposition leader to run in polls

ALGIERS (AFP) --- A leading member of a group calling for a boycott of the presidential election in Algeria later this year said Saturday that he would be a candidate in it to "interrupt the govern-

ment's proceedings."
The newly-declared candidate is Ahmad Ben Mohammad, president of the Demoteratic Muslim Jazair Party (JMC), one of the political parties making up the Rome group which has called for a boycott of the election.

Together with six other

groups and the Islamic Salvation Front (FIS), which is banned in Algeria, the JMC signed in Rome in January a 'national contract."

Last month the Rome group said it would not put forward candidates and called on Algerians not to provide potential candidates with the signatures they need.

Candidates need at least 75,000 signatures, collected in 25 of Algeria's 48 administrative districts to be elegibile. They have until Oct. 2 to gather them.

Mr. Ben Mohammad, calling for an "active boycott" of the election, said in a statement made public Saturday that he would stand in the presidential contest, the first round of which is due to be to 16.

held on Nov. 16, "without entertaining the slightest illusion as to its outcome." He said the elections would

"legitimise the government" and said it was necessary "actively to boycott the elections by taking part in them and not look on from a distance."

The boycotting parties, which include not only the FIS but the National Liberation Front (FLN), formerly the only party, and the Socialist Forces Front (FFS) want a political agreement

before any election.

Mr. Ben Mohammad said his candidacy "in no way" called into question his party's undertakings in respect of other Rome group mem-

Interior Minister Mostefa Ben Mansour has said that 36 candidates, among them outgoing President Liamine Zeroual, have indicated their intention of standing.

He said that the continuing attacks in Algeria attributed to the Armed Islamic Groups (GIA) would not prevent the election taking place.

It was also announced in Algiers that Algerian citizens living in France will be able to cast their ballots at consulates in France from Nov. 11

#### Parliament session deferred by 2 months

**NEWS IN BRIEF** 

AMMAN (J.T.) - A Royal Decree was issued Saturday postponing the regular session of the Lower House of Parliament for two months. The regular session is normally opened by His Majesty King Hussein by October 1 but the King is authorised by the Constitution to postpone the session for a maximum of two months. Observers believe that the postponement of the regular session was due to the government's pre-occupation with prepara-tions for the Middle East and North Africa economic conference,

#### Turk police catch Ocalan's brother

ANKARA (R) - Turkish police detained on Saturday the brother of the chief of the rebel Kurdish Labour Party (PKK) while trying illegally to leave western Turkey for Greece, a police spokeswoman said. "He was trying to leave the country illegally — he had no passprot and no visa — the PKK militants were trying to smuggle him out," the spokeswoman in the western port town of Izmir told Reuters by telephone. She said Mehmet Ocalan, two PKK guerrillas and his six children, were caught trying to board a privately-hired boat for Greece early on Saturday. Mr. Ocalan, brother of PKK leader Abdullah "Apo" Ocalan, was then detained and would appear in court in Izmir at a later date to explain his illegal exit attempt, she said. The spokeswoman said Mehmet Ocalan was not a guerrilla, but had links with the PKK.

#### **Babylon Arts Festival opens**

BAGHDAD (AFP) — The annual Babylon Arts Festival has opened with defiance of the United States and condemnation of the five-year-old U.N. embargo on Iraq. This gathering of over 30 countries from the four corners of the earth is the best example of the survival of the good," said Vice President Taha Yassin Ramadan on Friday night. He blamed the "vicious" embargo on "the forces of aggression, in the forefront of which comes Washington." The festival in the historic city of Babylon, 160 kilometres south of Baghdad, is to run until Oct. 6. Around 50 teams from several countries, including Japan and France, are to take part.

#### Two Libyan officials visit Mogadishu

MOGADISHU (AFP) - A two-member Libyan delegation has been visiting Mogadishu for the past two days, and has had talks with several senior aides of warlord Mohammad Farah Aideed, reliable sources here said Saturday. The purpose of their visit was not immediately clear, but General Aideed's rivals said the Libyans were here to assess economic and military needs of Gen. Aideed's self-declared "government" with a view to providing aid. Gen. Aideed's supporters declared him "interior president" in June after which he announced the formation of a "government." His opponents refused to recognise his administration. The Libyan officials, whose names were not given, on Friday had talks with Gen. Aideed's "interior minister" Mohammad Qanyare Afrah and were later Saturday expected to meet the warlord in the central town of Baidoa before leaving the country. Another threemember Libyan delegation visited Mogadishu in July and had talks with Gen. Aideed.

#### Police kill suspect in Egypt

CAIRO (AP) - Police on Saturday shot dead a suspected extremist wanted in connection with the murder of two women and a man last year. Police were attempting to arrest Fathi Abdul Qader Al Zeidy near the town of Ismaliya on the Suez Canal, but he refused to surrender and opened fire, security officials said. They said he was killed when police returned fire. The officials said Zeidy participated in anti-government activities with Muslim radicals and also engaged in crime. He was sentenced to death in absentia in 1994 for killing two women and a man during a robbery, the officials said.

#### Policeman who fired at Israelis was 'drunk'

TEL AVIV (AFP) - Palestinian police informed Israel on Saturday that one of its men was drunk when he fired at Israeli troops just outside the West Bank self-rule enclave of Jericho, the army said. Military officials said the policeman approached a checkpoint and fired at a group of soldiers for no apparent reason, without hitting anybody. Israel has lodged a protest with the Palestinian self-rule authority over the incident which took place on Friday. There was no indication if the policeman was disciplined.

### Abdul Rahman trial goes to jury in New York court NEW YORK (Agencies) —

The case against 10 people accused of plotting a bloody campaign of attacks on New York landmarks was to go to the jury Saturday as the ninemonth trial neared an end.

The lawyers for Egyptian cleric Sheikh Omar Abdul Rahman and nine others closed their arguments Friday, accusing the government of being hasty and sloppy in its investigation. Federal Judge Michael

Mukasey gave deliberation

instructions to the jurors who

were to be sequestered to avoid outside influence or distraction. Concluding closing arguments, Prosecutor Andrew McCarthy acknowledged Thursday that it was difficult

to find untainted informants

to testify. He told jurors that he wished the government could have used "pillars of the community" to testify in the case instead of a paid informant who has admitted to lying.
But he said such upstand-

ing citizens "don't get invited to kitchen conversations about mass murder and they don't build bombs in dark Sheikh Abdul Rahman, a

57-year-old blind cleric who heads a fundamentalist Islamic movement, is on trial with nine others on charges of plotting to blow up major New york sites such as the World Trade Centre and United Nations headquarters. The attacks were also

allegedly to include the busy Lincoln and Holland tunnels which cross under the Hudson River to the island of Manhattan as well as George Washington Bridge.

The prosecution has charged that the attacks which were to be carried out in a single day in 1993 were an effort to pressure Washington on Middle East policy.

Four men allegedly linked to the sheikh were sentenced to life in jail in connection with the Feb. 26, 1993 World Trade Centre bombing, which killed six people and injured more than 1,000. None of the defendants has

been charged with that

attack, but prosecutors

argued that it was part of their terrorist campaign.
The government is seeking a conspiracy conviction using rarely used law passed during the civil war and is thus not required to show that the defendants committed acts of terrorism, but engaged in a

seditious conspiracy. Lynne Stewart, Sheikh Abdul Rahman's chief lawyer, has described the cleric "as a man of God" who was merely exercising his right to free speech as a religious leader.

The defence team also sought to discredit the principal prosecution witness, Emad Ahmad Salem, an informant that defence attorneys contend set a trap for their clients.

The jury was not expected to begin sifting through hundreds of exhibits and recalling the testimony of more than 200 witnesses until later in the day, after hearing Judge Mukasey read his 200page legal road map.
The 1990 assassination of Rabbi Meir Kahane and a plot to kill Egyptian Presi-dent Hosni Mubarak are also part of what prosecutors cal-led a war of urban terrorism by militants in the United States.

On Friday, tempers rose among lawyers as they bickered about each other's tac-

One defence lawyer, Valerie Amsterdam, asked for a mistrial late Thursday and again Friday because she thought she was singled out by prosecutors. Defence lawyers portrayed

the government as hasty and sloppy in its investigation that produced videotapes, audiotapes and photographs of defendants allegedly conspir-Prosecutors said the de-

fence was distorting the evi-

dence in an attempt to blur the facts to a jury that has watched the case develop over the last nine months. Ms. Amsterdam, who represents defendant Fares Khallafalla, said she took it personally when Mr. McCarthy called her a liar during summations Thursday.

She accused Mr. McCarthy of singling her out because she questioned evidence that he handled during the investigative phase of the case. 'I believe Mr. McCarthy's

involvement in the investigation of this case and his concern about his personal conduct in the investigation of the case led to the emphatic personal, violent attack that I incurred yesterday, including a five-hour rebuttal outof an eight-hour rebuttal aimed only my client and me."

would endure the cutoffs.

About 160,000 water cus-

tomers, or 384,000 people,

of Cape Town Desmond Tutu urged the Anglican Church to support legal changes making abortion easier for women in South Africa. "I would hope that the woman seeking an abortion would receive counselling, for it is not just a personal and individual matter," Arch. Turn said. The foetus is not 2 tooth." Arch. Tutu spoke at the opening of a provincial synod in this diamond mining city that is to debate abortion, a burning topic as South Africa